

HIL/SAM/MOEF/219/5/2016

09.11.2016.

To.

The Addl. Principal Chief Conservator of Forest (Central), MoEF Regional Office (Western Zone)

Kendriya Paryavaran Bhawan,Link Road-3, Ravisankar Nagar Bhopal-462016 (M P)

Sub:- Status of compliance of EC condition (Half yearly status of compliance report) of Samri Bauxite Mine(Lease area- 2146.746 Ha.) of Hindalco Industries Limited of Chhattisgarh state from April-2016 to September-2016.

Ref No:- Environment Člearance Letter No-J-11015/353/2007-IA. II(M) dated July27,2007

Dear Sir,

We do herewith submit half yearly status of EC compliance report from Apr-2016 to Sept-2016 of Samri Bauxite Mine, Lease area -2146.746 Ha, of Hindalco Industries Limited P.O- Kusmi, Dist- Balrampur-Ramanujganj, Chhattisgarh state, PIN-497224.

We assure that we comply all the conditions laid down in the consent letter and also abide to follow all the Rules and Regulations.

Thanking you,

Yours' faithfully

For, Hindalco Industries Limited

(M. K. Nayak) Agent of Mines

Encl:-

- 1. Half Yearly Status of compliance of Environment condition as annexure-I.
- 2. Copy of Diversion of Revenue Forest Land enclosed as annexure -II.
- 3. Environment Status Report from July-2016 to September-2016, enclosed as annexure -III
- 4. Renewal copy of Consent to Operate from CECB enclosed as annexure -IV
- 5. Yearly Production report enclosed as annx-V.
- 6. Stàtus report of mined out, reclaimed and afforestated land as annexure-VI.
- Actual expenditure incurred in protection of environment from April-2016 to September-2016 as annx-VII.

E-mail

Corporate Identity No. - L27020MH1958LC011238

Status of Compliance from April-2016 to September-2016 of Environmental Condition laid down by MOEF

Samri Bauxite Mine

The status of compliance of the conditions (as per point no.4) with reference to, environment clearance letter no.J-11015/353/2007-IA. II(M) dated 27.07.07 of Ministry of Environment & Forests, New Delhi, to maintain production capacity of Samri Bauxite Mine is as under.

A Specific condition:-

- (i) The wild life management plan has been approved.- Annexure-A
- (ii) We accept the condition.
- (iii) The conservation plan for schedule I fauna have been prepared and approved. Annexure-B
- (iv) The report has been submitted to ministry. The rehabilitation of land ousters are not involved in the project.
- (v) Top soil and solid waste is being utilized for simultaneous back filling of mined out area for reclamation purpose and practice is followed.
- (vi) OB is being stacked at earmark location and slope of dump is maintained less than 28 degree/ concurrently reclaimed in the mined out area. All protective measure such as reclaiming walls, bunds are being taken to prevent erosion of soil.
- (vii) Garland drains have been made around the active mining pits coupled with arrester to arrest silt from soil and dumps are maintained.
- (viii) The slope of bench as per provision of approved mining scheme is being maintained.
- (ix) Wet drilling and dust extractors are being used during drilling operations.
- (x) The plantation in reclaimed area is carried out as per plan and being carried out as suggested. The density is being maintained about 2500 plant per hectare with the species like Karanj, accasia, mango, babul, Pears, Jamun, Amla & guava etc. Social forestry is also being encouraged among the local villagers.

The ground water table does not intersect our mining operation because of shallow depth of mining.

- (xi) Regular monitoring of ground water quality is being carried out. The analysis reports are being submitted to Regional Office, CECB, Ambikapur.
- (xii) If required, the permission will be taken from competent authority.
- (xiii) Regular and periodic maintenance of HEMM is being carried out for control of vehicular emission in mines area. The bauxite ore are transported in trucks with tarpaulin cover.
- (xiv) We accept the condition.

(B) General Condition.

- (i) No change in mining technology and scope of working will be done without approval of MOEF New Delhi.
- (ii) Calendar plan will be followed and there will not be any change in calendar plan.
- (iii) The suggestion of local forest department will be implemented for conservation of flora and fauna in and around lease hold area.
- (iv) Ambient Air quality monitoring is being carried out as per guideline and will be followed.
- (v) Data of ambient air quality (RPM, SPM, SO2, Nox) are being submitted to CECB and will be submitted as per guidelines.
- (vi) Fugitive dust emission from generating sources is being controlled. The dust extractor, wet drilling, regular water spraying with 12 KL water tanker in the mine lease hold area is being carried out regularly.
- (vii) The noise level in working area being maintained below the limit prescribed and will be maintained. The operators of HEMM are being provided earplug/muffs. The proper maintenance of HEMM is being carried out to control noise emission
- (viii) No waste water is generated from the mine however as suggested measures will be taken if required.

- (ix) All workers have provided personal protective equipment and training are also being imparted to them for safety & health in our Group vocational training centre Samri and will be continued as per guidelines.
- (x) Periodical and Initial medical examination of all workers are being carried out as per provision of Mines Act.
- (xi) Environment cell is already in place at Samri Mines Division headed by GM (Mines) and comprises of suitable qualified persons.
- (xii) In case of final closure of mine the information will be submitted to Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Bhopal.
- (xiii) Adequate fund provision is already earmarked for environmental protection measures and will not be diverted to other purpose. The year wise expenditure will be submitted to concern authorities as per guidelines.
- (xiv) The same information is being intimated to Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Bhopal.
- (xv) All cooperation is being extended to regulatory authorities and will be extended as earlier.
- (xvi) Although no suggestion/representation has been received by any Panchayat/Local NGO while processing the proposal. However we have forwarded the copy of clearance letter to Panchayat in our area. The copy of same has been already submitted to your good office.
- (xvii) The copy has been displayed by CECB in Balrampur Collectorate.
- (xviii) The information regarding environment clearance has been published in two local new papers namely Hari Bhumi & Ambika Vani. The copy of same has been already submitted to your good office.

Hope the above compliance will be found in order.

Yours truly,

(Far Hindalco Industries Limited)

(M K Nayak)
Agent of Mines.

Encl. As Above

Samri Mines Division
Hindaico Industries Ltd.

क्रायांलय प्रधान मुख्य वन संरक्षक (वन्यप्राणी प्रबंधन एवं जैव विविधता संरक्षण सह मुख्य वन्यप्राणी अभिरक्षक),छत्तीसगढ़

अरण्य गवन, मेडिकल कॉलेज रोड, रायपुर

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(Ph.0771-2552228, Fax 0771-2552227)

क्रमांक/ब.प्रा./प्रयंध-12/13/2967

रायपुर दिनांक ० ४ /४० / २०१३

प्रति

संचालक. इन्वायरनमेंट क्लीयरेंश सेल भारत सरकार. वन एवं पर्यावरण मंत्रालय. पर्यावरण मवन, सी.जी.ओ. काम्प्लेक्स. लोधी रोड, नई दिल्ली—111003

विषय:- छत्तीसगढ़ के बलरामपुर जिले (तत्कालीन सरगुजा जिला) में स्थित सामरी बॉक्साईट गाईन्स, कुदाग बॉक्साईट माईन्स एवं टाटीझरिया बॉक्साईट माईन्स की क्षमता बढ़ाये हेतु ईन्दायरमेंट क्लीयरेंसं।

संदर्भ:— 1. पर्यावरण व दन मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार का पत्र क्रमांक J-11015/353/2007-IA.II(M) दिनांक 27 जुलाई 2007.

2. पर्यावरण व वन मंत्रालय, मारत सरकार का पत्र क्रमांक J-11015/327/2007-IA.II(M) दिनांक 27 जुलाई 2007.

पर्यावरण वे दन मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार का पत्र क्रमांक J-11015/337/2007-IA.II(M) दिनांक ९ अगस्त 2007.

कृपया आपके उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्रों का अवलोकन करने का कष्ट करें। जिसके द्वारा बलरामपुर जिले (पुराने सरगुजा जिले) के सामरी बॉक्साईट खुली खदान (1 LTPA) की क्षमता बढ़ाकर (SLTPA) करने, कुदाग बॉक्साईट खदान (0.4 LTPA) की क्षमता बढ़ाकर (0.6 LTPA) करने तथा टाटीझिरिया बॉक्साईट खदान (0.5 TPA) की क्षमता बढ़ाकर (4 TPA) करने के परियोजना प्रस्ताव के संबंध में वन्य प्राणी (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1972 के तहत अनुसूची—1 के बन्यप्राणियों कि वन्य प्राणी संरक्षण व प्रबंधन योजना तैयार की जाकर इस कार्यालय की सहनति दिये जाने का लेख किया है।

विषयांकित परियोजना हेतु खदान के लीज के अनुबंध दिसंबर 1996 एवं जून 1998 में हस्ताक्षरित हुये थे। सामरी क्षेत्र में भारत सरकार पर्यावरण व वन मंत्रालय के आदेश क्रमांक J-11015/353/2007-IA.II/M दिनांक 27 जुलाई. 2007 द्वारा 2146.746 हे. में. कुदाग क्षेत्र में भारत सरकार पर्यावरण व वन मंत्रालय आदेश क्रमांक J-11015/354/2007-IA.II/M दिनांक 27 जुलाई 2007 द्वारा 377.116 हे. में, तथा टाटींझरिया में भारत सरकार पर्यावरण व वन मंत्रालय के आदेश क्रमांक J-11015/337/2007-IA.II/M दिनांक 9 अगस्त 2007 द्वारा 1218.762 हे. में वॉक्साईट खननं की स्वीकृति प्राप्त कर संस्था द्वारा खनन का कार्य किया जा रहा है।

वन्यान प्रकार म उपरावत स्वीकृत सादानों की क्षमता सामरी के लिये 1.0 LPTA से बढ़ाकर 5.0 LPTA किया जाना पूर्वाम के लिये 0.4 LPTA के कड़ाकर 0.6 LPTA किया जाना एवं टाटीझरिया के लिये 50 000 1PA से बढ़ाकर 4,00,000 TPA किया जाना प्रस्तावित है। भारत सरकार पर्यावरण व वन म मानम के द्वारा उपरावत वृद्धि हेतु प्रथम घरण की स्वीकृति कमशा आदेश क्रमांक 1.11015/353/2007-IA.II/M दिनांक 27 जुलाई 2007, J-11015/354/2007-IA.II/M दिनांक 27 जुलाई 2007, पर्य 1.11015/337/2007-IA.II/M दिनांक 9 अगस्त 2007 हारा कुछ शतों के साथ दी गई है. जिसमें एक महत्वपूण शर्त यह भी उल्लेखित है कि संबंधित क्षेत्र में वन्य प्राणी (संस्थण) अधिनियम कं शेड्यूल 1 के पाये जाने वाले वन्य प्राणियों के संरक्षण हेतु प्रबंध योजना तैयार की जाकर राज्य के मुख्य वन्य जीव अभिरक्षक के अभिमत सहित प्रस्तुत किया जाये। जिसके पालन में संस्था हारा एक वन्य प्राणी संरक्षण योजना तैयार की गयी है।

- खनन क्षमता बढ़ाने से संबंधित प्रस्तावित तीनों ही परियोजनाओं के एक दूसरे सं 4 कि.मी. की परिधि में रिथत होने एवं सभी के वफर क्षेत्र ओवरलैपिंग होने के कारण सभी के लिये संयुक्त रूप सं वन्य प्राणी संरक्षण व प्रवंधन योजना तैयार की जाकर महाप्रवंधक (खादान), हिन्डालको इन्डरिट्रीज के पत्र क्रमांक HIL/SAM/300/2013 दिनाक 2.03.2013 द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया है जिसका समग्र रूप से परीक्षण किया गया। प्रस्तावित परियोजनाओं के कोर क्षेत्र से 10 कि.मी. की परिधि में आने वाले ओवरलैपिंग वफर क्षेत्र में वन्य प्राणियों एवं उपलब्ध वनस्पतियों का सर्वे किया जाकर पाये गये स्पेसिज को परियोजना प्रस्ताव में अनेक्सर-4 के में उत्लेखित किया गया है।
- उल्लेखित सूचि में वन्य प्राणी (संरक्षण) अधिनियम के शेड्यूल 1 के वन्य प्राणी नहीं पाये गये हैं। परंत् इस कार्यालय द्वारा वन संरक्षक (वन्य प्राणी), सरगुजा से विगत दस वर्षों में वन्य प्राणियों द्वारा की गई क्षति की जानकारी चाही गयी। वन संरक्षक ने अपने पत्र क्रमांक 749 दिनांक 24.05.2012 से यह जानकारी उपलब्ध कराया है कि उस्त क्षेत्र में हाथियों का वर्ष 2005 में दो बार, वर्ष 2006 में आठ बार, 2007 में एक बार, 2008 में दो बार, 2009 में सात बार आना जाना हुआ है। इसी प्रकार भानुओं के द्वारा वर्ष 2007—08 में आह, वर्ष 2008—09 में पाँच, वर्ष 2009—10 में छः एवं 2010—11 में 4 जनहानि व जनघायल के प्रकरण तथा वर्ष 2007—08 तथा 2008—09 में तेंदुआ द्वारा पशु हानि के दो प्रकरण तथा लकड़बन्धं के कारण एक प्रकरण दर्ज किये गये हैं। इस प्रकार वन्य प्राणी (संरक्षण) अधिनियन के शेंड्यूल १ के उपरोक्त उल्लेखित वन्य प्राणियों के परियोजना क्षेत्र में आने जाने के प्रमाण पाये गये है। प्रस्तावित क्षेत्र से 6 से 7 कि.मी.की टूरी पर झारखंड राज्य में मेड़िया अभ्यारण्य भी स्थापित हैं। अतः संस्था द्वारा दस वर्षों के लिये वन्य प्राणी संरक्षण व प्रबंध योजना श्री पी. के. सेन पूर्व वन्य प्राणी अभिरक्षक, झारखंड से तैयार कराया जाकर प्रस्तुत किया गया है। जिसका समग्र व विस्तृत अध्ययन कियो गया। प्रवंधन योजना में प्रस्तावित प्रबंधन संबंधित मुख्य गतिविधियों का विवरण निम्नानुसार है। योजना में वन्य प्राणियों के लिये जलग्रहण क्षेत्र विकास, रहवास-विकास, पेयजल व्यवस्था, विभाग के क्षेत्रीय अमले के सहयोग से क्षेत्र में पेट्रोलिंग व मॉनिटरिंग, अग्नि सुरक्षा, ईको विकास की गतिविधियाँ, रथानीय प्रामीणों के लिये आजीविका जृजन, टीकाक्रण, जनजागृति कार्यकन जेंसी गतिविधियों का



मगानण करते हुमै 04 वर्षों के लिये राणि उपये 160 लाख प्रावधानित की गयी है। जिसका क्रियान्वयन वन विभाग के द्वारा किया जायेगा। प्रस्ताव में प्रावधानित बजट का विवरण निस्तानुसार है :-

	The second secon							
51	1	1	Cost for F	our years	(Rs. In la	khs)	Remarks	-
Ni		1 1	7"	3'.1	a th	Total		1
		Year	Year	Year	Year		<i>i</i>	
1 i	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		5.00	5.00	5.00	20.00		-
	moisture Conservation works as			i			*	1
İ	per norms of forest department				1			1
ļ	surrounding the lease hold			i	1		*	1
1 2	, and the second second		2.00	2.00	2.00	8.00	1	7
	forest Land and cut back in rooted				-		1	į
	waste							
3	8		2.50	2.50	2.50	10.00		-
	unwanted species in buffer Zone							1
	area, Fire Protection work including		Ī					i
	wages for fire watchman, Creation		-		į		seestes a see s	-
	of Fire line etc. surrounding lease	C. Warren						1
	hold and in buffer area.							1
4	Monitoring - One Staff of forest	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	12.00	1	1
1	department to monitor movement			,				
i	of wild life, encroachment, illicit	1	1	1	-		(0.00 to 100 to	1
	cutting, posching, fire etc. including			1				1
	Salary of 1 staff							į
5	Construction of water holes, their	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	40.00	1	-
	maintenance and patrolling (One				1.0.00	1		1
	per Annum)	1	†		Ì			i
-6	Eco-development activities like	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	20.00		-
	poultry, piggery, bee keeping etc.	1		3.00	2.00	20,00		į
		1				1	1	1
7	Vocational Training to weaker	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	12.00		į
	section, females, old persons and			-				į
	minors of the surrounding villages		1	Ì				ì
	in three centre in the buffer Zone	d d	į					1
	of the mining lease @ 50000/- per	*		1		1		1
-	centre.					1		1
8	Veterinary camp for immunization	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	8.00		1
	of Cattle with the help of block							
	veterinary sataff.		1	1		1		100
9	Awareness Programme including	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	10.00		1
578	Signages, distribution of Pamphlets					9		į
	related to wild life conservation					e e		1
	etc		1					
1.0	Provision for conservation of	20,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	The amount is to	1
	Biodiversity among flora and fauna					_	be deposited in the	-
	of the area & Preparation of						account of	
	Biodiversity register						Biodiversity Board	1
						*	as this work is to	1
							be done by Bio	1
	No. 17 kg						diversity	
							managemen	
	1						- committees	
	1						(BIVIC's)	
	Total	55.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	160.00		1

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- ा यक्षणा यक्षण पानना के लागत रू 160 00 साल वर्तनान दरों पर हैं, परियोजना में देश होने से यह लागत न हो। जिन्दा प्रार्थित इन्द्र होता के दिसाय से दृष्टि होगी। परियोजना के कियान्वयन के समय जो भी लागत आयंभी वह पारणना प्रस्तावका का वन विभोग में एकगुश्त जमा करानी हागी। जिससे मूल्य वृद्धि के प्रभाव को समाप्त किया जा करता कर विभाग एकमुश्त जमा की गई रहित से क्यप्राणी संरक्षण योजना कियान्वित करेगा।
- प्रमुक्तीयल वन्यप्राणी संरक्षण योजना की एक प्रति संलग्न प्रेषित हैं। कृषया वन्यप्राणी संरक्षण योजना में प्रावधानित राशि स. 160,00 लाख एकमुश्त जना कराने हेतु परियोजना प्रस्तावकों को आदेशित करने का कष्ट करें।

संलग्न:-उपरोक्तानुसारं।

(रामप्रकाश) अ/7/13

प्रवान मुख्य वन संरक्षक (वन्यप्राणी)

छत्तीसगढ, रायपुर

रायपुर दिनांक 07/10/2013

पृष्टां क्रमांक/व.प्रा./प्रवध-12/13/ 2,968.

प्रतिलिपि :--

- प्रमुख सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, वन दिमाग, महानदी मंत्रालय भवन, नया रायपुर की आर भय योजना की प्रति सहित सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।
- 2. श्री एम. के नायक, जी. एम. माइन्स हिन्डालको ईन्डस्ट्रीज लिमिटेड, सामरी बॉक्लाईट माईन्स, पोस्ट-कुसमी, जिला-सरगुजा, छत्तीसगढ़ की ओर मय योजना की प्रति सहित सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

प्रधान मुख्य वन संरक्षक (वन्यप्राणी) अ १ १ । ? छत्तीसगढ़, रायपुर

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Agent of Mines
Samri Mines Division
Hindsico Industries Ltd.

Annexure-6
Details of Flora and Fauna

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ANNEXURE-6 DETAILS OF FLORA & FAUNA

TABLE-1 DETAILS OF DOMINANT PLANT SPECIES IN MINE LEASE AREA (CORE ZONE)

Name of the plant Species	Local Name	Family
Butea monosperma	Palas	Fabaceae
Acacia Arabica	Babul	Mimosaceae
Leucena leucophioe	Sabubal	Mimosacaae
Mangifera indica	Aam	Anacardiaceae
Citrus lemon	Nimbu	Rutaceae
Emblica officinalis	Amla	Euphorbiaceae
Ficus hispida	Jungli anjir	Moraceae
Spondlas cythera	Kathjamun	Myrtaceae
Terminalia catapa	Badam	Combretaceae
Apluda mutica	Grass	Poaceae
Chloris dolichosta	Grass	Poaceae
Dichanthium annulatum	Grass	Poaceae
Inpurta cylendrica	Grass	Poaceae
Themeda quadrivalvis	Grass	Poaceae
Aristida adscensionsis	Grass	Poaceae
Eragrostis biferia	Grass	Poaceae
Eragrostis tenella	Grass	Poaceae .
Setaria glauca	Grass	Cyperaceae
Thysanolaena maxima	Grass	Graminae
Parthenium hysterophorus	Congress grass	Compositae
Cassla tora -	-	Caesalpinaceae
Delonix regia	Kachnar	Caesalpinaceae
Dalbergia Sissoo	Sisoo	Caesalpinaceae

TABLE-2 FLORA/VEGETATION IN STUDY AREA (BUFFER ZONE)

Sr. No.	Technical Name	Family	. Life Form
I. Agricu	Itural Crops		140
1	Hordium vulgare	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
2	Sorghum vulgare	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
3	Tritlcum vulgare	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
4	Zea mays	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
5	Oryza sativa	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
6	Pennisetum typhoideum	Poaceae *	Hemicryptophyte
II. Comn	nercial Crops (including Veget	ables)	
7	Abelomoschus indicus	Malvaceae	Therophyte
8	Alllum cepa	Liliaceae	Geophyte
9	Alllum sativum	Liliaceae	Geophyte
10	Annona squamosa	Annonaceae	Phanerophyte
11	Arachis hypogia	Fabaceae	Geophyte
12	Catharanthes pusillus	Compositae	Therophyte
13	Cicer arietinum	Fabaceae	Hemicryptophyte
14	Citrus lemon	Ruataceae	Therophyte
15	Colacasia esculenta	Areaceae	Geophyte
16	Coreandrum sativum	Umbelliferae	Hemicryptophyte
17	Daucus carota	Umbelliferae	Geophyte
18	Lycoperalcum esculentus	Solanaceae	Therophyte
19	Mangifera Indica	Anacardiaceae	Phanerophyte
20	Memordia charantia	Cucurbitaceae	Therophyte
21 .	Pisum sativum	Fabaceae	Therophyte
22	Psidlum guava	Myrtaceae	Phanerophyte
23	Solanum tuberosum	Solanaceae	Geophyte
24	Litchi chinensis	Sapindaceae	Phanerophyte
III. Plant	atlons		
25	Bauhinia cormbosa	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
26	Acacia nilotica	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
27	Albizia lebbeck	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
28	Albizia odorattissima	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
29	Albizia procera	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte

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Sr. No.	Azadirachta indica	Family Meliaceae	Life Form
31	Bauhinia variegate	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
32	Bauhinia purpuria		Phanerophyte
33	Bambusa arundanaceae	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
34	Butea monosperma	Poaceae Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
35	Butea frondosa		Phanerophyte
36	Eucalyptus sp	Caesalpinaceae Myrtaceae	Phanerophyte
37	Delonix regia	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
38	Leucena ieucophloe	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte Phanerophyte
	ral Vegetation/Forest Type	Caesaipinaceae	Priarieropriyte
39	Abrus precatorius	Fabaceae	Therophyte
40	Abutilon indicum	Malvaceae	Phanerophyte
41	Acacia Arabica	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
42	Acacia auriculiformis	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
43	Acacia catechu	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
44	Acacia intinsia	Mimosaceae	Phaneophyte
45	Acacia fernacea	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
46	Acacia leucophloe	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
47	Acalypha lanceolata	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
48	Acanthospermum hispidum	Compositae	Therophyte
49	Achyranthes aspera	Amaranthaceae	Therophyte
50	Adathoda vasica	Acanthaceae	Therophyte
51	Adina cordifolia	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
52	Aegle marmelos	Rutaceae	Phanerophyte
53	Aerva lanata	Compositae	Phanerophyte
54	Ageratum conyzoides	Compositae	Therophyte
55	Ailanthes excela	Simaroubaceae	Phanerophyte
56	Alangium salivus	Alangiceae	Phanerophyte
57	Albizia odoratissima	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
58	Albizia procera	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
59	Alstonia scholaris	Apocyanaceae	Phanerophyte
60	Alternanthera sessilis	Amaranthaceae	Therophyte
61	Alysicarpus hamosus	Fabaceae	Therophyte
62	Anogeissus latifolia	Combretaceae	Phanerophyte
63	Anogeissus serica	Combretaceae	Phanerophyte
64	Argemone mexicana	Papevaraceae	Phanerophyte
65	Azadirachta indica	Meliaceae	Phanerophyte
66	Barleria prionoites	Acanthaceae	Therophyte
67	Bidens biternata	Compositae	Therophyte
68	Blepharis asperima	Acanthaceae	Phanerophyte
69	Blepharis madaraspatens	Acanthaceae	Therophyte
70	Blumea lacera *	Compositae	Therophyte
71	Boerheavia chinensis	Nycataginaceae	Therophyte
72	Boerheavia diffusa	Nyctaginaceae	Therophyte
73	Bombax ceiba	Bombacaceae	Phanerophyte
74	Borreria hispida	Rubiaceae	Therophyte
75	Borreria stricta	Rubiaceae	Therophyte
76	Boswellia serrata	Burseraceae	Phanerophyte
77	Brassica camprestris	Cruciferae	Therophyte
78	Bridelia retusa	Euphorbiaceae	Phanerophyte
79	Bridelia superba	Euphorbiaceae	Phanerophyte
80	Caesalpina pulcherima	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
81	Calotropis procera	Asclipiadaceae	Phanerophyte
82	Canthium diddynum	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
83	Capparis aphylla	Capparidaceae	Therophyte
84	Capparis deciduas	Capparidaceae	Phanerophyte
85	Carissa carandus	Apocyanaceae	Phanerophyte
86'	Carissa spinarium	Apocyanaceae	Phanerophyte
87	Casearia graveolens	Samydiaceae	Phanerophyte
88	Cassia absus	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
89	Cassia absus	Caesalpinaceae	Therophyte
90	Cassia auriculata	Caesalpinaceae	Therophyte
91	Cassia occidentalis	Caesalpinaceae	Therophyte
92	Cassia tora	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
93	Cestrum diurnum	Rubiaceae	Theophyte
94	Cestrum noctrunum	Rubiaceae	Therophyte

Sr. No.	Technical Name	Family	Life Form
95	Chloris varigata	Poaceae	Therophyte
96	Cissus quadrangularis	Vitaceae	Therophyte
97	Citrus limon	Rutaceae	Phanerophyte
98	Cleome gynandra	Capparidaceae	Therophyte
99	Combretum ovalifolium	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
100	Cordia myxa	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
101	Crotalaria medicagenia	Fabaceae	Therophyte
102	Croton bonplandinum	Amaryllidaceae	Therophyte
103	Cuscuta reflexa	Cuscutaceae	Epiphyte
104	Datura fastulosa	Solanaceae	Therophyte
105	Datura metal	Solanaceae	Therophyte
106	Desmodium triflorum	Asclepiadaceae	Therophyte
107	Diospyros melanoxylon	Lythraceae	Phanerophyte
108	Diospyros Montana	Lythraceae	Phanerophyte
109	Echinops echinatus	Compositae	Therophyte
110	Eclipta prostrate	Compositae	Hemicryptophyte
111	Emblica officinale	Euphorbiaceae	Phanerophyte
112	Emilia lajerium	Compositae'	Hemicryptophyte
113	Erythrina indica	Papillionaceae	Phanerophyte
114	Euphorbia geniculata	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
115	Euphorbia hirta	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
116	Euphorbia hyperocifolia	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
117	Euphorbia neruri	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
118	Euphorbla nivula	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
119	Euphorbia piluliflora	Euphorbiaceae	Hemicryptophyte
120	Euphorbia tricauli	Euphorbiaceae	Hemicryptophyte
121	Evolvulus alsinoides	Convolvulaceae	Therophyte
122	Evolvulus numalaris	Convolvulaceae	Therophyte
123	Feronia elephantum	Rutaceae	
124	Ficus benghalensis	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
125	Flcus carlca	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
126	Fiçus glomerata	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
127	Ficus hispida	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
128	Ficus racemosus	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
129	Flcus relisiosa	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
130	Ficvus gibbosa	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
131	Gardenia latifolia		Phanerophyte
132	Gardenia lucida	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
133	Garuga pinnata	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
134	Glossocardia bosvellia	Burseraceae	Phanerophyte
135	Gmelina arborea	Compositae	Hemicryptophyte
136		Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
137	Gomphrena globosa	Amaranthaceae	Therophyte
138	Gossyplum herbaceum	Malvaceae	Therophyte
Charles on the Control of the Contro	Grewla abutifolia	Tiliaceae	Phanerophyte ***
139	Grewla salivifolia	Tiliaceae	Phanerophyte
140	Grewla sublnaqualis	Tiliaceae	Phanerophyte
141	Gynandropis gynandra	Capparidaceae	Hemicryptophyte
142	Helictris isora	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
143	Heliotropium Indicum	Rubiaceae	Hemicryptophyte
144	Helitropium ovalifolium	Rubiaceae	Hemicryptophyte
145	Hemldesmus indicus	Asclepiadaceae	Phanerophyte
146	Hibsicus caesus	Malvaceae	Hemicryptophyte
147	Holarrhena antidycenterica	Asclepiadaceae	Phanerophyte
148	Holostemma annularia	Aslepiadaceae	Phanerophyte
149	Hygrophylla auriculata	Acanthaceae	Hemicryptophyte
150	Hyptis suavalens	Labiata e	Therophyte
151	Ichnocarpus frutens	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
152	Impatiens balasamania	Balsaminaceae	Therophyte
153	Indigofera hirsute	Caesalpinaceae	Therophyte
154	Indigofera limnacea	Caesalpinaceae	Therophyte
155	Indigofera tinctoria	Caesalpinaceae	Therophyte
156	Ipomea aquatica	Convolvulaceae	Hydrophyte
157	Ipomea coccinea	Convolvulaceae	Therophyte
158	Ipomea tuba	Convolvulaceae	Hemicryptophyte
159	Ixora arborea	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte '
160	Ixora parviflora	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte

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r. No.	Technical Name	Family	Life Form
161	Ixora singapuriens	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
162	Jasmimum arborens	Oleaceae	Phanerophyte
163	Jatropha gossypifolia	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
164	Jussiaea suffraticosa	Onagraceae	Hydrophyte
165•	Justia diffusa	Acanthaceae	Therophyte
166	Justicia diffusa *	Acanthaceae	Therophyte
167	Lactuca punctata	Compositae	Therophyte
168	Lannea coramandalica	Anacardiaceae	Phanerophyte
169	Lannea grandis	Anacardiaceae	Phanerophyte
170	Lannea procumbens	Anacardiaceae	Therophyte
171	Lantana camara	Verbinacaee	Phanerophyte
172	Lawsonia inermis	Lythraceae	Phanerophyte
173	Lepidogathis cristata	Acanthaceae	Therophyte
174	Leptodenia reticulate	Asclepiadaceae	Phanerophyte
175	Leucas aspera	Labiatae	Therophyte
176	Leucas longifolia	Labiatae	Therophyte
177	Leucas longifolia	Labiatae	Therophyte
178	Leucena leucophloe	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
179	Linderbergia indica	Scrophulariaceae	Therophyte
180	Lindernbergia ciliate	Scrophulariaceae	Therophyte
181	Lophophora tridinatus	Scrophulariaceae	Geophyte
182	Luffa acutangularia	Cucurbitaceae	Therophyte
183	Lycopersicum esculentus	Solanaceae	Therophyte
184	Madhuca latifolia	Sapotaceae	Phanerophyte ' -
185	Mallotus philippinus	Euphorbiaceae	Phanerophyte
186	Malvastrum coramandalicum	Malvaceae	Therophyte
187	Mangifera indica	Anacardiaceae	Phanerophyte
188	Marselia quadrifolia	Marseliaceae	Phanerophyte
189	Melia azadirachta	Meliaceae	Phanerophyte
190	Memordica diocea	Cucurbitaceae	Therophyte
191	Merremia emerginata	Convolvulaceae	Therophyte
192	Michaelia champaca	Annonaceae	Phanerophyte
193	Millingtonia hartensis	Bignoniaceae	Phanerophyte
194	Mimosa hamata	Mimosaceae	Therophyte
195	Mitragyna parviflora	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
196	Mollugo cerviana	Aizoaceae	Therophyte
197	Mollugo hirta	Aizoaceae	Therophyte
198	Moringa oleifera	Moringaceae	*Phanerophyte
199	Morus alba	Moraceae	Phanerophyte
200	Mucuna prurita	Papillionaceae	Hemicryptophyte
201	Murraya exotica	Rutaceae	Phanerophyte
202	Murraya koenigii	Rutaceae	Phanerophyte
203	Musa paradisica	Musaceae	Therophyte
204	Nymphia sp	Magnoliaceae	Hydrophyte
205	Ocimum americanum	Labiatae	Therophyte
206	Ocimum basillum	Labiatae	Therophyte
207	Ocimum canum	Labiatae	Therophyte
208	Ocimum sanctum	Labiatae	Therophyte '
209	Oldenlandia umbellate	Convolvulaceae	Therophyte
210	Oldenlandiua corymbosa	Rubiaceae	Therophyte
211	Oogeinia oojensis	Papillionaceae	Phanerophyte
212	Opuntia dillinii	Opuntiaceae	Therophyte
213	Opuntia elator	Cacataceae	Therophyteq
214	Oxalis corniculata	Oxalidaceae	Therophyte
215	Panicum milliria	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
216	Panicum notatum	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
217 -	Papaver somniferum	Papaveraceae	Hemicryptophyte
218	Parkinsonia aculata	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
219	Parthenium hysterophorus	Compositae	Therophyte
220	Paspalum strobilanthus	Passifloraceae	Hemicryptophyte
221	Passiflora foetida	Passifloraceae	Phanerophyte
222	Pavonia zeylanica	Malvaceae	Phanerophyte
223	Peltophorum ferrusinum	Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
224	Phoenix aculis	Palmae	Phanerophyte
225	Phyllanthes asperulatus	Euphorbiaceae	Phanerophyte
226	Phyllanthes emblica	Euphorbiaceae	Phanerophyte

Sr. No. 227	Phyllanthes nirurii	Family	Life Form
228	Phyllanthes reticulates	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
229	Physalis minima	Euphorbiaceae	Therophyte
230	Pithocolobium dulce	Solanaceae	Therophyte
231	Polyalthia longifolia	Mimosaceae	Phanerophyte
232	Polygala ererptera	Annonaceae	Phanerophyte
233	Pongamia pinnata	Polygalaceae	Therophyte
234	Portulaca oleracea	Fabaceae	Phanerophyte
235	Psidium guava	Portulaccaceae	Therophyte
236		Myrtaceae	Phanerophyte
237	Punica granulatum Randia dumatorum	Puniaceae	Therophyte
238	Rosa indica	Rubiaceae	Phanerophyte
239	Rosa machata	Rosaceae	Therophyte
240	Saccharum munja	Rosaceae	Therophyte
241	Saccharum officinarum	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
242	Salmalia malabarica	Poaceae	Therophyte
243		Salmaliaceae	Phanerophyte
244	Sapindus emerginatus Schleichera trijuga	Sapindaceae	Phanerophyte
245	Schwishers audit	Combretaceae	Phanerophyte
246	Scherebera sweitenoides	Sapindaceae	Phanerophyte
247	Schleichera oleosa	Sapindaceae	Phanerophyte
247	Sesamum Indicum	Pedaliaceae	Hemicryptophyte
248	Shorea robusta	Dipterocarpaceae	Phanerophyte
250	Sida orientaliş	Malvaceae	Phanerophyte
251	Sida vernanifolia	Malyaceae	Hemicryptophyte
251	Solanum nigrum	Solanaceae	Therophyte
253	Solanum xanthocarpum Sterculia villosa	Solanaceae	Therophyte
254		Tiliaceae	Therophyte
255	Stereospermum chelinoides	Bignoniaceae	Phanerophyte
256	Sygyglum cumini Tamarindus indica	Myrtaceae	Phanerophyte
257		Caesalpinaceae	Phanerophyte
258	Tecomella undulate	Bignoniaceae	Therophyte
259	Tectona grandis Tephrosia purpuria	Verbinaceae	Phanreophyte
260	Terminalia bellarica	Fabaceae	Therophyte
261		Combretaceae	Phanerophyte
262	Terminalia chebula	Combretaceae	Phanerophyte
263	Terminalia tomentosa	Combretaceae	Phanerophyte
264	Tinospora cordifolia Tragus biflorus	Rhamnaceae	Therophyte
265	Tribulus terrestris	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
266	Trible accombance	Zygophyllaceae	Therophyte
267	Irldax procumbens	Compositae	Therophyte
268	Triumferta pilosa Vernonia cinera	Tiliaceae	
269	Vicoa indica	Compositae	Therophyte
270		Compositae	Phanerophyte
271	Vitex Negundo Vitex negungo	Verbinaceae	Phanerophyte
272		Verbinaceae	Therophyte
273	Vitis vermifera Vivevera zizanoides	Vitaceae	Therophyte
274		Poaceae	Therophyte
275	Wrightia tomentosa	Apocyanaceae	Phanerophyte
276	Xanthium strumariumk	Compositae	Therophyte
277	Yucea gloriosa Zivolyne tujubo	Agavaceae	Therophyte
278	Zizyphus jujube	Rhamnaceae	Phanerophyte
Grassla	Zizyphus mauritiana	Rhamanaceae	Phanrophyte
279		I Barrara	
280	Apluda mutica Chloris dolichosta	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
281		Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
282	Cyanodactylon sp	Poaceae	Geophyte
283	Dichanthium annulatum	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	Inpurta cylendrica	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
284	Sachharum spontanseum	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
285	Themeda quadrivalvis	Poaceae	Hemicryprophyte
	Aristida adscensionsis	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
	Cencturus ciliaris	Poaceae	Therophyte
288	Cenchius setifgera	Poaceae	Therophyte
289	Cymbopogon jwarancusa	Cyperaceae	Hemicrptophyte
	Cyperus aristatus	Cyperaceae	Therophyte
91	Cyperus triceps	Cyperaceae	Therophyte

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Sr. No.	Technical Name	Family	Life Form
292	Dactylectinium annualatum	Poaceae	Therophyte
293	Digetaria bicornis	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
294	Digetaria Segetaria	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
295	Eragrostis biferia	Poaceae	Therophyte
296	Eragrostis tenella	Poaceae	Therophyte
297	Ischaemum rugosum	Poaceae	Hemicryptophyte
298	Setaria glauca	Cyperaceae	Hemicryptophyte
299	Eulaliopsis binata	Graminae	Hemicryptophyte
300	Thysanolaena maxima	Graminae	Hemicryptophyte
	Endangered plants	No endangered plant species observed du study period and also from records of Bota Survey of India (Red data of Books of In Plants)	

TABLE-3 FAUNA AND THEIR CONSERVATION STATUS FROM MINE LEASE AREA (CORE ZONE)

Technical Name	English Name/ Local Name	Wild Life Protection Act (1972) Status
Aves		
Phlacrocorax niger	Little cormorant	Sch-IV
Nycticorax nycticorax	Night heron	Sch-IV
Ardeola grayii grayii	Paddy bird .	Sch-IV
Bubulcus ibis coromandus	Cattle egret	Sch-IV
Eudynamys scolopacea	Indian koel*	Sch-IV
Meops philippinus philippinus	Bluetailed bee-eater	Sch-IV
Dinopium benghalense tehminae	Malabar golden backed Woodpecker	Sch-IV
Acridotheres tristis tristis	Common myna	Sch-IV
Nectarinia minima	Small sunbird	Sch-IV
Passer domesticus indicus	Indian house sparrow	Sch-IV
Butterflies	12	
Hypolimnas bolina Lin.	Great eggfly	-
Euploea core Cramer	Common crow	-
Neptis hylas Moore	Common sailor	4.7
Eurema hecabe Lin.	Common grass yellow	-
Parantica aglea Stoll.	Glassy tiger	-
Mammals		
Funambulus palmarum	Squirrel	Sch-IV
Sus sucrofa	Wild pig	Sch-III
Herpestes edwardii	Common mongoose	Sch-IV
Vulpus benghalensis	Wild fox	Sch-II
Hystrix indica	Porcupine	Sch-IV

TABLE-4 FAUNA AND THEIR CONSERVATION STATUS IN STUDY AREA (BUFFER ZONE)

Technical Name	English Name/Local Name	Wild Life Protection Act (1972)
Aves		
Phlacrocorax niger	Little cormorant	Sch-IV
Ardea purpurea manilensis	Eastern purple heron	Sch-IV
Nycticorax nycticorax	Night heron	Sch-IV
Ardeola grayii grayii	Paddy bird	Sch-IV
Dupetor flavicollis	Black bittern	Sch-IV
Ardea alba modesta	Large egret	Sch-IV
Bubulcus ibis coromandus	Cattle egret	Sch-IV
Milvus migrans govinda	Common pariah kite	Sch-IV
Haliastur indus indus	Brahminy kite	Sch-IV
Vanellus indicus indicus	Redwattled lapwing	Sch-IV
Tringa hypoleucos	Common sandpiper	Sch-IV
Gelochelidon nilotica nilotica	Gullbilled tern	Sch-IV
Eudynamys scolopacea	Indian koel	Sch-IV
Halcyon smyrnensis fusca	Indian white breasted Kingfischer	Sch-IV
Meops philippinus philippinus	Bluetailed bee-eater	Sch-IV

Technical Name	English Name/Local Name	Wild Life Protection Act (1972)
Coraclas benghalensis indica	Southern Indian Roller	Sch-IV
Dinoplum benghalense tehminae	Malabar golden backed Woodpecker	Sch-IV
Acridotheres tristis tristis	Common myna	Sch-IV
Corvus splendens protegatus *	Ceylon house crow	Sch-IV
Nectarinia minima	Small sunbird	Sch-IV
Nectarenia, zeylonica sola	Indian purple rumped sunbird	Sch-IV
Arachnothera longirostris	Little spinder hunter	Sch-IV
longirostris		
Passer domesticus Indicus	Indian house sparrow	Sch-IV
Copsychus saularis ceyonensis	Southern magpie-robin	Sch-IV
Orthotomus sutorius	Tailor bird guzurata	Sch-IV
Pavocifitatus	Peacock	Part-III of Sch-I
Amphibians		
Rana Ugrlana	Common frog	Sch-IV
Buto melanosticus	Toad	Sch-IV
Reptiles		331717
Calotes versicolor	Lizard	Sch-IV
Caloles versicolor	Common garden lizard	Sch-IV
Chamaleon zeylanicus	Indian chamaeleon	Sch-II
yeodon spp,	Wolf snake	Sch-III
Bolga spp,	Cat snake	Sch-III
Gangarus spp.	Krait	Sch-II
Vaja naja	Indian cobra	Sch-III
Ирета эрр.	Russels viper	Sch-III
Thyton sp	Python sp	Sch-II
lutterflies		Sch-1
achlopta hector Un.	Crimson rose	
'apillo demoleus Lin.	Lime butterfly	-
i aphium agamemnon Lin.	Tailed jay	-
unorta almana Un.	Peacock pansy	-
typolimnas tiolina Lin.	Great eggfly	- ,
uploea core Crainer	Common crow	-
Veptis hylas Moore	Common sailor	
mema hecabe Un.	Common grass yellow	-
atopsilia sp.	Emigrant	-
Anninale	Lingiant	-
allus sp.	Rat	
eper ingricollis	Hare	Sch-IV
anis auries	Jackal	Sch-IV
reshytis entellus	Langur	Sch-III
resbytis phayrel	Monkey .	Sch-II
emanibulus spp.	Squirrel	Sch-I
unambulus palmarum		Sch-IV
us sucrofa	Squirrel Wild pig	Sch-IV
attus norvegicus		Sch-III
attis rattus	Field mouse	Sch-V
hinologus, spp.	House rat	Sch-V
	Bat	Sch-V
pposiderus, spp.	Bat	Sch-V
orpostos, ediv.ndll	Common mongoose	Sch-IV
andicota indica	Bandicoot	Sch-V
andicota bengalensis	Bandicoot	Sch-V
ilpus benghalensis	Wild fox	Sch-III
elsones ensines	Bear	Sch-III
estris indica	Porcupine	Sch-IV
11.15/-	Spotted deer	Sch-III
unis ligras pallipies	Indian wolf	Part-I of Sch-I
ellivora capeiras.	Indian Ratel	Part-I of Sch-I
optimi mastinas	Indian Elephant	Part-I of Sch-I
dis chacis	Jungle cat	Part-II of sch-II
rodoxurer, hermophroiditus	Indian Small civet	Part-I of sch-I
		rait-1 OI SCN-1
intlacir, muntlacus	Barking deer	Sch-III

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Tolegram : PARYAVARAN, NEW DELHI

दरभाषः

Telephone:

टेलेक्स (द्विभाषीय) !

Telex: (bi-lingual): W-66185 1782-117777

FAX: 4350678

भारत संर्कार

पर्यावरण एवं जुन मंत्राल्ये GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT EDRES पर्यावरण भवन, सो॰ जो है औ॰ की मर्टलेगा PARYAVARAN BHAWAN COO

नोदी रोड, नई दिल्ली - 140003

LODHI ROAD, NEW DELHI - 110003

Dated: 12 March, 1996.

_No.8-22/95-FC

To

The Secretary (Forests)
... Government of Madhya Pradesh Bhopal.

Diversion of 798.827 ha. of revenue forest land infavour of M/s HINDALCO Industries Ltd. for Bauxite mining in District Sarguja.

I am directed to refer to your letter no.F.5/18/95/10/3 Sir, dated 9.3.95 on the above mentioned subject seeking prior approval of the Central Government in accordance with Section-2 of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and to say that the proposal has been examined by the Advisory Committee constituted by the Central G overnment under Section-3 of the aforesaid Act.

- A fter careful consideration of the proposal of the State Government and on the basis of the recommendation of the above mentioned Advisory Committee, the Central G overnment hereby conveys its approval under Section-2 of the Forest (Conservatio Act, 1980 for diversion of 798.827 ha. of revenue forest land in favour of M/s HINDALCO Industries Ltd. for Bauxite mining in District Sarguja subject to the following conditions:
- i) Legal status of forest land shall remain unchanged.
- ii) Compensatory afforestation shall be carried out over . double the degraded forest land at the project cost.

Reclamation of the mining area will be done in consultation with the State Forest Deptt. at the project cost as perceptan prepared in this regard.

Demarcation of the mining area will be done on the ground at the project cost.

Forest land will not be used for construction of buildings etc. and any purpose other than those mentioned in the proposal.

Lease period shall remain coterminus with lease under MMRD Act subject to maximum of 20 years.

free fuelwood will be provided to the labourers and staff working at the project site at the project cost.

viii) A ny other condition the State Govt. may impose.

This clearance is subject to the environmental clearance of the project under the Environment Protection Act.

Yours faithfully,

(R.K. CHAUDHRY)

Asstt. Inspector General of Forests.

hopy to:

The Principal Chief Conservator of Forests Government of Madhya Pradesh, Bhopal.

Nodal Officer, Office of the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Govt. of Madhya Pradesh, Bhopal.

The CCF (Central), Regional Office, Bhopal.

RO(HQ), New Delhi.

Guard file.

R.K. CHAUDHRY AIGF.

AREROVEO

Environmental Status Report For Samri Bauxite Mine at

Post & Teh.: Samri, (Kusmi)
Dist: Balrampur-Ramanujganj (C.G.)

Duration: July-August-September-2016

Name of Industry:-



Agent of Mines
Samri Mines Division
Hindaico Industries Ltd.

M/s. Hindalco Industries Limited.,

Name of Laboratory:-



Recognised by MoEF (GOI) Notifn. No. D.L.33004/99 Dt.24.10.2007
NABL T-1550 (Chemical), T-1826 (Biological), T-2344 (Mechanical) dt.04/10/2016 valid up to 03.10.2018

Accredited under the QCI-NABET Scheme for EIA Consultant BIS vide No.CL/CQAPD/OSL (7124116) dt.16.12.2011 Certified by ISO 9001:2008, ISO 14001:2004, ISO 18001:2007 Head Office: 60, Bajiprabhu Nagar, Nagpur-440 033, MS Lab.: FP-34, 35, Food Park, MIDC, Butibori, Nagpur – 441122 Ph.: (0712) 2242077, 9373287475 Fax: (0712) 2242077

Email: labngp@anacon.in info@anacon.in Website: www.anaconlaboratories.com, Foreword

The protection of environment plays a crucial role in maintaining the local environment

quality for any mining industry. Hence compliance of the statutory requirements

becomes very important to conserve the ecological balance within and surrounding the

mine area. Therefore, environment protection is becoming a prerequisite for sustainable

development. In line with this requirement, the management of M/s Hindalco

Industries Ltd. has adopted a corporate responsibility of environment protection.

In order to comply with the Environment protection act, to fulfill statutory requirement

and to be in tune with Environmental Preservation and sustainable development, M/s

Hindalco Industries Ltd. has retained ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD.,

Nagpur as Environment Consultants and for various Environmental issues related to

their mines.

This report presents the Environmental Status for the period July-2016 to

September-2016 as compliance to the statutory requirements.

The co-operation extended by the Staff and Management of M/s Hindalco Industries

Ltd. during the work execution period is gratefully acknowledged.

for ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD.

Authorized Signatory

Place: Nagpur

Date: September, 2016



Introduction

1.1 Introduction

HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LIMITED (Hindalco) is one among the flagship companies of the Aditya Birla Group of Industries and is one of the largest corporate groups in India. This group is a leading manufacturer of Aluminum in India, having integrated facilities encompassing bauxite mining, refining and smelting to achieve Aluminium.

Various processing units of HINDALCO are strategically located in different parts of the nation to achieve optimum benefits. Over the past few decades the group has grown multifold in its production capacities, product mix and diversification in mining. HINDALCO possesses bauxite mine leases of Kudag, Samri and Tatijharia mines in Balrampur district of Chhattisgarh State.

HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LTD. awarded the, work to M/s ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD. Nagpur (ALPL) for carrying out Environmental monitoring of parameters for assessing pollution levels and preparation of monthly report (July, August & September-2016) as per the requirement of Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board (CECB) and Ministry of Environment and Forest (MoEF) for Samri mining leases in Balrampur District, Chhattisgarh State.

1.2 Background Information of Samri Mine

HINDALCO was granted Samri Bauxite mining lease over an area of 2146.746 hec in Samri, Dumarkholi, Gopatu villages in Post Office & Tehsil Samri (Kusmi) of Balrampur district, Chhattisgarh on 24/06/1998 for a period of 20 years. The mining operations were started on 25/05/1999. The production capacity of Bauxite is 5.0 Lakh Tonnes Per Annum (LTPA).

1.3 Salient Features of Samri Bauxite Mine

The deposits occur in Samri block, Post Office & Tahsil Samri (Kusmi) of Balrampur district. This deposit has been identified as one of the resources to cater the raw material requirements of the HINDALCO Alumina refinery at Renukoot, Uttar Pradesh. The salient features of the project are presented below: (Table 1)



Introduction

Table 1

Salient Features of Samri Bauxite Mines

S.No.	Particulars	Details	
1.	Survey of India Topo sheet No.	64 M /15	
2.	Latitude	23° 23′ 02″N to 23° 27′ 05″N	
3.	Longitude	83° 53′ 50″E to 83° 57′ 59″E	
4.	Elevation	1140-m above Mean Sea Level	
5.	Climatic Conditions (as per IMD, Ambikapur)	Annual maximum temperature : 30.3°C	
		Annual minimum temperature : 17.7°C	
		Average annual rainfall: 1401.1 mm	
6.	Mining lease area	2146.746 hec.	
7.	Method of mining	Open cast (Semi-Mechanized)	
8.	Mode of transportation	Trucks	
9.	Land use	Agricultural and Barren land	
10.	Nearest Road Samri to Kusmi (17 km)		
11.	Nearest Airport Ranchi (146.06 km, ESE)		
12.	Nearest Town	Ambikapur (127 km, SW)	

1.4 Environmental Monitoring

Regular monitoring of environmental parameters is of immense importance to assess the status of environment during mining operation. With the knowledge of baseline conditions, the monitoring program will serve as an indicator for any deterioration in environmental conditions due to mining operation of the project Suitable mitigation steps will be taken in time to safeguard the environment, based on monitoring reports. Monitoring is important in the control of pollution since the efficiency of control measures can only be determined by monitoring.

In order to find out the impact of mining activity on sensitive receptors, it is necessary to monitor Environmental Quality to know the level of concentrations of pollutants within and around the mining lease area. Accordingly Hindalco Industries through Anacon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd., Nagpur has been monitoring at following locations for air, water and Noise on monthly basis during these months. (Table 2).

Introduction

1.5 Air Environment

1.5.1 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

Ambient Air Quality monitored at 8 locations in the core zone and buffer zone with reference to Samri mine lease area as shown in (Fig. 1).

Table 2 Locations of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) & Fugitive Emission (2146.746 hec.)

S.No.	to over order to be a large or to the	Sr. No.	Buffer zone
1	Samri-Gopatu/Near Weigh Bridge	5	Sairaidh Campus
2	Rajendrapur/Near Mining Area	6	Jaljali Village
3	Kutku Village/Near V.T.Center	7	Tatijharia Village/Near Weigh Bridge
4	Dumerkholi/Near Mining Area	8	Piprapat/Near Mining Area

The sampling stations are selected at the above mentioned locations, in downwind and upwind directions of the mining site in the core zone and buffer zone. Anacon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd., Nagpur is carrying out regular monitoring for PM_{2.5}, RPM(PM₁₀), SO₂, NO_x and SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NO_x, Pb, Hg, As and Cr at above Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) locations and Fugitive Emission. The dust fall rate was measured in the mining area and Samri chowk during July-August-September-2016. The AAQM and Fugitive Emission sampling sites are selected considering seasonal variation in wind speed and wind direction.

Sampling Duration and Frequency

Ambient air quality monitoring and Fugitive Emission monitoring was carried out for the parameters PM_{2.5}, RPM (PM₁₀), SO₂, NOx and SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NO_x Pb, Hg, As and Cr, from July-August-September-2016 as per CPCB norms. Sampling Duration and Frequency is given in (Table 3).

Data is compared with the present revised standards mentioned in the latest Gazette Notification of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) 18th November, 2009 and as per consent conditions mentioned in consent letter.

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Introduction

MONITORED PARAMETERS AND FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING

Methods and Instruments used for Sampling

The air samples were analyzed as per methods specified by Central Pollution Control Boar (CPCB).

The levels of Suspended Particulate Matter (SPM), Respirable Particulate Matter (RPM), Sulphu Dioxide (SO_2), Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_X), Pb, Hg, As and Cr were monitored for establishing the baseline status. SPM and RPM was collected with the help of Respirable Particulate Sample operating 24 hours by drawing air which passes through the cyclone at the rate of 1.0 -1.3 m 3 /mi which collects the particles less than 10 μ m diameter over glass fiber filter paper and the bigge particulates from 10 to 100 μ m are collected into the cup provided at the bottom of the cyclone. The dust deposited over the filter paper is measured as RPM and the smaller particulates from 2.5 μ m are collected into the Membrane Filter Paper. The dust fall rate was measured using dust fall jar. The jar was exposed for one month in the mining area and Samri-Gopatu during pre and post monsoon period. The jar was filled with 2 lit of distilled water. The water in the jar is mixed with coppe sulphate solution (0.02 N solution) to prevent any growth of algae. The water level in the jar is constantly maintained in such a way that 2 lit of water is always retained. The measurement techniques used for various pollutants and other details are given in (Table 4).

Sampling was carried out continuously for 24 hourly monitoring twice a week at each station during the stipulated study period using pre-calibrated Respirable Dust Samplers in each of the stations.

Earmarked samples were collected for Particulate Matter-PM₁₀, Particulate Matter-PM_{2.5}, SO and NOx for 24 hourly. Collected samples were sent to Laboratories for analysis.

The baseline data of air environment is generated for the parameters namely:

Suspended Particulate Matter(SPM), Particulate Matter (PM_{10}) , Particulate Matter $(PM_{2.5})$ Sulphur Dioxide (SO_2) , Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_x) , Lead (Pb), Mercury (Hg), Arsenic (As) and Chromium (Cr). **Table-3.0**

Introduction

Table-3.0

Parameters	Sampling frequency		
Suspended Particulate Matter	24 hourly sample twice a week for Three months		
Respirable Particulate Matter	24 hourly sample twice a week for Three months		
Particulate Matter 2.5	24 hourly sample twice a week for Three months		
Sulphur dioxide (So ₂)	24 hourly sample twice a week for Three months		
Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)	24 hourly sample twice a week for Three months		
Pb, Hg, As, Cr	8 hourly basis for 24 hour sample for three months		

Table 4.0

Measurement Techniques for various pollutants

S.No.	Parameter	Technique	Duntanal		
Suspended 1. Particulate Matter		Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	IS-5182 (Part-23)	(μ g / m³)	
2.	Respirable Particulate Matter	Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	IS-5182 (Part-23)	5	
3.	Particulate Matter 2.5	Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	Gravimetric Method	5	
4.	Sulphur Dioxide	Modified West and Gaeke	IS-5182 (Part - II)	4	
5.	Oxide of Nitrogen	Jacob & Hochheiser Method	IS-5182 (Part - VI)	4	
6.	Pb, As,Hg, Cr	Acid Digestion Method	EPA Method	0.1	
7.	Dust Full	Gravimetric	IS-5182 (Part-I)	_	

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M_{2.5}),

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Introduction

1.6 Fugitive Emission Monitoring

The summary of Fugitive Emission monitoring results for the month of July-Augus September-2016 are presented in detail in **Table 6.0**. 98th percentile; maximum as minimum values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugiti monitoring station. The data has been compared with the standards prescribed by Centi Pollution Control Board (CPCB)/NAAQ for residential and rural zone.

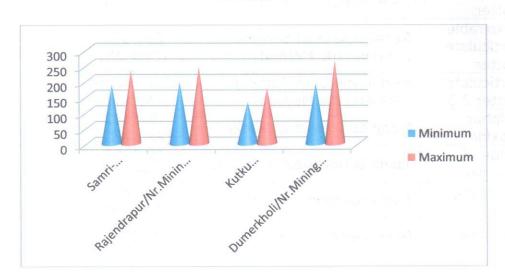
1.6.1 Presentation of Results.

Suspended Particulate Matter-SPM

The minimum and maximum, concentrations for Suspended Particulate Matte SPM were recorded as 131 μ g/m³ and 264 μ g/m³ respectively. The average concentration were ranged between 143 to 246 μ g/m³ and 98th percentile values ranged between 154 264 μ g/m³ in the study area (**Table 6**).

Graphical Presentation Of Fugitive Emission Monitoring

SPM

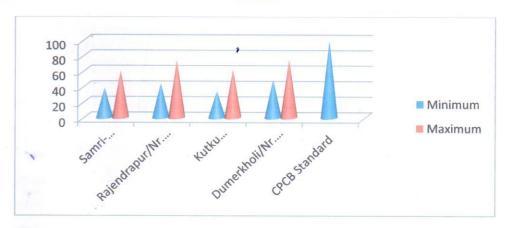


Introduction

Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter -RSPM

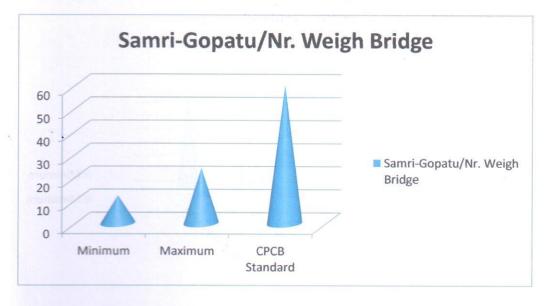
The minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as $34 \,\mu g/m^3$ and $75 \,\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The average values were observed to be in the range of 41 to 67 $\,\mu g/m^3$ and 98^{th} percentile values ranged between 48 to $75 \,\mu g/m^3$ in the study area (Table 7).

Graphical Presentation Of Fugitive Emission Monitoring RSPM



Particulate Matter -PM_{2.5}

The minimum and maximum values of $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations varied between 12 to 2 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The average values range between 16 to 21 $\mu g/m^3$ and 98^{th} percenti values varied between 20 to 24 $\mu g/m^3$ (Table 8).



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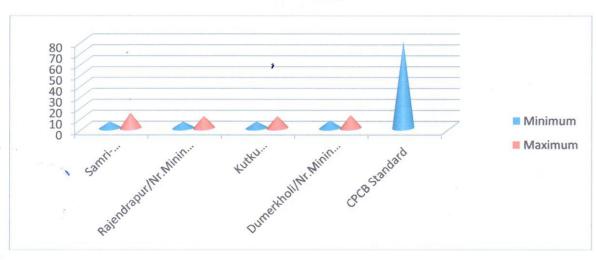
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Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂)

The minimum and maximum SO_2 concentrations were recorded as 6 μ g/m³ an μ g/m³ respectively. The average values were observed to be in the range of 7 to 11 μ g and 98th percentile values varied between 8 to 14 μ g/m³ (**Table 9**).

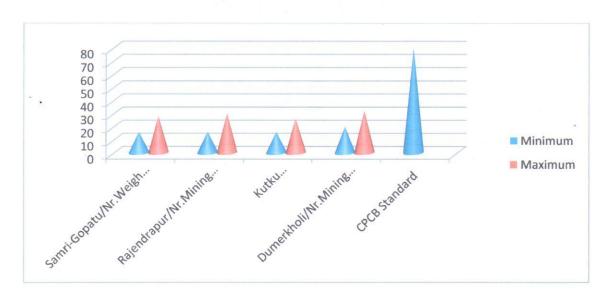
Graphical Presentation Of Fugitive Emission Monitoring

SO₂



Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x)

The minimum and maximum NO_x concentrations were recorded as 16 $\mu g/m^3$; $\mu g/m^3$. The average concentrations were ranged between 18 to 28 $\mu g/m^3$ and 98th per values varied between 19 to 32 $\mu g/m^3$ (Table 10).



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Hindalco Industries Limited Samri Mining Environmental Status Report for July-2016 To September-2016

Introduction

n³ and 1 11 µg/m Lead (Pb)

The maximum concentrations of Lead varied 0.038 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The average concentration varied 0.031 $\mu g/m^3$ & 98th percentiles values varied 0.038 $\mu g/m^3$ in the study region. (**Table 11**).

Mercury (Hg)

Mercury was not detected at any of the locations in SPM samples as well as RSPM Samples.

(Table 12).

Arsenic (As)

Arsenic was not detected at any of the locations in SPM samples as well as RSPM Samples.

(Table 13).

Chromium (Cr)

Chromium was not detected at any of the locations in SPM samples as well as RSPM Samples.

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Introduction

1.7 Ambient Air Quality (Buffer Zone)

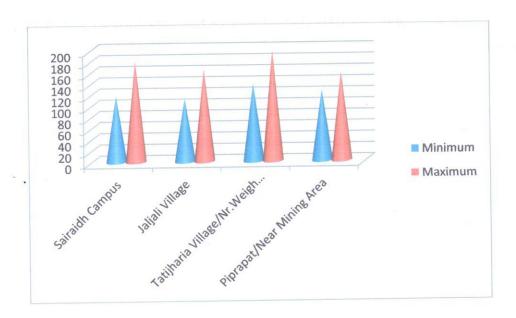
The background levels of SPM, RPM (PM₁₀), PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NOx, Pb, Hg, As and Cr measured an required to compute Ambient Air Quality. The sampling locations are selected at the above mentioned locations in downwind and upwind directions of the mine. The Minimum, Maximum concentration, Arithmetic mean (AM), Geometric mean (GM) and 98 Percentile are presented it tabular form (**Table 6**).

1.7.1 Presentation of Results.

The summary of Ambient Air Quality monitoring results for the month of July-August September-2016 are presented in detail in **Table 3**. 98th percentile; maximum and minimum values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the AAQ monitoring station. The data has been compared with the standards prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)/NAAQ for residential and rural zone.

Suspended Particulate Matter-SPM

The statistical analysis of SPM is presented in **Table 6** for the mining area. The minimum and maximum values varied between 112 to 197 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively during stude period at all the 4 locations. The average values ranged between 126 to 182 $\mu g/m^3$ and 98 percentile values ranged between 133 to 197 $\mu g/m^3$ in the study area.

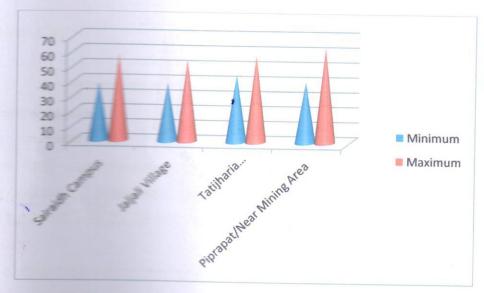




Introduction

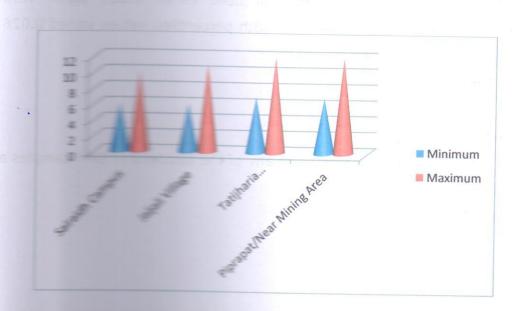
Particulate Matter-RSPM

The minimum and maximum values of RSPM varied between 39 to 64 μ g/respectively (**Table 7**). The average values varied between 42 to 56 μ g/m³. The 9 percentile values varied between 45 to 64 μ g/m³ in the mining area. The overall values SPM and RSPM were well within the CPCB limits prescribe for industrial and residential area the study area during the study period.



Sulphur Dioxide (SO)

The minimum and maximum values of SO_2 concentrations varied between 6 to 1 μ g/m³ respective. The average values range between 7 to 11 μ g/m³ and 98th percentil values varied between 8 to 12 μ g/m³ (Table 9).



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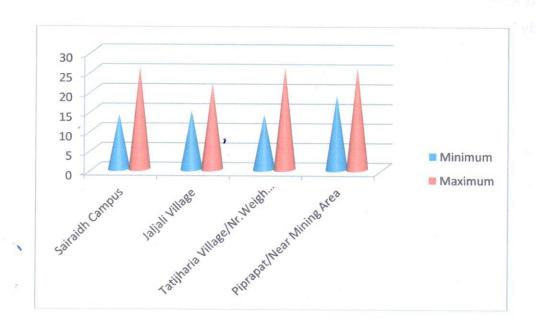
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Introduction

Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x)

The minimum and maximum values of NOx concentrations varied between 26 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The average values range between 17 to 24 $\mu g/m^3$ and 98th perc values varied between 19 to 26 $\mu g/m^3$ (Table 10).



Lead (Pb)

The maximum concentrations of Lead varied 0.026 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively. average concentration varied 0.022 $\mu g/m^3$ & 98th percentiles values varied 0.026 $\mu g/m^3$ is study region.

(Table 11).

Mercury (Hg)

Mercury was not detected at any of the locations in SPM samples as well as RSPM Samples.

(Table 12).



Introduction

Arsenic (As)

14 t enti

Th th Arsenic was not detected at any of the locations in SPM samples as well as RSPM Samples.

(Table 13).

Chromium (Cr)

Chromium was not detected at any of the locations in SPM samples as well as RSPM Samples.

The dust fall rate was measured by exposing a jar during July-August-September-2016 in Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area and Samri-Gopatu/Nr.Weigh Bridge. The dust fall rate was observed to be 23.55 and 21.18 MT/km²/month respectively as given in (Table 14).

Overall the ambient air concentrations of SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NOx, Pb, Hg, As, Cr and Dust fall were well within the limits of concentrations promulgated by CPCB, New Delhi in the study area.

Introduction

1.8 Meteorology: Wind Pattern

The data of wind pattern collected during the study period (Jul-Aug-Sep-2016) indicates that the wind was blowing predominantly from (SE and SSE) directions, during study period, for 3.08% wind was found to be calm. The details of wind pattern in the form of wind frequency distribution are presented in table 1. The wind rose diagram and graphical illustration is presented in Figures 1 & 2 respectively.

Table.1
Wind Frequency Distribution Data

Sr. No.	Directions / Wind Classes (m/s)	0.5 - 2.1	2.1 - 3.6	3.6 - 5.7	5.7 - 8.8	8.8 - 11.1	>= 11.1	Total
1	348.75 - 11.25	12	9	9	0	0	0	30
2	11.25 - 33.75	8	6	1	0	0	0	15
3	33.75 - 56.25	14	3	0	0	0	0	17
4	56.25 - 78.75	12	4	0	0	0	0	16
5	78.75 - 101,25	20	3	2	0	0	0	25
6	101.25 - 123.75	17	22	4	0	0	0	43
7	123.75 - 146.25	40	39	3	0	0	0	82
8	146.25 - 168.75	41	28	14	0	0	0	83
9	168.75 - 191.25	13	26	10	3	0	0	52
10	191.25 - 213.75	9	16	15	2	0	0	42
11	213.75 - 236.25	15	27	29	2	0	0	73
12	236.25 - 258.75	10	24	14	0	0	0	48
13	258.75 - 281.25	15	24	13	0	0	0	52
14	281.25 - 303.75	13	16	6	1	0	0	36
15	303.75 - 326.25	4	15	9	0	0	0	28
16	326.25 - 348.75	9	6	9	0	0	0	24
	Sub-Total	252	268	138	8	0	0	666
	Calms							21
	Missing/Incomplete							0
	Total							687

SUMMARY OF WIND PATTERN

Sea	ason	First Predominant Wind Direction	Second Predominant Wind Direction	Calm Condition
Jul-Aug-	-Sep-2016	SE (12.5%)	SSE (11.8%)	3.08 %



Introduction

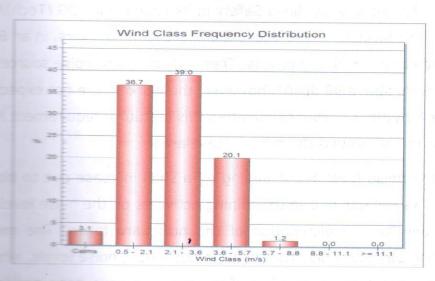
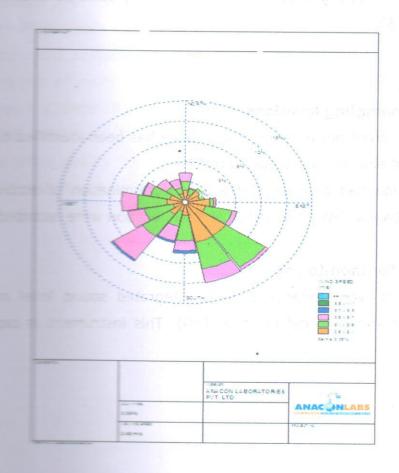


Figure.01: Wind Class Frequency Distribution



Total



Introduction

1.9 Noise Environment

The Director General of Mines Safety in its circular No. DG (Tech)/18 of 1975, has prescribed the noise level in mining occupations (TLV) for workers, in an 8 hour shift period with unprotected ear as 90 dB(A) or less. There will be some noise sources in mines, which produce noise levels above 90 dB(A), however, the workers are not expected to be exposed continuously for 8 hours. In order to maintain this statutory requirement Noise monitoring has been carried out in and around the mining lease area.

Work zone noise level in the mining area shall increase due to blasting and excavatic transportation. The impacts due to the mining activities on the noise levels shall be negligible, all the precautions for the elimination of the noise are taken. The mining activities will undertaken during daytime only. The daytime equivalent noise levels, when all the machineri are in operation, shall be minimized as if machineries have been provided with noise contiequipment. Noise monitoring is carried out on monthly basis at three locations in each mon are shown in (Fig. 3).

Identification of sampling locations

Noise at different noise generating sources has been identified based on the activities the village area and ambient noise due to traffic.

The noise monitoring has been conducted for determination of ambient noise levels in the mining area and villages. The noise levels at each location were recorded for 24 hours.

Instrument used for monitoring

Noise levels were measured using integrated sound level meter manufactured Envirotech made in India (Model no. SLM-100). This instrument is capable of measuring to Sound Pressure Level (SPL), L_{eq} .



Introduction

Method of Monitoring

Sound Pressure Level (SPL) measurements were monitored at three locations. The readings were taken for every hour for 24 hours. The day noise levels have been monitored during 6 am to 10 pm and night levels during 10 pm to 6 am at three locations within 10-km radius of the study area.

Noise level monitoring was carried out continuously for 24 hours with one hour interval starting at 06.00 hrs to 06.00 hrs next day.

Noise levels monitored during day and night at 3 locations are found to be below the stipulated standard of CPCB for Industrial area as 75dB (A) and 70dB (A) for day and night respectively as given in (Table 15)

2.0 Water Quality

The existing status of water quality for ground water and surface water was assessed by collecting the water samples from underground wells from the village Samri, Kudag, Tatijhariya, Saraidih, Rajendrapur and surface water sample from Nallahs nearby Samri mines. The physico-chemical analysis of water samples collected during study period reported as average of three months given in (Table 16). The overall water quality found to be below the stipulated standards of IS 10500-2012 for ground water & found to be fit for drinking purpose for tested parameters. Surface water quality is satisfactory as per IS: 10500-2012. Thus the impacts due to mining activities in each month have been found to be insignificant.

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Introduction

<u>Table 6</u> Statistical Analysis of SPM

						Unit: µg
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
Fugitive Emission (Cor	e Zone):-					
Samuel Samuel	July-2016	195	220	208	208	22
Samri-Gopatu/	August-2016	205	234	220	220	234
Nr.weigh bridge	September-2016	187	204	196	196	204
Rajendrapur/	July-2016	200	229	215	215	229
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	223	244	234	234	24
	September-2016	196	219	208	208	219
	July-2016	131	154	143	143	154
Kutku Village/	August-2016	140	177	159	159	17
Nr.V.T. Center	September-2016	149	161	155	155	16
Dumerkholi/	July-2016	228	264	246	246	264
	August-2016	233	249	241	241	249
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	191	219	205	205	219

Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
Buffer Zone :-						
at the same	July-2016	147	172	160	160	172
Sairaidh Campus	August-2016	150	180	165	165	180
	September-2016	118	133	126	126	133
Jaljali Village	July-2016	112	141	127	127	141
	August-2016	131	164	148	148	164
	September-2016	127	143	135	135	143
	July-2016	154	176	165	165	176
Tatijharia Village/ Nr. Weigh bridge	August-2016	166	197	182	182	197
Nr. weigh bridge	September-2016	138	150	144	144	150
	July-2016	126	145	136	136	145
Piprapat/	August-2016	137	158	148	148	158
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	130	144	137	137	144

Conclusion-A:-

- Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge Lease Area Core Zone: For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 208 μg/r
 Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Lease Area Core Zone: For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 219 μg/m³.
- 3) Kutku Village / Nr.V.T. Center Lease Area Core Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 152 µg/m³.
- 4) <u>Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Lease Area Core Zone:</u> For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 231 µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of SPM within the core zone of Samri Lease is 203 μg/m³.

Conclusion-B:-

- 1) Sairaidh Campus Lease Area Buffer zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 150 µg/m³.
- 2) Jaljali Village Lease Area Buffer zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 137µg/m³.
- Tatijharia Village/ Nr. Weigh bridge Buffer zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 164 μg/m3.
- 4) Piprapat/ Nr.Mining Area Buffer zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SPM is 140 μg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of SPM within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 148 μg/m³.

µg/m 8%le

220 234

204 229

244

119 54

77 161

164 149

119

%le

72 80 33

41

64 43 76

58

m³.



Hindalco Industries Limited Samri Mining Environmental Status Report for July-2016 To September-2016

Introduction

Monthwise Summary of Statistical Analysis of SPM

3.0 Fugitive Emission (Core Zone):-

3.0.1 Presentation of Results.

The summary of Statistical Analysis of SPM results for the month of July 2016 to September 2016 are presented in detail in Table 6. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and average values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emissio monitoring station.

Samri-Gopatul Nr.weigh bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 195 µg/m³ and 220 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 208 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 235 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 220 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 150 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 196 μg/m³.



Graph :- Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge



Introduction

Rajendrapur/ Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were record as 200 $\mu g/m^3$ and 229 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 215 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 223 μg/m³ and 244 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 234 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 196 μg/m³ and 219 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 208 μg/m³.



Graph:- Rajendrapur/ Nr. Mining Area

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Hindalco Industries Limited Samri Mining Environmental Status Report for July-2016 To September-2016

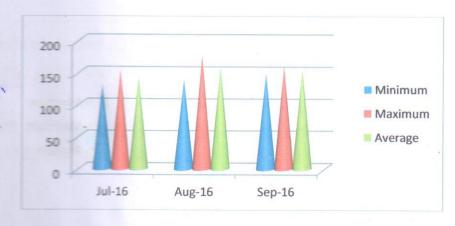
Introduction

Kutku Village/ Nr.V.T. Center

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 131 μ g/m³ and 154 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 143 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 140 $\mu g/m^3$ and 177 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 159 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 149 µg/m³ and 161 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 155 µg/m³.



Graph:- Kutku Village/ Nr.V.T. Center



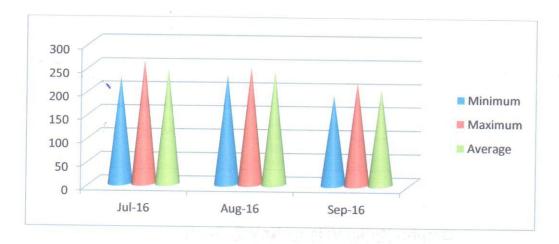
Introduction

Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were record as 228 $\mu g/m^3$ and 264 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 246 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 233 $\mu g/m^3$ and 249 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 241 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 191 $\mu g/m^3$ and 219 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 205 $\mu g/m^3$.



Graph:- Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Area

Introduction

3.1 Fugitive Emission (Buffer Zone):-

3.1.1 Presentation of Results.

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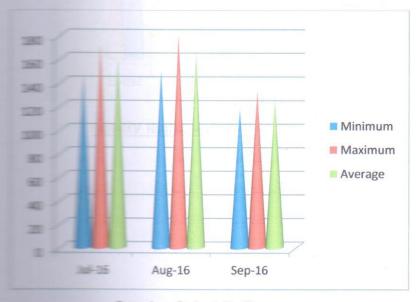
The summary of Statistical Analysis of SPM results for the month of July 2016 to Septembe 2016 are presented in detail in **Table 6**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and average values etc. have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emission monitoring station.

Sairaidh Campus

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 147 µg/m³ and 172 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 160 µg/m³.

For the more of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 150 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 165 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 1133 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 126 μg/m³.



Graph:- Sairaidh Campus

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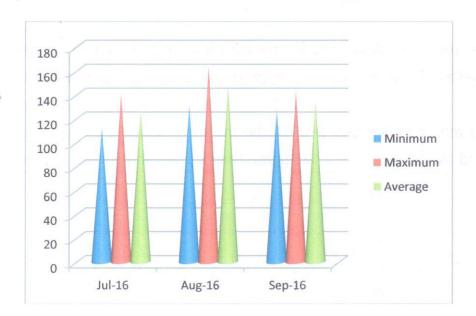
Introduction

Jaljali Village

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 112 µg/m³ and 141 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 127 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as 131 μg/m³ and 164 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 148 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM we recorded as $127 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and $143 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ respectively and average concentration of $135 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$.



Graph:- Jaljali Village



Introduction

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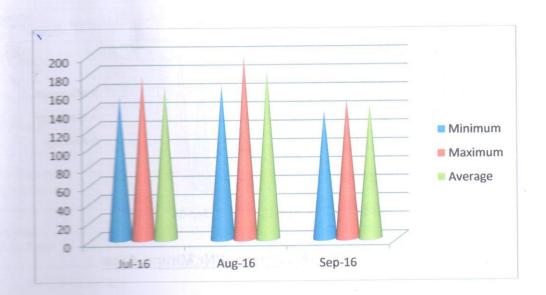
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Tatijharia Village/Nr.Weigh Bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 154 $\mu g/m^3$ and 176 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 165 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 166 $\mu g/m^3$ and 197 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 182 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recorded as 138 μg/m³ and 150 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 144 μg/m³.



Graph:- Tatijharia Village/Nr.Weigh Bridge



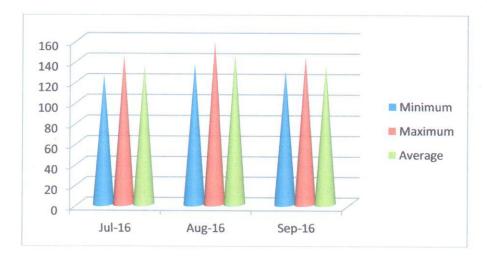
Introduction

Piprapat/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM were recor as 126 $\mu g/m^3$ and 145 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 136 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM w recorded as 137 $\mu g/m^3$ and 158 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 148 $\mu g/m^3$

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SPM w recorded as 130 $\mu g/m^3$ and 144 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 137 $\mu g/m^3$



Graph:- Piprapat/Nr.Mining Area



Introduction

<u>Table 7</u> <u>Statistical Analysis of RSPM</u>

Unit: ua/m³

					Unit: µg/m°	
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%le
ugitive Emission (Cor	re Zone):-					
Camai Canadal	July-2016	49	59	54	54	59
Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge	August-2016	43	60	52	52	60
Tit. Height bridge	September-2016	38	49	44	44	49
Rajendrapur/	July-2016	50	63	57	57	63
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	58	74	66	66	74
a military 2 and the	September-2016	44	60	52	52	60
	July-2016	40	51	46	46	51
Nr.V.T. Center	August-2016	48	62	55	55	62
MI.V.I. Center	September-2016	34	48	41	41	48
Ddebalit	July-2016	49	61	55	55	61
Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	58	75	67	67	75
The state of the s	September-2016	50	64	57	57	64
CPCB Standard	and average concer	resceptiv ely	100 (24 hrs) and mic.	Par Late	. T

Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%le
luffer Zone :-	NICO DEL INSKII DES	mumber		LICEUM III	11171 1127 1919	
Calmidh Camana	July-2016	40	56	48	48	56
Sairaidh Campus	August-2016	44	58	51	51	58
	September-2016	39	45	42	42	45
	July-2016	42	50	46	46	50
Jaljali Village	August-2016	39	47	43	43	47
might by to ueitenum	September-2016	48	55	52	52	55
Tetiiharia Villaga/	July-2016	45	57	51	51	57
Tatijharia Village/ Nr. Weigh bridge	August-2016	46	58	52	52	58
···· voign bridge	September-2016	48	52	50	50	52
Dinnanati	July-2016	41	59	50	50	59
Piprapat/ Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	47	64	56	56	64
	September-2016	48	58	53	53	58
CPCB S	tandard		-	100 (24 hrs))	

Conclusion: A)

- 1) Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge Lease Area Core Zone: For the Months of Jul-Aug-Sep-2016 Average of RSPM is 50 µg/m³.
- 2 Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area Lease Area Core Zone:- For the Months of Jul-Aug-Sep -2016 Average of RSPM is 58 μg/m³.
- 3) Kutku Village / Nr.V.T. Center Lease Area Core Zone: For the Months of Jul-Aug-Sep -2016 Average of RSPM is 47 µg/m³.
- 4) Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Area Lease Area Core Zone:- For the Months of Jul-Aug-Sep -2016 Average of RSPM is 60 μg/m
- The Average Concentration of RSPM within the Core Zone of Samri Lease is 54 μg/m³ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard
- · Conclusion (B)
- Sairaidh Campus Lease Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of RSPM is 47 μg/m³.
- 2) Jaljali Village Lease Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of RSPM is 47 μg/m³.
- 3) Tatijharia Village/ Nr. Weigh bridge Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of RSPM is 51 µg/m³.
- Piprapat/ Nr.Mining Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of RSPM is 53 μg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of RSPM within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 50 μg/m³ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.

Monthwise Summary of Statistical Analysis of RSPM

3.2 Fugitive Emission (Core Zone):-

3.2.1 Presentation of Results.

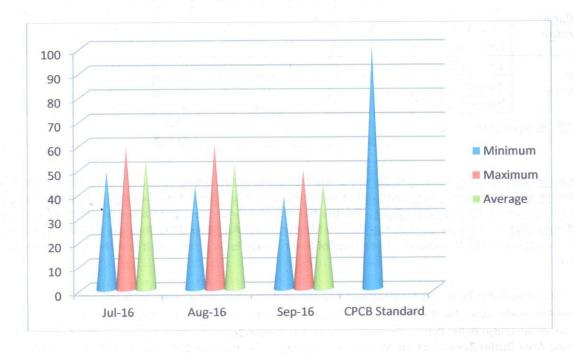
The summary of Statistical Analysis of RSPM results for the month of July-2016 to Septembe 2016 are presented in detail in **Table 7**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and averag values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emissic monitoring station.

Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 49 μg/m³ and 59 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 54 μg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 43 μg/m³ and 60 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 52 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 38 µg/m³ and 49 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 44 µg/m³.





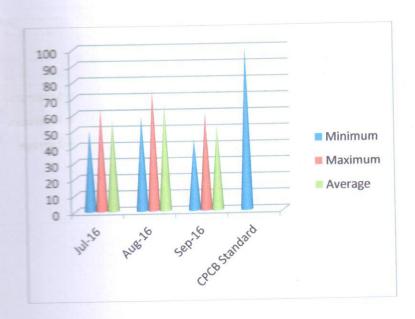
Introduction

Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 50 μg/m³ and 63 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 57 μg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 58 µg/m³ and 74 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 66 µg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 44 $\mu g/m^3$ and 60 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 52 $\mu g/m^3$.



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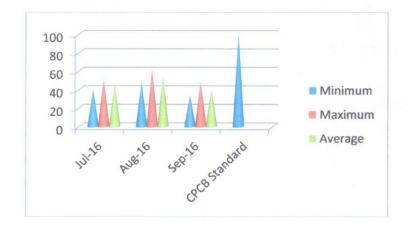
Introduction

Kutku Village/Nr.V.T. Center

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM wer recorded as 40 μg/m³ and 51 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 46 μg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM wer recorded as 48 µg/m³ and 62 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 55 µg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM wer recorded as 34 µg/m³, and 48 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 41 µg/m³.





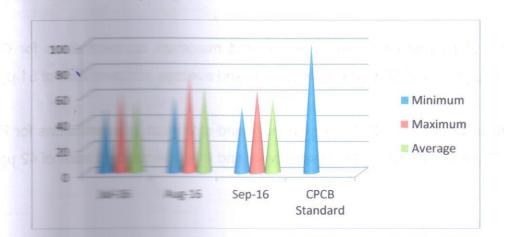
Introduction

Dumerkholi Nr. Mining Area

For the month of μ 2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 43 μ 3 and 61 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 55 μ g/m³.

For the most 2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as $\frac{1}{2}$ \frac

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 50 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 57 μ g/m³.





Introduction

3.3 Fugitive Emission (Buffer Zone):-

3.3.1 Presentation of Results.

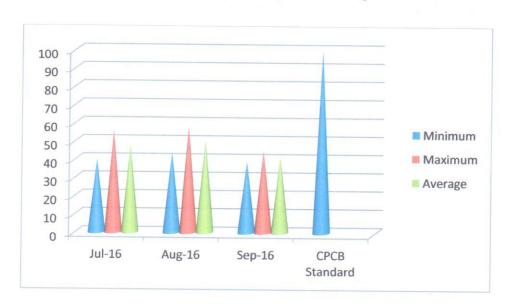
The summary of Statistical Analysis of RSPM results for the month of July-2016 to September 2016 are presented in detail in **Table 6**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and averavalues etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emiss monitoring station.

Sairaidh Campus

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM we recorded as 40 μg/m³ and 56 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 48 μg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM we recorded as 44 μ g/m³ and 58 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 51 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM we recorded as $39 \, \mu g/m^3$ and $45 \, \mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of $42 \, \mu g/m^3$.





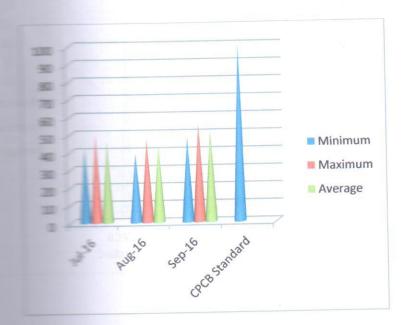
Introduction

Jaljali Village

For the more and 2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 42 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 46 μg/m³.

For the more and accorded as 32 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 43 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 45 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 52 μg/m³.



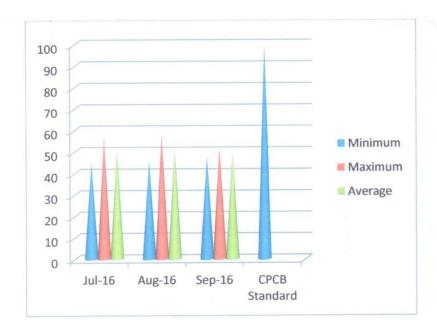
Introduction

Tatijharia Village

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 45 μ g/m³ and 57 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 51 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 46 μg/m³ and 58 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 52 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM were recorded as 48 µg/m³ and 52 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 50 µg/m³.





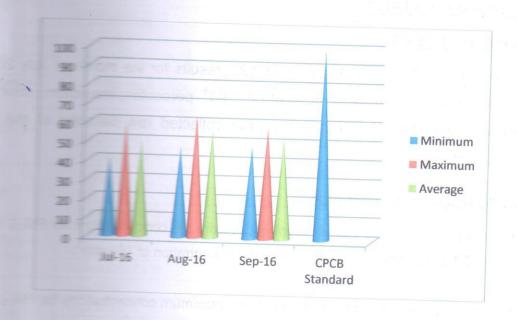
Introduction

Piprapat Nr. Miming Area

For the more of 2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM we recorded as 4 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 50 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM we recorded as 40 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 56 μ g/m³.

For the more and September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for RSPM we recorded as 45 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 53 μg/m³.





Introduction

<u>Table 8</u> <u>Statistical Analysis of PM 2.5</u>

Unit: µg/m³ Location Month & Year Min Max. G.M. A.M. 98% July-2016 12 20 16 16 20 Samri-Gopatu/ August-2016 18 24 21 21 Near Weigh bridge 24 September-2016 17 22 20 20 22 60 **CPCB Standard** (24 hrs)

Conclusion: The Average Concentration of $PM_{2.5}$ within Samri Lease during this period (July to September-2016) is 19 $\mu g/m^3$ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.

3.4 Statistical Analysis of PM 2.5:-

3.4.1 Presentation of Results.

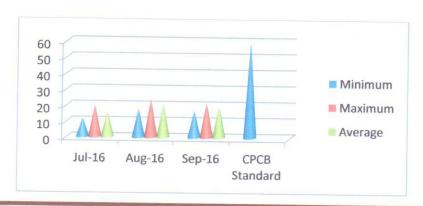
The summary of Statistical Analysis of PM_{2.5} results for the month of July 2016 to September 2016 are presented in detail in **Table 8**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and average values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emission monitoring station.

Samri-Gopatu/Near Weigh Bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for PM_{2.5} were recorded as 12 μ g/m³ and 20 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 16 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for $PM_{2.5}$ were recorded as 18 $\mu g/m^3$ and 24 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 21 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for $PM_{2.5}$ were recorded as 17 $\mu g/m^3$ and 22 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 20 $\mu g/m^3$.





Introduction

Table 9 Statistical Analysis of SO₂

Unit: ug/m³

				Unit: µg/m							
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%					
Fugitive Emission	Core Zone):-					3.7					
	July-2016	6	10	8	8	10					
Samri-Gopatu	August-2016	8	14	11	11	14					
Nr.weigh bridge	September-2016	6	8	7	7	8					
Rajendrapum	July-2016	6	8	7	7	8					
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	9	11	10	10	11					
	September-2016	8	10	9	9	10					
itiouE sales	July-2016 at 6 at	7	9	8	8	9					
Kutku Village	August-2016	8	11	10	10	11					
Nr.V.T. Centier	September-2016	6	10	8	8	10					
	July-2016	8	12	10	10	12					
Dumerkholii	August-2016	7	- 11	9	9	11					
Nr.Mining Ama	September-2016	9	10	10	10	10					
CPCI	3 Standard			80 (24 hrs)							

Location	Womth & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
Buffer Zone :-						
Wit Page 1	July-2016	6	9	8	8	9
Sairaidh Campus	#umust-2/1/16	6	10	8	8	10
	September-2016	7	10	9	9	10
Jaljali Village	300-2016	7	11	9	9	11
	#umust-2/1/15	7	11	9	9	11
	September-2016	6	8	7	7	8
	JMH-22115	9	12	11	11	12
Tatijharia Village	Humust-2/1/16	8	10	9	9	10
Nr. Weigh	September-2016	7	9	8	8	9
	JUNE JUNE	8	12	10	10	12
Piprapati Nr.Mining	August-2016	9	11	10	10	11
	September-2016	7	10	9	9	10
00	3 Standard			80 (24 hrs)		

Conclusion:-

- 1) Same Core Zone: For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SO₂ is 9 μg/m³.

 Raisen Source Zone: For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SO₂ is 9 μg/m³.
- 3) Kutus September-2016 Average of SO₂ is 9 μg/m³.
- Dumentum Section 10 μg/m³.
- The Average Within the Core Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July-August-September 2014) and the Within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.

Conclusion : I

- 1)Sairaich Carrage of SO₂ is 8 µg/m³.
- 2) Jaljali Village Land South Sof July-August-September-2016 Average of SO₂ is 8 μg/m³.
- 3)Tatijharia Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SO₂ is 9 μg/m³.
- 4) Piprapat Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of SO₂ is 10 μg/m³.
- The Assessment of Samri Lease during this period (July-August-September 2014) and the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July-August-September 2014) and the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July-August-September 2014).

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Introduction

Monthwise Summary of Statistical Analysis of SO₂

3.5 Fugitive Emission (Core Zone):-

3.5.1 Presentation of Results.

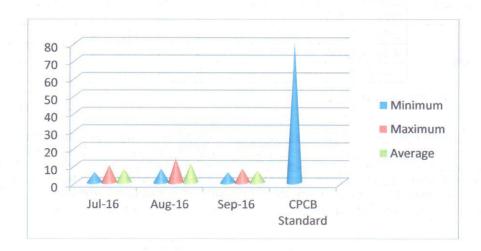
The summary of Statistical Analysis of SO₂ results for the month of July-2016 to September 2016 are presented in detail in **Table 7**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and average values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emission monitoring station.

Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 6 μ g/m³ and 10 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 8 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO₂ were recorded as 8 μg/m³ and 14 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 11 μg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 6 μ g/m³ and 8 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 7 μ g/m³.





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Hindalco Industries Limited Samri Mining Environmental Status Report for July-2016 To September-2016

Introduction

Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 6 μ g/m³ and 8 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 7 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 9 μ g/m³ and 11 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 10 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 8 μ g/m³ and 10 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 9 μ g/m³.





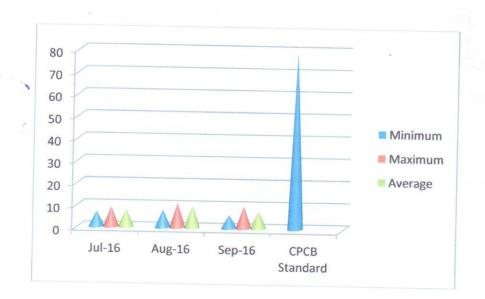
Introduction

Kutku Village/Nr.V.T. Center

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorde as 7 μ g/m³ and 9 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 8 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 8 μ g/m³ and 11 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 10 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 6 μ g/m³ and 10 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 8 μ g/m³.





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Hindalco Industries Limited Samri Mining Environmental Status Report for July-2016 To September-2016

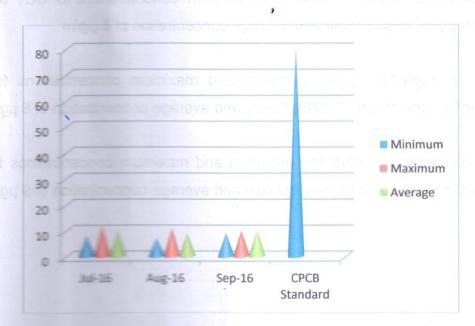
Introduction

Dumerkholi/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 8 μ g/m³ and 12 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 10 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 7 μ g/m³ and 11 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 9 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 9 μ g/m³ and 10 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 10 μ g/m³.





Introduction

3.6 Fugitive Emission (Buffer Zone):-

3.6.1 Presentation of Results.

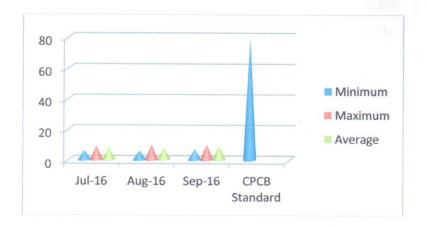
The summary of Statistical Analysis of SOx results for the month of July 2016 to Septembe 2016 are presented in detail in **Table 9**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and averag values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emissic monitoring station.

Sairaidh Campus

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorde as 6 μ g/m³ and 9 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 8 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as $6 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and $10 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ respectively and average concentration of $8 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 7 μ g/m³ and 10 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 9 μ g/m³.





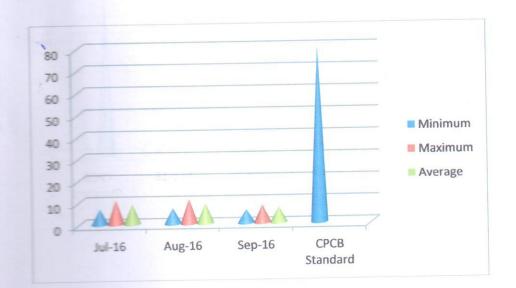
Introduction

Jaljali Village

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 7 μ g/m³ and 11 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 9 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 7 $\mu g/m^3$ and 11 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 9 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 6 $\mu g/m^3$ and 8 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 7 $\mu g/m^3$.





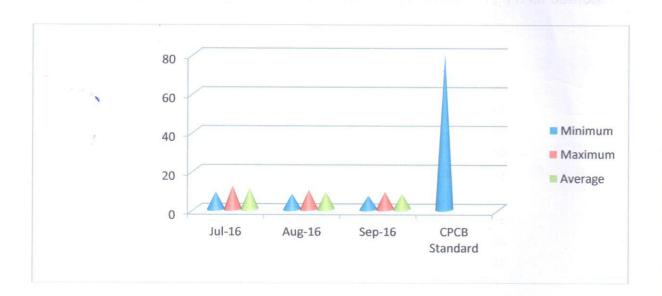
Introduction

Tatijharia Village/Nr.Weigh Bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO₂ were recorded as 9 µg/m³ and 12 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 11 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 8 μ g/m³ and 10 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 9 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO_2 were recorded as 7 μ g/m³ and 9 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 8 μ g/m³.





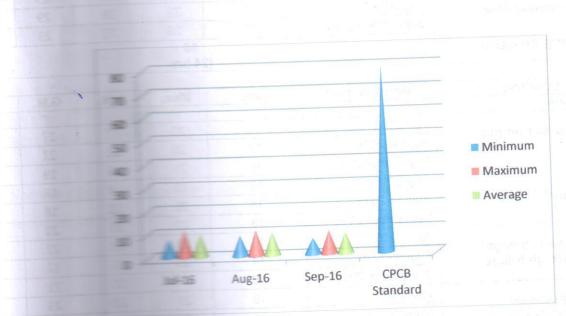
Introduction

Piprapat/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO₂ were recorded as 8 μg/m³ and 12 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 10 μg/m³.

For the more of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO₂ were recorded as 9 µg/m³ and 11 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 10 µg/m³.

For the more of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for SO₂ wer recorded as 7 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 9 μg/m³.





Introduction

Table 10 Statistical Analysis of NOx

Unit: ug/m³

				OIIIL.	µg/m	
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
ugitive Emission (Core Zo	one):-				THE SERVICE	
	July-2016	16	24	20	20	24
Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge	August-2016	24	28	26	26	28
Mr.weigh bridge	September-2016	18	20	19	19	20
Rajendrapur/	July-2016	16	23	20	20	23
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	25	30	28	28	30
	September-2016	19	23	21	21	23
	July-2016	21	24	23	23	24
Kutku Village/	August-2016	20	26	23	23	26
Nr.V.T. Center	September-2016	16	19	18	18	19
	July-2016 '	21	24	23	23	24
Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	25	32	29	29	32
	September-2016	20	26	23	23	26
CPCB Standard			80 (24 hrs)			

Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
Buffer Zone :-						
σ.	July-2016	14	20	17	17	20
Sairaidh Campus	August-2016	17	26	22	22	26
	September-2016	16	21	19	19	21
Jaljali Village	July-2016	16	19	18	18	19
	August-2016	15	20	18	18	20
	September-2016	18	22	20	20	22
	July-2016	17	26	22	22	26
Tatijharia Village/ Nr. Weigh bridge	August-2016	14	20	17	17	20
Nr. weigh bridge	September-2016	18	24	21	21	24
	July-2016	19	26	23	23	26
Piprapat/ Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	21	24	23	23	24
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	22	25	24	24	25
CPCB Standard				80 24 hrs)		

Conclusion: A)

- 1) Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge Lease Area Core Zone: For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_χ is 22 μg/m³.
- 2) Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Lease Area Core Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_X is 23 μg/m³.
- 3) Kutku Village / Nr.V.T. Center Lease Area Core Zone: For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_X is 21 µg/m³.
- 4) Dumerkholi/ Nr.Mining Lease Area Core Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_X is 25 µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of NO_X within the Core Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July-August-September-2016) is 23 μg/m³ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.

Conclusion: B)

- 1)Sairaidh Campus Lease Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_X is 19 µg/m³.

 2)Jaljali VillageLease Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_X is 19 µg/m³.
- 3)Tatijharia Village/ Nr. Weigh bridge Lease Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_x is 20µg/m³.
 4) Piprapat/ Nr.Mining Lease Area Buffer Zone:- For the Months of July-August-September-2016 Average of NO_x is 23 µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of NO_X within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July-August-September-2016) is 20 μg/m³ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.



Introduction

Monthwise Summary of Statistical Analysis of NOx

3.7 Fugitive Emission (Core Zone):-

3.7.1 Presentation of Results.

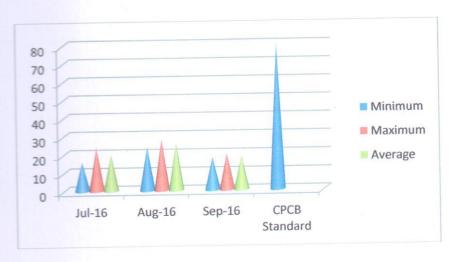
The summary of Statistical Analysis of NOx results for the month of July-2016 to September-2016 are presented in detail in **Table 10**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and average values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emission monitoring station.

Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 16 $\mu g/m^3$ and 24 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 20 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 24 µg/m³ and 28 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 26 µg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 18 $\mu g/m^3$ and 20 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 19 $\mu g/m^3$.





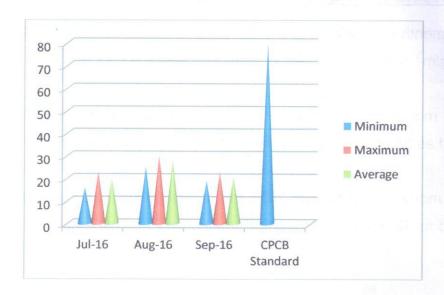
Introduction

Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorde as 16 μ g/m³ and 23 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 20 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 25 µg/m³ and 30 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 28 µg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 19 μ g/m³, and 23 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 21 μ g/m³.





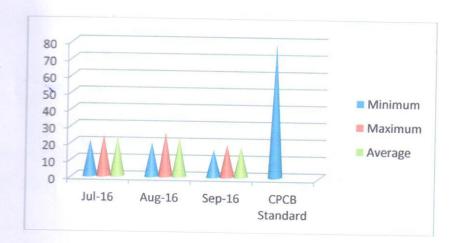
Introduction

Kutku Village/Nr.V.T. Center

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 21 µg/m³ and 24 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 23 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 20 $\mu g/m^3$ and 26 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 23 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 16 $\mu g/m^3$ and 19 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 18 $\mu g/m^3$.





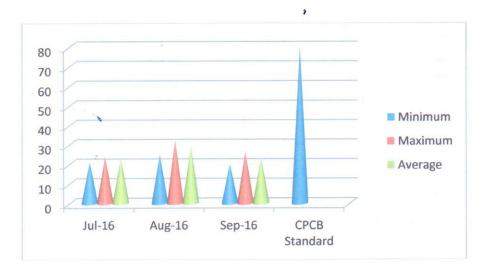
Introduction

Dumerkholi/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 21 µg/m³ and 24 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 23 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 25 μ g/m³ and 32 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 29 μ g/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 20 $\mu g/m^3$ and 26 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 23 $\mu g/m^3$.





Introduction

3.8 Fugitive Emission (Buffer Zone):-

3.8.1 Presentation of Results.

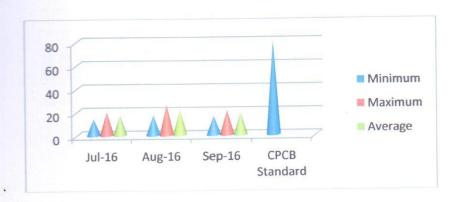
The summary of Statistical Analysis of NOx results for the month of July-2016 to September-2016 are presented in detail in **Table 10**. 98th percentile; maximum, minimum and average values etc have been computed from the collected raw data for all the Fugitive emission monitoring station.

Sairaidh Campus

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 14 μ g/m³ and 20 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 17 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 17 $\mu g/m^3$ and 26 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 22 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 16 $\mu g/m^3$ and 21 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 19 $\mu g/m^3$.





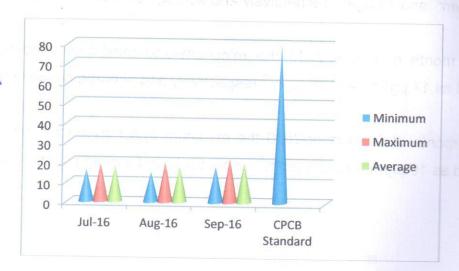
Introduction

Jaljali Village

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorde as 16 μ g/m³ and 19 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 18 μ g/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 15 $\mu g/m^3$ and 20 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 18 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 18 μg/m³ and 22 μg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 20 μg/m³.





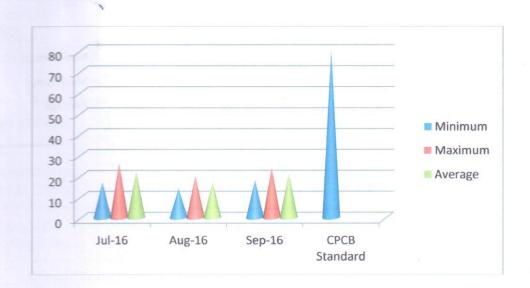
Introduction

Tatijharia Village/Nr.Weigh Bridge

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 17 µg/m³ and 26 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 22 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 14 $\mu g/m^3$ and 20 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively and average concentration of 17 $\mu g/m^3$.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 18 μ g/m³ and 24 μ g/m³ respectively and average concentration of 21 μ g/m³.





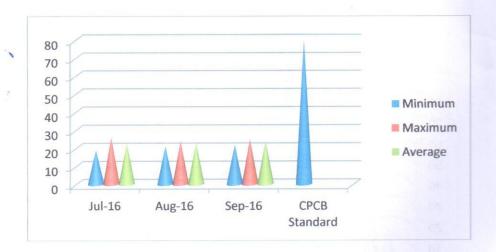
Introduction

Piprapat/Nr.Mining Area

For the month of July-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorde as 19 µg/m³ and 26 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 23 µg/m³.

For the month of August-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 21 µg/m³ and 24 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 23 µg/m³.

For the month of September-2016 the minimum and maximum concentrations for NOx were recorded as 22 µg/m³ and 25 µg/m³ respectively and average concentration of 24 µg/m³.





Introduction

Table 11
Statistical Analysis of Pb

Unit: µg/m³

					Unit: µg/n	1
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
ugitive Emission	(Core Zone):-					-
0	July-2016	0.024	0.028	0.026	0.026	0.028
Samri-Gopatu/	August-2016	0.027	0.034	0.031	0.031	0.034
Nr.weigh bridge	September-2016	0.018	0.024	0.021	0.021	0.024
Rajendrapur/	July-2016	0.020	0.029	0.025	0.025	0.029
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	0.023	0.027	0.025	0.025	0.027
LESSES CONTRACTOR	September-2016	0.019	0.026	0.023	0.023	0.026
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Kutku Village/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr.V.T. Center	September-2016	ND	ND,	ND	ND	ND
	July-2016	0.018	0.030	0.024	0.024	0.030
Dumerkholi/	August-2016	0.024	0.038	0.031	0.031	0.038
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	0.021	0.032	0.027	0.027	0.032
CPCB Standard			1.0 (24	hrs)		

Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%
Buffer Zone :-					1-6-25-4-1916	1-1/12
Sairaidh Campus	July-2016	0.019	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.024
GNO	August-2016	0.016	0.022	0.019	0.019	0.022
	September-2016	0.017	0.023	0.020	0.020	0.023
a light series	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Jaljali Village	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
T (11) - 1 - 1011 1	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tatijharia Village/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr. Weigh bridge	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ou	July-2016	0.018	0.026	0.022	0.022	0.026
Piprapat/	August-2016	0.020	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.024
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	0.016	0.020	0.018	0.018	0.020
CPCB Sta	andard			1.0 (24 h	rs)	The Artist

onclusion: A)

The Average Concentration of Pb within the Core Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July to ptember-2016) is 0.026 µg/m³ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.

enclusion: B)

The Average Concentration of Pb within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July September-2016) is 0.021µg/m³ and it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standard.



Introduction

Table 12

Statistical Analysis of Hg

Unit: ug/m3

					Ollic. pg	/
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%le
Fugitive Emission (Core Zone):-				-upaniba	Sam
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Samri-Gopatu/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr.weigh bridge	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Rajendrapur/	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Kutku Village/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr.V.T. Center	September-2016	'ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
- II III	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dumerkholi/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Buffer Zone :-						
0 : : !! 0	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Sairaidh Campus	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Jaljali Village	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
,	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tatijharia Village/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr. Weigh bridge	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Piprapat/	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nr.Mining Area	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
CPCB Sta				SUDUA	SONA -	15.514

ND-Not Detected.

Conclusion: A)

The Average Concentration of Hg within the Core Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July to September-2016) is Not Detected.

Conclusion: B)

The Average Concentration of Hg within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July to September-2016) is Not Detected.



Introduction

Table 13 Statistical Analysis of As

				Unit: ng/m ³			
Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%	
Fugitive Emission (Core Zone):-		di Tana	14			
Samri-Gopatu/	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND I	ND	
Nr.weigh bridge	August-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
	September-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
Rajendrapur/	July-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
my tipe and the	September-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
Kutku Village/	August-2016	ND.	ND	ND		ND	
Nr.V.T. Center	September-2016	ND,	ND	ND		ND	
Dumerkholi/	July-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
3 7 11 3 C	September-2016	ND	ND	ND		ND	
CPCB Standard		(A	06 (nnual)		.,,,	140	

Location	Month & Year	Min.	Max.	A.M.	G.M.	98%	
Buffer Zone :-			I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	A.IVI.	G.W.	90%	
Sairaidh Campus	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
25.55(19)	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Jaljali Village	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tatijharia Village/	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Nr. Weigh bridge	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
- January Company	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Piprapat/	July-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Nr.Mining Area	August-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	September-2016	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
CPCB St	andard	06 (Annual)					

onclusion: A)

The Average Concentration of As within the Core Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July to eptember-2016) is Not Detected.

onclusion: B)

The Average Concentration of As within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (July September-2016) is Not Detected.



Introduction

Free Silica :-

Sr.	Location	Measurement Unit	July-2016		August-2016		September-2016	
140.			SPM	RSPM	SPM	RSPM	SPM	RSPM
1.	Rajendrapur/ Near Mining Area	g/100gm	0.24	0.16	0.31	0.18	0.29	0.14

'Table 14

Dust fall Rate

Sr. No.	Location	July-2016	August-2016	September- 2016	Average			
	A TABLE TALL VENT	Rate (MT/km²/Month)						
1.	Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area	17.92	24.56	28.17	23.55			
2.	Samri-Gopatu/Nr.Weigh Bridge	14.59	22.37	26.58	21.18			



Introduction

Table-15

Noise Level Monitoring

		Unit: dB(A)					
SI. No.	Location	July-2016		August-2016		September 2016	
		Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night
Core Z	one						
1.	Samri-Gopatu/Nr.Weigh Bridge	57	43	61	54	67	58
2.	Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Area	61	, 52	64	59	58	46
3.	Kutku Village/Nr.V.T.Center	54	41	51	37	46	39
4.	Dumerkholi/Nr.Mining Area	62	56	59	51	64	53
Buffer 2	Zone			2 - 12			
1.	Sairaidh Campùs	47	38	51	42	49	37
2.	Jaljali Village	51	42	48	37	46	39
3.	Tatijharia Village/Nr.Weigh Bridge	48	37	52	41	51	43
4.	Piprapat/Near Mining Area	52	41	46	37	49	38

CPCB Standards for Residential Area: 55 (Day time) 45 (Night time) Industrial Area: 75 (Day time) 70 (Night time)

Table 15-(A)

HEMM Spot Noise Level Monitoring

SI. No.	Location	July-2016		August-2016			September-2016			
	nodewier out.	Min.	Max.	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Avg.
1.	Rajendrapur/Nr .Mining Area	62.8	71.6	67.2	64.9	74.8	69.9	67.3	79.2	73.3

Note:- All the Values are in CPCB Limit.



Introduction

3.9 Ground Water Quality:- Most of the villages in the nearby plant area have hand pumps and wells, a most of the residents of these villages make use of this water for drinking and other domestic uses for

Table 16 Report on Chemical Examination of Ground Water (Average of Three Months July-August-September-2016)

Location:

GW1) Rajendrapur / Near Mining Area

TEST RESULTS

Sr. No.	Test Parameter	Measurement Unit	Test Method	(Drinkin	10500 : 2012 g Water - lication)	Test Result
1	ml color			Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	
1.	pH value	-	IS 3025 (Part 11)	6.5 to 8.5	No relaxation	7.26 at 26°C
2.	Turbidity	NTU	IS 3025 (Part 10)	1	5	0.8
3.	Colour	Hazen units	IS 3025 (Part 4)	5	15	15 2
4.	Odour	-	IS 3025 (Part 5)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
5.	Taste	-	IS 3025 (Part 8)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
6.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.3	No relaxation	0.17
7.	Free residual chlorine	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 26)	Min. 0.2	Min. 1	< 0.1
8.	Total dissolved solids	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 16)	500	2000	269
9.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 60)	1.0	1.5	0.24
10.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 27)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.005
11.	Chloride (as CI)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 32)	250	1000	112.56
12.	Total Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)	mg/I	IS 3025 (Part 23)	200	600	152.73
13.	Total hardness (as CaCO ₃)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 21)	200	600	192.04
14.	Calcium (as Ca)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 40)	75	200	61.57
15.	Magnesium (as Mg)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 46)	30	100	9.28
16.	Sulphate (as SO ₄)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 24)	200	400	37.19
17.	Nitrate (as NO ₃)	mg/l	APHA Method	45	No relaxation	< 2
18.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	1.5	< 0.03
19.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.1	0.3	<0.05
20.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.001	No relaxation	
21.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.003	No relaxation	< 0.0005
22.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001
23.	Arsenic (as As)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.01	0.05	< 0.001
24.	Aluminium (as Al)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.03	0.05	< 0.01
25.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.03		< 0.005
26.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	5	No relaxation	< 0.001

'<' indicates detection limit of the laboratory.

Contd.....



Introduction

Contd....)

Test Parameter	Measurement	Test Method	As per IS 10 (Drinking Water -			
	Unit	rest method	Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	Test Result	
Nickel (as Ni)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.02	No relaxation	< 0.01	
Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03	
Barium (as Ba)	mg/l	Annexure F of IS 13428	0.7	No relaxation	< 0.01	
Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 34)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.01	
Sulphide (as H ₂ S)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 29)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03	
Chloramines (as Cl ₂)	mg/l	APHA 4500-CI'G	4.0	No relaxation	< 0.01	
Molybdenum (as Mo)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.07	No relaxation	< 0.001	
Silver (as Ag)	mg/l	Annexure J of IS 13428	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.001	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	μg/I	USEPA 508	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.03	
Boron (as B)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.5	1.0	< 0.1	
Mineral Oil	→ mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 39)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.001	
Tri Halo Methane						
a. Bromoform	*		0.1	No relaxation	Absent	
b. Dibromochloromethane			0.1	No relaxation	Absent	
c. Bromodichloromethane	mg/l	APHA 6232	0.06	No relaxation	Absent	
d.Chloroform		A A	0.2	No relaxation	Absent	
Phenolic compounds (as C ₆ H ₅ OH)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 43) :1001	0.001	0.002	< 0.001	
Anionic detergents (as MBAS)	mg/l	IS 13428:2005 (Annex K)	0.2	1.0	< 0.001	
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)	µg/l	USEPA : 550	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.03	
Total coliform	MPN/100 ml	IS 1622		/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	< 2	
Escherichia coli	Per100 ml	IS 1622	Absent	Absent	Absent	

< indicates detection limit of the laboratory.

Contd.....



Introduction

(Contd....)

Sr. No.		Measurement Unit	Test Method	As per IS 10500 : 2012 (Drinking Water - Specification)	Test Resu
44.	Pesticides residues	The state of the s		Specification)	57 188 k /
i.	Alpha-HCH	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.01	< 0.01
ii.	Beta HCH	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
iii.	Delta- HCH	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
iv.	Alachlor	µg/l	USEPA 508	20	
٧.	Aldrin / Dieldrin	µg/I	USEPA 508	0.03	< 0.03
vi.	Atrazine	µg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03
vii.	Butachlor	µg/l '	USEPA 508	125	< 0.03
viii.	Chlorpyrifos	µg/l	USEPA 1657	30	ETASEL FIRE
ix.	DDT and its Isomers	µg/l	USEPA 508	1	< 0.03
X.	Gamma - HCH (Lindane)	µg/l	USEPA 508	2	< 0.03
xi.	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
xii.	Endosulphan	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.4	< 0.03
ciii.	Ethion	µg/l	USEPA 1657	3	< 0.03
civ.	Isoproturon	µg/l	USEPA 1657		< 0.03
(V.	Malathion	µg/l	USEPA 1657	9	< 0.03
vi.	Methyl Parathion	µg/l	USEPA 1657	190	< 0.03
vii.	Monocrotophos	µg/l	USEPA 1657	0. 3	< 0.03
iii.	Phorate			1	< 0.03
		µg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03

Note: 1. Results relate to tested sample only. 2. Test report should not be reproduced partially. 3. *Permissible limit in the absence of alternate source. 4. 'mg/l' is equivalent to 'ppm' 5. 'µg/l' is equivalent to 'ppb' 6. '<' indicates detection limit of the laboratory. 7. MPN-Most probable number. 8. Results for test no. 7 are not applicable.

REMARKS: Based upon request of the party, sample was tested for above mentioned parameters only. Sample complies with IS:10500:2012, for tests conducted, indicating that it is fit for drinking purpose with respect to tested parameters.



Introduction

Table 17

Monthly Report on Chemical Examination of Surface Water

(Nallahs Near by Rajendrapur/Near Mining Area)

(Average of Three Months July-August-September-2016)

ir.	Test Parameter	Measurement	Test Method	As per IS 10500 : 2012 (Drinking Water - Specification)		Test Result
0.		Unit		Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	
1.	pH value	-	IS 3025 (Part 11)	6.5 to 8.5	No relaxation	6.82 at 26°C
2	Turbidity	NTU-	IS 3025 (Part 10)	1	5	8.1
3.	Colour	Hazen units	IS 3025 (Part 4)	5	15	17
4.	Odour	- ,	IS 3025 (Part 5)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
5.	Taste	-	IS 3025 (Part 8)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
6.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.3	No relaxation	0.31
7.	Free residual chlorine	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 26)	Min. 0.2	Min. 1	< 0.1
8.	Total dissolved solids	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 16)	500	2000	352
9.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 60)	1.0	1.5	0.34
0.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 27)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.005
11.	Chloride (as Cl)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 32)	250	1000	162.94
2.	Total Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)	mg/i	IS 3025 (Part 23)	200	600	159.26
3.	Total hardness (as CaCO ₃)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 21)	200	600	250.95
14.	Calcium (as Ca)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 40)	75	200	81.67
15.	Magnesium (as Mg)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 46)	30	100	11.39
16.	Sulphate (as SO ₄)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 24)	200	400	112.54
17.	Nitrate (as NO ₃)	mg/l	APHA Method	45	No relaxation	7.38
18.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	1.5	< 0.03
19.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.1	0.3	<0.05
20.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.001	No relaxation	< 0.0005
21.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.003	No relaxation	< 0.001
22.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001
23.	Arsenic (as As)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.01	0.05	< 0.01
24.	Aluminium (as Al)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.03	0.2	< 0.005
25.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001
26.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	5	15	0.28

^{&#}x27;<' indicates detection limit of the laboratory.

Contd.....



Introduction

(Contd....)

Sr.	Test Parameter	Measurement Unit	Test Method	As per IS 10500 : 2012 (Drinking Water - Specification)		Test Result
NO				Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	
27.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.02	No relaxation	< 0.01
28.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03
29.	Barium (as Ba)	mg/l	Annexure F of IS 13428	0.7	No relaxation	< 0.01
30.	Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 34)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.01
31.	Sulphide (as H ₂ S)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 29)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03
32.	Chloramines (as Cl ₂)	mg/l	APHA 4500-CI'G	4.0	No relaxation	< 0.01
33.	Molybdenum (as Mo)	mg/l	IŞ 3025 (Part 2)	0.07	No relaxation	< 0.001
34.	Silver (as Ag)	mg/l	Annexure J of IS 13428	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.001
35.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	µg/I	USEPA 508	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.03
36.	Boron (as B)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.5	1.0	0.18
37.	Mineral Oil	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 39)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.001
38.	Tri Halo Methane			54		ast ebrica
	a. Bromoform		ABUA 0000	0.1	No relaxation	Absent
	b. Dibromochloromethane			0.1	No relaxation	Absent
	c. Bromodichloromethane	mg/l	APHA 6232	0.06	No relaxation	Absent
	d.Chloroform		Same of Vila	0.2	No relaxation	Absent
39.	Phenolic compounds (as C ₆ H ₅ OH)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 43) :1001	0.001	0.002	< 0.001
40.	Anionic detergents (as MBAS)	mg/l	IS 13428:2005 (Annex K)	0.2	1.0	< 0.001
41.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)	µg/l	USEPA : 550	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.03
42.	Total coliform	MPN/100 ml	IS 1622		- (n)	1600
43.	Escherichia coli	Per100 ml	IS 1622	Absent	Absent	Present

^{&#}x27;<' indicates detection limit of the laboratory.

Contd..



Introduction

(Contd....)

	Sr. No.	Test Parameter	Measurement Unit	Test Method	As per IS 10500 : 2012 (Drinking Water - Specification)	Test Result
	44.	Pesticides residues			openioution)	
	i	Alpha-HCH	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.01	< 0.01
		Beta HCH	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
-		Delta- HCH	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
		Alachlor	µg/l	USEPA 508	20	< 0.03
		Aldrin / Dieldrin	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.03	< 0.03
		Atrazine	µg/l	, USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03
		Butachlor	µg/l	USEPA 508	125	< 0.03
		Chlorpyrifos	μg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
		DDT and its Isomers	µg/l	USEPA 508	1	< 0.03
		Gamma - HCH (Lindane)	µg/l	USEPA 508	2	< 0.03
-		2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
	7	Endosulphan	µg/l	USEPA 508	0.4	< 0.03
		Ethion	µg/l	USEPA 1657	3	< 0.03
		Isoproturon	µg/l	USEPA 1657	9	< 0.03
	+	Malathion	µg/l	USEPA 1657	190	< 0.03
	1	Methyl Parathion	µg/l	USEPA 1657	0.3	< 0.03
	+	Monocrotophos	µg/l	USEPA 1657	0.3	- Constitution
		Phorate			21 1	< 0.03
			µg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03

Note:1. Results relate to tested sample only.2. Test report should not be reproduced partially. 3. *Permissible limit in the absence of alternate source. 4. 'mg/l' is equivalent to 'ppm' 5. 'µg/l' is equivalent to 'ppb' 6. '<' indicates detection limit of the laboratory. 7. MPN-Most probable number.8. Results for test no. 7 are not applicable.

REMARKS: Based upon request of the party, sample was tested for above mentioned parameters only.



Introduction

Table 18

Soil Analysis Report

Date of collection: September-2016

	Date of Co	niection: September-20	16	
Sr. No	Test Parameters		Results	
51. 140	rest Parameters	Measurement Unit	Rajendrapur/Nr.Mining Are	
1	pH	-	6.73 at 26°C	
2	Electrical Conductivity at 25°C	μS/cm	294	
3	Texture	-	Silty clay	
4	Sand	%	43.6	
5	Silt	%	27.1	
6	Clay	, %	30.3	
7	Bulk Density	g/cc	1.18	
8	Porosity	%	24	
9	Water Holding Capacity	%	56	
10	Exchangeable Calcium as Ca	mg/kg	24.92	
11	Exchangeable Magnesium as Mg	mg/kg	8.16	
12	Exchangeable Sodium as Na	mg/kg	26.3	
13	Available Potassium as K	kg/ha.	37.2	
14	Available Phosphorous as P	kg/ha.	64.7	
15	Available Nitrogen as N	kg/ha.	204.16	
16	Organic Matter	%	0.17	
17	Organic Carbon	%	0.17	
18	Water Soluble Chloride as CI +	mg/kg	19.3	
19	Water Soluble Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/kg	8.4	
20	Sodium Absorption Ratio	7	7.16	
21	CEC	meq/100 gm		
22	Total Iron	%	11.3	
23	Available Manganese	mg/kg	5.9	
24	Available Zinc	mg/kg	0.07	
25	Available Boron		0.018	
		ilig/kg	0.009	

Method of sampling and analysis: IS: 2720 and methods of soil analysis, part I, 2nd Ed, 1986 of (American society for Agronomy and soil science society of America)

Note: 1. Results relate to tested sample only. 2. Test report should not be reproduced partially. 3. 'mg/Kg' is equivalent to 'ppm'. 4. 'g/100g' is equivalent to '%w/w'. 5. All parameters are in 1:5 water extract.

REMARKS: Based upon request of party, sample was tested for above mentioned parameters only.



Introduction

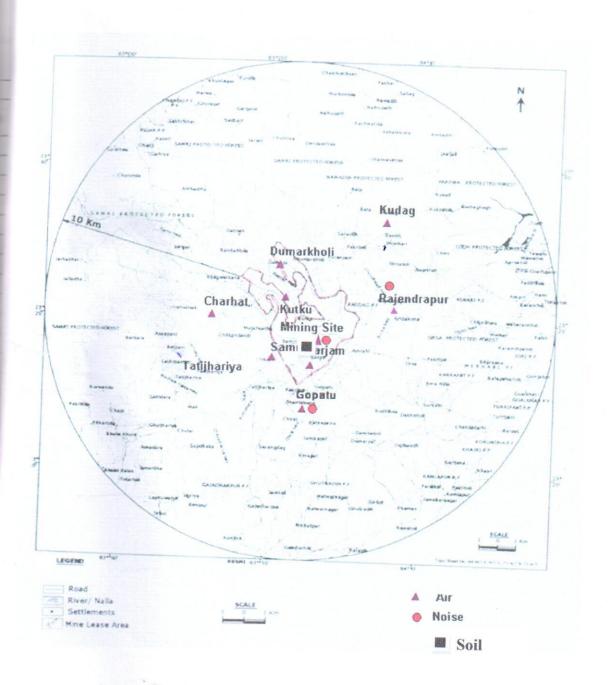


Fig 3: Sampling Locations for Air, Noise



Introduction

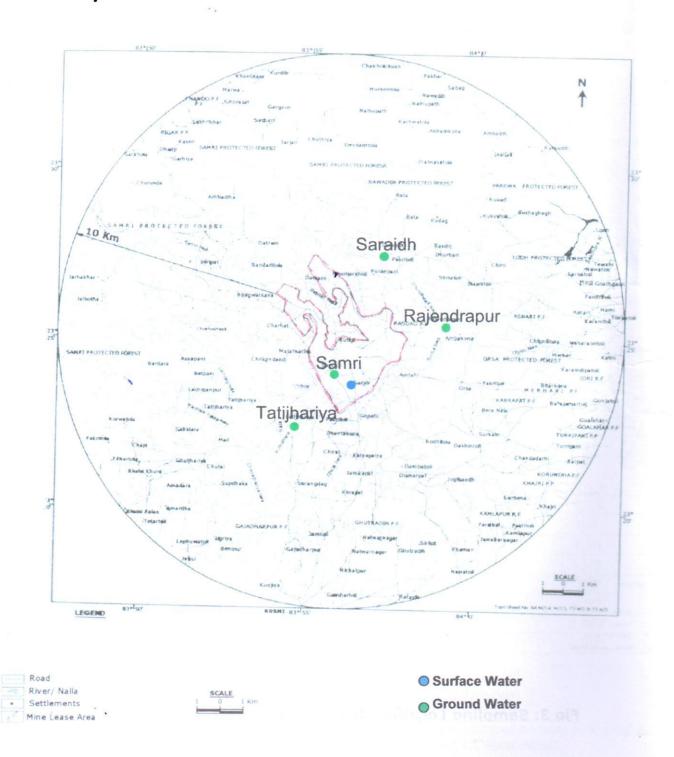


Fig 04: Sampling Locations for Water



CHHATTISGARH ENVIRONMENT CONSERVATION BOARD Commercial Complex, Chhattisgarh Housing Board Colony, Kabir Nagar, Raipur (C.G.) 492 099

No. 6426 PS/CECB/2015

To,

M/s Hindalco Industries Limited, Samri Bauxite Mine,

Village-Samri, Gopatu & Dumerkholi,

Tehsil-Samri,

District-Surguia (C.G.)

Raipur, dated: 3 1 1 12015

Sub: Renewal of consent of the Board for Bauxite Ore Mine under section 21 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.

- Ref: 1. Consent of the Board for Bauxite Ore Mine issued under section 2.1 of the Air (Prevention and Control of, Pollution) Act, 1981 vide letter no. 6878/TS/CECB/2007 Raipur, dated: 24/12/2007.
 - Last renewal of the Board for Bauxite Ore Mine issued under section 21 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 vide letter no. 5643/TS/CECB/2014 Raipur, dated: 05/03/2014.
 - 3. Your letter no. HIL/SAM/CECB/422/2014/05, dated: 23/07/2014 and subsequent correspondence ending letter dated: 23/09/2014.

--:: 00 ::--

With reference to your above application consent is hereby renewed for a period of two years i.e. from 01/12/2014 to 30/11/2016, subject to the fulfillment of the terms and conditions incorporated in the consent letter No. 6878/TS/CECB/2007 Raipur, dated: 24/12/2007, subsequent renewals of consent issued by the Board and additional conditions mentioned below.

This renewal of consent is valid for production capacity of:-

Name	Production Capacity
Mining of bauxite ore	5.0 Lakhs Tonne per Annum
	[Five Lakhs Tonne per Annum]

Additional Conditions

1. Industry shall operate and maintain the air pollution control system effectively and regularly. Effective steps shall be taken to control fugitive dust emission. Fixed type automatic water sprinkling system shall be installed at haul road / other roads, ore stock yard etc. Dust suppression system (water sprinkling arrangement) shall be made more effective to ensure ambient air quality within prescribed limit. Industry shall maintain the ambient air quality within prescribed limit in and around the mine area all the time. Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board may further stipulate stringent particulate matter emission limit depending upon environmental conditions.

- 2. Regular monitoring for the measurement of air pollutants level in ambient shall be carried out. Industry shall submit ambient air quality monitoring reports to the Board regularly every month.
- 3. Industry shall ensure safe and scientific arrangement for disposal of all solid wastes.
- 4. All internal roads shall be maintained properly. Dust muck and sludge generated due to transportation on the roads shall be cleaned and disposed off properly. Industry shall improve housekeeping within mine lease area. Industry shall ensure the transportation of ore in duly covered vehicles.
- 5. Industry shall use fly ash brick, fly ash blocks or fly ash based products in their construction/repairing activities.
- 6. Wide green belt of broad leaf local species shall be developed along the mine lease area. As far as possible maximum area of open spaces shall be utilized for plantation purposes. Extensive tree plantation shall be carried out in this year including plantation in over burden area.
- 7. Industry shall submit Environment Statement to this Board as per provision of Environment (Protection) amendment Rule, 1993 for the previous year ending 31st March on or before 30th September every year.

Please acknowledge the receipt of this letter.

For & on behalf of Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board Raipur (C.G.)

Member Secretary
Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board
Raipur (C.G.)

Endt. No. Copy to: - /TS/CECB/2015

Raipur, dated: / 1/2015

Regional Officer, Regional Office, Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board, Ambikapur (C.G.). Please ensure compliance and report, if any condition/conditions are violated by the industry.

Member Secretary
Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board
Raipur (C.G.)



CHHATTISGARH ENVIRONMENT CONSERVATION BOARD Commercial Complex, Chhattisgarh Housing Board Colony, Kabir Nagar, Raipur (C.G.) 492 099

No. 64-24/ITS/CECB/2015

Raipur, dated: 3/1/2015

To,

M/s Hindalco Industries Limited, Samri Bauxite Mine, Village-Samri, Gopatu & Dumerkholi, Tehsil-Samri, District-Surguja (C.G.)



Sub: Renewal of consent of the Board under section 25/26 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.

Ref: 1. Consent of the Board issued under section 25/26 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 vide letter no. 6876/TS/CECB/2007 Raipur, dated: 24/12/2007.

- 2. Last renewal of the Board issued under section 25/26 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 vide letter no. 564M/TS/CECB/2014 Raipur, dated: 05/03/2014.
- 3. Your letter no. HIL/SAM/CECB/422/2014/05, dated: 23/07/2014 and subsequent correspondence ending letter dated: 23/09/2014.

--:: 00 ::--

With reference to your above application consent is hereby renewed for a period of two years i.e. from 01/12/2014 to 30/11/2016, subject to the fulfillment of the terms and conditions incorporated in the schedule of the consent letter no. 6876/TS/CECB/2007 Raipur, dated: 24/12/2007, subsequent renewals of consent issued by the Board and additional conditions mentioned below.

This renewal of consent is valid for production capacity of: -

Name	Production Capacity
Mining of bauxite ore	5.0 Lakhs Tonne per Annum
	[Five Lakhs Tonne per Annum]

Additional Conditions

1. Industry shall operate and maintain the effluent treatment system effectively and regularly. Industry shall ensure treated effluent quality within the standards prescribed by Board published in Gazette Notification dated: 25/03/1988. Treated effluent shall be used for dust suppression, domestic use, irrigation, other useful purposes etc. Industry shall not discharge any treated / untreated effluent in to the river or any surface water bodies. No effluent shall be discharged outside of the mine premises in any circumstances; hence zero discharge condition shall be maintained all the time; failing which, this renewal of consent may be cancelled.

- Industry shall ensure safe and scientific arrangement for disposal of all solid 2. wastes.
- All internal roads shall be maintained properly. Dust muck and sludge 3. generated due to transportation on the roads shall be cleaned and disposed off properly. Industry shall improve housekeeping within mine lease area. industry shall ensure the transportation of ore in duly covered vehicles.
- Industry shall use fly ash brick, fly ash blocks or fly ash based products in 4. their construction/repairing activities.
- Industry shall adopt rainwater-harvesting technique in the project area and 5. residential area (if any) for recharge of ground water.
- Garland drains with appropriate check dams shall be provided all along the 6. raw ore storage areas, over burden storage area etc. to avoid any possibility of erosion during rain.
- 7. Industry shall submit monitoring report of effluent regularly.
- Wide green belt of broad leaf local species shall be developed along the mine 8. lease area. As far as possible maximum area of open spaces shall be utilized for plantation purposes. Extensive tree plantation shall be carried out in this year including plantation in over burden area.
- Industry shall submit Environment Statement to this Board as per provision of 9. Environment (Protection) amendment Rule, 1993 for the previous year ending 31st March on or before 30th September every year.

Please acknowledge the receipt of this letter.

For & on behalf of Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board Raipur (C.G.)

> Member Secretary Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board Raipur (C.G.)

Endt. No. Copy to: -

/TS/CECB/2015

Raipur, dated: / /2015

- Regional Officer, Regional Office, Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board, Ambikapur (C.G.). Please ensure compliance and report, if any condition/conditions are violated by the industry.
- Cess Section, Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board, Raipur (C.G.)

Member Secretary Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board Raipur (C.G.)

Hindalco Industries Ltd. Mines Division, Samri

Lease wise Production 2015-16

15		
Lease	Production (MT)	
Samri	411399.000	
Kudag	49372.000	
Tatijharia	365945.000	
Total	826716.000	

Samri Mines Division
Hindalco Industries Ltd

Actual Expenditure incurred in Environment Management Plan:-

Total cost for protection of environment in Samri, Tatijharia & Kudag Bauxite Mine of Hindalco Industries Ltd. of Chhattisgarh state during the second half period of F.Y. 2016-17 (Apr 16- Sep-16).

SI No-	Environment Protection Measures	Actual Cost (Lac) (F.Y. 2016-17) (Apr 16- Sept 16))
1	Pollution Control	9.75
2	Environment Monitoring	1.51
3	Green Belt	9.23
4	Reclamation/Rehabilitation of mined out area (Samri -4.215 Ha. Tatijharia-2.880 Ha. Kudag- 0.500 Ha. Total – 7.595 Ha.)	37.975
5	Total	58.465

- Environment monitoring jobs has been out sourced to Annacon Lab, recognized by MoEF (GOI)
 NABL etc.
- One centralized nursery has been established at Samri mines among three leases viz, Samri, Tatijharia & Kudag.
- Reclamation of mined out land has been out sourced along with production. Average cost of reclamation considered @ 5.0 Lac per Ha.

Agent of Mines
Semri Mines Division
Hindalco Industries Ltd