Environmental Status Report For Samri Bauxite Mine at Post & Teh.: Samri,(Kusmi) Dist: Balrampur-Ramanujganj(C.G.)

Duration: January-February-March-2020

Name of Industry:-



M/s. Hindalco Industries Limited.,

Name of Laboratory:-



QCI-NABET, MoEF & CC (GOI) ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, OHSAS 18001:2007 60, Bajiprabhu Nagar, Nagpur - 440 033, MS Lab. & Consultancy: FP-34, 35, Food Park, MIDC, Butibori, Nagpur – 441122 Ph.: (0712) 2242077, 9373287475 Email: *info@anacon.in*, *ngp@anacon.in* website: <u>www.anaconlaboratories.com</u>

Samri Mines Division Hindalco Industries Ltd

Foreword

The protection of environment plays a crucial role in maintaining the local environment quality for any mining industry. Hence compliance of the statutory requirements becomes very important to conserve the ecological balance within and surrounding the mine area. Therefore, environment protection is becoming a prerequisite for sustainable development. In line with this requirement, the management of M/s Hindalco Industries Ltd. has adopted a corporate responsibility of environment protection.

In order to comply with the Environment protection act, to fulfill statutory requirement and to be in tune with Environmental Preservation and sustainable development, M/s Hindalco Industries Ltd. has retained ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD., Nagpur as Environment Consultants and for various Environmental issues related to their mines.

This report presents the Environmental Status for the period January-2020 to March-2020 as compliance to the statutory requirements.

The co-operation extended by the Staff and Management of M/s Hindalco Industries Ltd. during the work execution period is gratefully acknowledged.

Place : Nagpur Date : March, 2020



For ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD.

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Authorized Signatory



1.1 Introduction

HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LIMITED (Hindalco) is one among the flagship companies of the Aditya Birla Group of Industries and is one of the largest corporate groups in India. This group is a leading manufacturer of Aluminum in India, having integrated facilities encompassing bauxite mining, refining and smelting to achieve Aluminium.

Various processing units of HINDALCO are strategically located in different parts of the nation to achieve optimum benefits. Over the past few decades the group has grown multifold in its production capacities, product mix and diversification in mining. HINDALCO possesses bauxite mine leases of Kudag, Samri and Tatijharia mines in Balrampur district of Chhattisgarh State.

HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LTD. awarded the work to M/s ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD. Nagpur (ALPL) for carrying out Environmental monitoring of parameters for assessing pollution levels and preparation of monthly report (January-*February-March-2020*) as per the requirement of Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board (CECB) and Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) for Samri mining leases in Balrampur District, ChhattisgarhState.

1.2 Background Information of SamriMine

HINDALCO was granted Samri Bauxite mining lease over an area of 2146.746 hec in Samri, Dumarkholi, Gopatu villages in Post Office& Tehsil Samri (Kusmi) of Balrampur district, Chhattisgarh on 24/06/1998 for a period of 20 years. As per the Mines and Mineral (Development and Regulation) Amendment Act, 2015, Samri lease has been extended up to another 30 years i.e 23/06/2048. The mining operations were started on 25/05/1999. The production capacity of Bauxite is 5.0 Lakh Tonnes Per Annum(LTPA).

1.3 Salient Features of Samri BauxiteMine

The deposits occur in Samri block, Post Office &TahsilSamri (Kusmi) of Balrampur district. This deposit has been identified as one of the resources to cater the raw material requirements of the HINDALCO Alumina refinery at Renukoot, Uttar Pradesh. The salient features of the project are presented below:(Table-1)

SI.No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Survey of India Topo sheet No.	64 M /15
2.	Latitude	23º 23' 02"N to 23º 27' 05"N
3.	Longitude	83° 53' 50"E to 83° 57' 59"E
4.	Elevation	1140-m above Mean Sea Level
5.	Climatic Conditions (as per IMD, Ambikapur)	Annual maximum temperature : 30.3°C Annual minimum temperature : 17.7°C Average annual rainfall : 1401.1 mm
6.	Mining lease area	2146.746 hec.
7.	Method of mining	Open cast (Semi-Mechanized)
8.	Mode of transportation	Trucks
9.	Land use	Agricultural and Barren land
10.	Nearest Road	Samri to Kusmi (17 km)
11.	Nearest Airport	Ranchi (146.06 km, ESE)
12.	Nearest Town	Ambikapur (127 km, SW)

<u>Table 1</u> Salient Features of Samri Bauxite Mines

1.4 EnvironmentalMonitoring

Regular monitoring of environmental parameters is of immense importance to assess the status of environment during mining operation. With the knowledge of baseline conditions, the monitoring program will serve as an indicator for any deterioration in environmental conditions due to mining operation of the project Suitable mitigation steps will be taken in time to safeguard the environment, based on monitoring reports. Monitoring is important in the control of pollution since the efficiency of control measures can only be determined by monitoring.

In order to find out the impact of mining activity on sensitive receptors, it is necessary to monitor Environmental Quality to know the level of concentrations of pollutants within and around the mining lease area. Accordingly Hindalco Industries through Anacon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd., Nagpur has been monitoring at following locations for air, water and Noise on monthly basis during these months **(Table-2)**.



1.5 AirEnvironment

1.5.1 Ambient Air QualityMonitoring

Ambient Air Quality monitored at 8 locations in the core zone and buffer zone with reference to Samri mine lease area as shown in (**Fig. 1**).

<u>Table 2</u>

Locations of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) & Fugitive Emission(2146.746 hec.)

SI. No.	Core zone		Buffer zone
1	Samri-Gopatu/Near Weigh Bridge	5	Sairaidh Campus
2	Rajendrapur/Near Mining Area	6	Virhorepat Village
3	Kutku Village/Near V.T.Center	7	Tatijharia Village/Near Weigh Bridge
4	Dumerkholi/Near Mining Area	8	Piprapat/Near Mining Area

The sampling stations are selected at the above mentioned locations, in downwind and upwind directions of the mining site in the core zone and buffer zone. Anacon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd., Nagpur is carrying out regular monitoring for PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NO_x and Pb, Hg, As & Cr at above Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) locations. The dust fall rate was measured in the mining area and Samrichowk during January-February- March-2020.

Sampling Duration and Frequency

Ambient air quality monitoring was carried out for the parameters PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, SO_2 , NO_x and Pb, Hg, As & Cr from January-2020 to March-2020 as per CPCB norms.

Data is compared with the present revised standards mentioned in the latest Gazette Notification of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) 18th November, 2009 and as per consent conditions mentioned in consentletter.



1.6 Meteorology: Wind Pattern

The data of wind pattern collected during the study period (Jan-Feb-March-2020) indicates that the wind was blowing predominantly from (ENE and NNE) directions, during study period, for 2.08% wind was found to be calm. The details of wind pattern in the form of wind frequency distribution are presented in table-1. The graphical illustration and wind rose diagram is presented in Figures-1 & 2 respectively.

Table.1

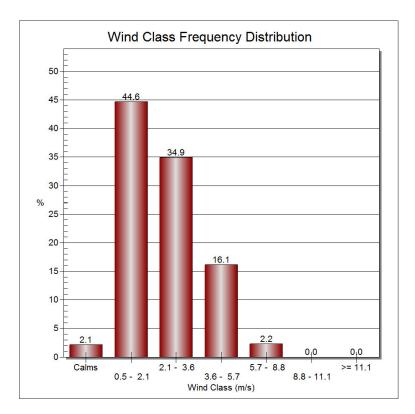
Sr.No.	Directions / Wind Classes (m/s)	0.5 - 2.1	2.1 - 3.6	3.6 - 5.7	5.7 - 8.8	8.8 - 11.1	>= 11.1	Total
1	348.75 - 11.25	0.002782	0.002782	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.006954
2	11.25 - 33.75	0.030598	0.055633	0.006954	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.093185
3	33.75 - 56.25	0.066759	0.034771	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.101530
4	56.25 - 78.75	0.108484	0.019471	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.127955
5	78.75 - 101.25	0.034771	0.008345	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.043115
6	101.25 - 123.75	0.037552	0.013908	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.051460
7	123.75 - 146.25	0.036161	0.020862	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.058414
8	146.25 - 168.75	0.029207	0.008345	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.038943
9	168.75 - 191.25	0.012517	0.015299	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.029207
10	191.25 - 213.75	0.020862	0.013908	0.002782	0.002782	0.000000	0.000000	0.040334
11	213.75 - 236.25	0.015299	0.040334	0.018081	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.075104
12	236.25 - 258.75	0.025035	0.026426	0.011127	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.062587
13	258.75 - 281.25	0.006954	0.015299	0.004172	0.002782	0.000000	0.000000	0.029207
14	281.25 - 303.75	0.005563	0.016690	0.036161	0.002782	0.000000	0.000000	0.061196
15	303.75 - 326.25	0.005563	0.029207	0.048679	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.084840
16	326.25 - 348.75	0.008345	0.027816	0.027816	0.011127	0.000000	0.000000	0.075104
	Sub-Total	0.446453	0.349096	0.161335	0.022253	0.000000	0.000000	0.977778
	Calms							0.020833
	Missing/Incomplete							0.001389
	Total							1.000000

Wind Frequency Distribution Data

SUMMARY OF WIND PATTERN

Season	First Predominant Wind Direction	Second Predominant Wind Direction	Calm Condition	
Jan-Feb-March-2020	ENE (12.79%)	NNE (10.15%)	2.08 %	





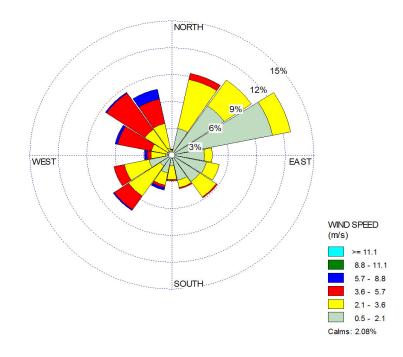


Figure.02: Wind Rose Diagram (Jan-Feb-March-2020)



MONITORED PARAMETERS AND FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING

1.7 Methods and Instruments used forSampling

The air samples were analyzed as per methods specified by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB).

The levels of Particulate Matter (PM_{10}), Sulphur Dioxide (SO_2), Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_x), Pb, Hg, Asand Cr were monitored for establishing the baseline status. PM_{10} was collected with the help of Respirable Particulate Sampler operating 24 hours by drawing air which passes through the cyclone at the rate of 1.0 -1.3 m³/min which collects the particles less than 10 µm diameter over glass fibrefilter paper. The dust deposited over the filter paper is measured as PM_{10} and the smaller particulates from 2.5 µm are collected into the Membrane Filter Paper. The dust fall rate was measured using dust fall jar. The jar was exposed for one month in the mining area and Samri-Gopatu during pre and post monsoon period. The jar was filled with 2 lit of distilled water. The water in the jar is mixed with copper sulphate solution (0.02 N solutions) to prevent any growth of algae. The water level in the jar is constantly maintained in such a way that 2 lit of water isalways retained. The measurement techniques used for various pollutants and other details are given in **(Table 3)**.

Earmarked samples were collected for Particulate Matter- PM_{10} , Particulate Matter- $PM_{2.5}$, SO₂ and NO_x for 24 hourly. Collected samples were sent to Laboratories for analysis.

<u>Table 3.0</u>

SI. No.	Parameter			Minimum ReportableValue (µg/m³)
1.	Respirable Particulate Matter	Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	IS-5182 (Part-23)	5
2.	Particulate Matter 2.5	Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	Gravimetric Method	5
3.	Sulphur Dioxide	Modified West and Gaeke	IS-5182 (Part – II)	4
4.	Oxide of Nitrogen	Jacob &Hochheiser Method	IS-5182 (Part – VI)	4
5.	Pb, As,Hg, Cr	Acid Digestion Method	EPA Method	0.1
6.	Dust Full	Gravimetric	IS-5182 (Part-I)	_

Measurement Techniques for various pollutants



Table 4

Statistical Analysis

Location	Month &	PM-10	PM-2.5	SO ₂	NOx	Pb	Hg	As	Cr
Location	Year	$(\mu g / m^3)$	(µg/m ³)	$(\mu g / m^3)$	(ng/m ³)	$(\mu g / m^3)$			
Core Zone									
	Jan-2020	63.4	22.7	9.6	23.2	0.026	ND	ND	ND
Samri-Gopatu/ Nr.weigh bridge	Feb-2020	61.2	26.1	8.3	19.5	0.023	ND	ND	ND
Ni.weigh bridge	Mar-2020	62.1	24.3	8.7	20.6	0.018	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	58.7	19.5	8.1	19.6	0.018	ND	ND	ND
Rajendrapur/ Nr.Mining Area	Feb-2020	63.6	28.4	9.2	17.8	0.020	ND	ND	ND
Ni Inining Area	Mar-2020	58.3	21.0	8.3	18.2	0.021	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	54.2	20.8	8.5	18.3	0.023	ND	ND	ND
Kutku Village/ Nr.V.T. Center	Feb-2020	59.5	23.7	8.5	20.6	0.019	ND	ND	ND
WI.V.T. Center	Mar-2020	56.8	19.6	7.9	17.5	0.017	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	59.8	23.6	9.2	21.5	0.020	ND	ND	ND
Dumerkholi/Nr. Mining Area	Feb-2020	57.8	21.6	8.9	21.2	0.017	ND	ND	ND
Mining Area	Mar-2020	60.6	23.3	8.5	19.1	0.018	ND	ND	ND
CPCB Stand	larde	100	60	80	80	1.0		6.0	
	latus	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)		(annual)	
Minimu	Minimum		19.5	7.9	17.5	0.017			
Maximum		63.6	28.4	9.6	23.2	0.026			
Average	5	59.7	22.9	8.6	19.8	0.020			
98% le		63.6	27.9	9.5	22.8	0.025			

• The Average Concentration of PM₁₀ within the Core Zone of Samri Lease is59.7µg/m³.

• The Average Concentration of PM2.5 within the Core Zone of Samri Lease is 22.9µg/m³.

- The Average Concentration of SO₂within the Core Zone of Samri Lease is 8.6µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of NOx within the Core Zone of Samri Lease is 19.8µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of Pb within the Core Zone of Samri Lease is 0.020µg/m³.

Conclusion:-The Average Concentration within the Core Zone of Samri Lease during this period (**January-February-March-2020**). It is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standards.



Details of Salient Features

Location	Month &	PM-10	PM-2.5	SO ₂	NOx	Pb	Hg	As	Cr
Location	Year	$(\mu g / m^3)$	(µg/m ³)	$(\mu g / m^3)$	$(\mu g / m^3)$	(µg /m ³)	(µg /m ³)	(ng/m ³)	$(\mu g / m^3)$
Buffer Zone									
	Jan-2020	60.7	23.2	9.1	24.2	0.021	ND	ND	ND
Sairaidh Campus	Feb-2020	63.5	25.6	8.9	22.7	0.019	ND	ND	ND
Campus	Mar-2020	65.2	26.8	8.5	21.7	0.019	ND	ND	ND
Tatijharia	Jan-2020	62.2	24.8	8.7	22.2	0.024	ND	ND	ND
Village/Nr.	Feb-2020	64.5	26.2	8.4	20.4	0.021	ND	ND	ND
Weigh Bridge	Mar-2020	65.1	25.5	10.2	19.1	0.020	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	65.1	25.7	10.2	21.1	0.027	ND	ND	ND
Piprapat/	Feb-2020	62.7	22.5	9.2	23.6	0.025	ND	ND	ND
Nr.Mining Area	Mar-2020	61.2	21.8	8.7	18.2	0.021	ND	ND	ND
) (inclusion at) (illa	Jan-2020	57.8	20.5	8.8	19.3	0.021	ND	ND	ND
VirhorepatVilla ge	Feb-2020	58.7	23.6	7.8	18.9	0.023	ND	ND	ND
ge	Mar-2020	64.3	23.4	9.5	20.0	0.018	ND	ND	ND
CPCB Stan	CPCB Standards		60 (24 hrs)	80 (24 hrs)	80 (24 hrs)	1.0 (24 hrs)		6.0 (annual)	
Minimu	Minimum		20.5	7.8	18.2	0.018			
Maximum		65.2	26.8	10.2	24.2	0.027			
Averag	Average		24.1	9.0	21.0	0.022			
98% le	98% le		26.7	10.2	24.1	0.027			

• The Average Concentration of PM10 within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 62.6µg/m³.

• The Average Concentration of PM25within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 24.1µg/m³.

- The Average Concentration of SO₂ within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 9.0µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of NOx within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 21.0 µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of Pb within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease is 0.022µg/m³.

Conclusion: - The Average Concentration within the Buffer Zone of Samri Lease during this period (**January-February-March-2020**). It is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standards.



Month-wise Summary of Statistical Analysis

1.8. Samri Lease (Core Zone):-

1.8.1 Ambient AirQuality:

Ambient air quality has been generated as per NAAQS 2009 for the month of January-February-March-2020. PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂&NO_x, The values obtained were then compared vis-a-visthe standards prescribed by CPCB for Industrial/ Rural / Residential uses.

Presentation of Results:

The summary of Ambient Air Quality monitoring results from January-2020 to March-2020 are presented in detail in Table 4.0.98th percentile; maximum and minimum values etc. have been computed from the collected raw data for all the AAQ monitoring station. The data has been compared with the standards prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)/NAAQS for residential and rural zone.

A. ParticulateMatter-PM₁₀:

The Minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- PM_{10} were recorded as $54.2\mu g/m^3$ and $63.6\mu g/m^3$ at Kutku Village/ Nr.V.T. Center and Rajendrapur villagelocation respectively. The average concentration of PM_{10} was $59.7\mu g/m^3$.

B. ParticulateMatter-PM_{2.5}:

The Minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- $PM_{2.5}$ were recorded as 19.5µg/m³ & 28.4µg/m³at Rajendrapur village location. The average concentration of $PM_{2.5}$ was 22.9µg/m³.

C. <u>Sulphur Dioxide(SO₂):</u>

The minimum and maximum for SO₂concentrations were recorded as 7.9μ g/m³ and 9.6μ g/m³ respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at Kutku village and maximum concentration was also recorded at Samri-Gopatu village location. The average concentration of SO₂ was 8.6μ g/m³.

D. <u>Nitrogen Oxide(NO_X):</u>

The minimum and maximum for NO_xconcentrations were recorded as $17.5\mu g/m^3$ and $23.2\mu g/m^3$. The minimum concentration was recorded at Kutkuvillage and maximum concentration was also recorded at Samri-Gopatu village location. The average concentration of NO_x was $19.8\mu g/m^3$.



E. Lead (Pb):

Maximum Lead detected in PM_{10} samples was $0.026\mu g/m^3$ at Samri-Gopatu Village location and the minimum lead in PM_{10} sample was $0.017/m^3$ detected at Dumerkholi&Kutku Village location.

No lead could be detected in $PM_{2.5}$ samples at any of the Ambient Air samples at any of the locations.

F. Mercury(Ha):

Mercury was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

G. Arsenic (As):

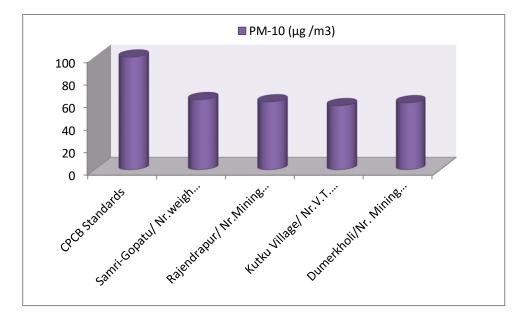
Arsenic was not detected at any of the locations in PM₁₀samples as well as PM_{2.5}Samples.

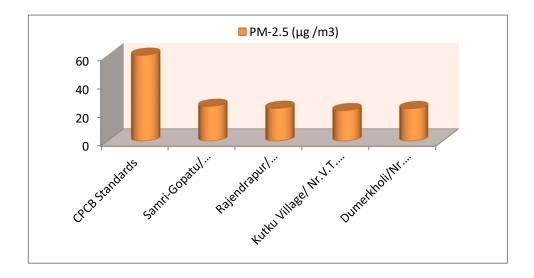
H. <u>Chromium(Cr):</u>

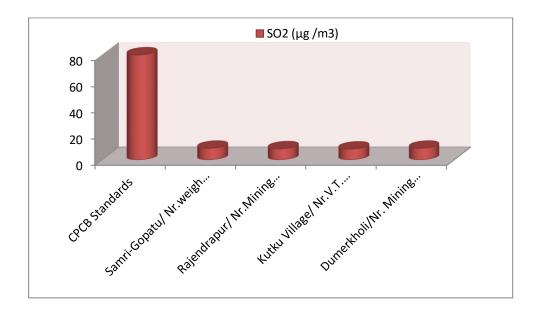
Chromium was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.



Details of Salient Features

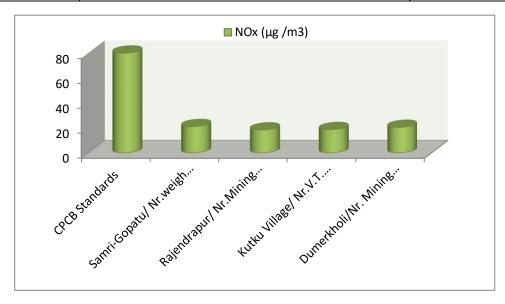


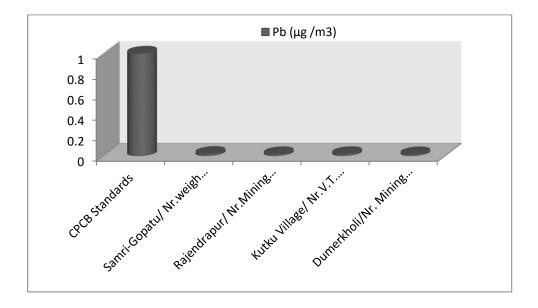


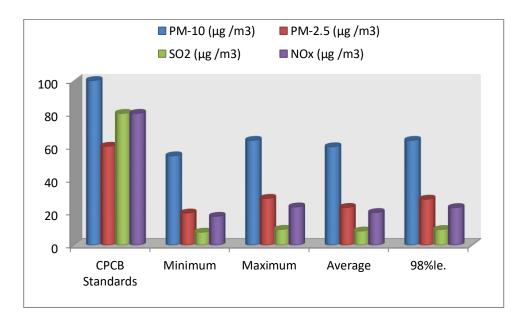




Details of Salient Features









1.9. Samri Lease (Buffer Zone):-

1.9.1 Ambient AirQuality:

Ambient air quality has been generated as per NAAQS 2009 for the month of January-February-March-2020.PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂ & NO_X, The values obtained were then compared visa-visthe standards prescribed by CPCB for Industrial/ Rural / Residential uses.

1.9.2 **Presentation of Results:**

The summary of Ambient Air Quality monitoring results from January- 2020 to March-2020 are presented in detail in Table 4.0. 98th percentile; maximum and minimum values etc. have been computed from the collected raw data for all the AAQ monitoring station. The data has been compared with the standards prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)/NAAQS for residential and rural zone.

I. ParticulateMatter-PM₁₀:

The minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- PM_{10} were recorded as 57.8µg/m³ and 65.2µg/m³ at Virhorepat Village and Sairaidh Campus location respectively. The average concentration of PM_{10} was 62.6µg/m³.

J. ParticulateMatter-PM_{2.5}:

The minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- $PM_{2.5}$ were recorded as 20.5µg/m³ & 26.8µg/m³ at Virhorepat Village and Sairaidh Campus location respectively. The average concentration of $PM_{2.5}$ was 24.1µg/m³.

K. Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂):

The minimum and maximum for SO_2 concentrations were recorded as 7.8µg/m³ and 10.2µg/m³ respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at Virhorepat village and maximum concentration was also recorded at Tatijharia Village/Nr. Weigh Bridge. The average concentration of SO_2 was9.0µg/m³.

L. <u>Nitrogen Oxide(NO_x):</u>

The minimum and maximum for NO_X concentrations were recorded as $18.2\mu g/m^3$ and $24.2\mu g/m^3$. The maximum concentration was recorded at Sairaidh Campus and the minimum concentration was recorded at Piprapat Village location. The average concentration of NO_X was $21.0\mu g/m^3$.



M. Lead (Pb):

Maximum Lead detected in PM_{10} samples was $0.027\mu g/m^3$ Piprapat Village and the minimum lead in PM_{10} sample was $0.018/m^3$ detected at Virhorepat Village location. No lead could be detected in $PM_{2.5}$ samples at any of the Ambient Air samples at any of the locations.

N. Mercury(Hg):

Mercury was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

O. Arsenic (As):

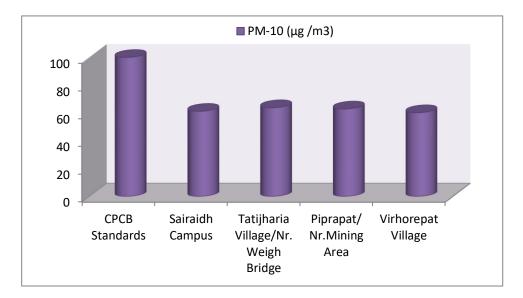
Arsenic was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

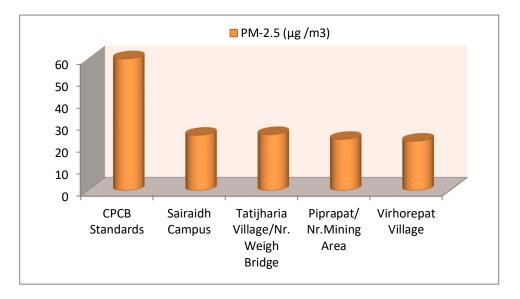
P. <u>Chromium(Cr):</u>

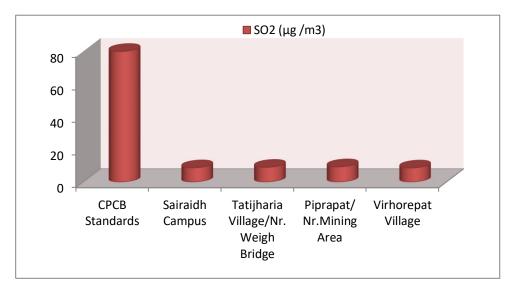
Chromium was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.



Details of Salient Features

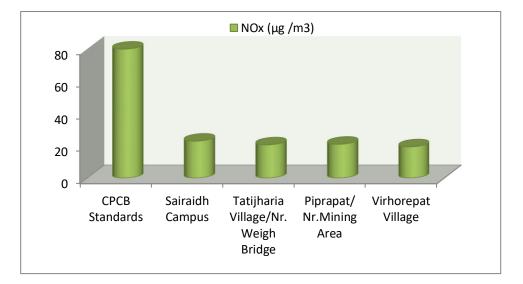


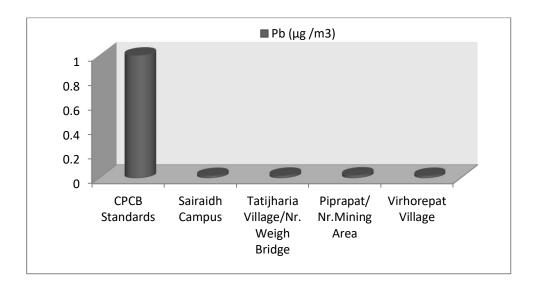


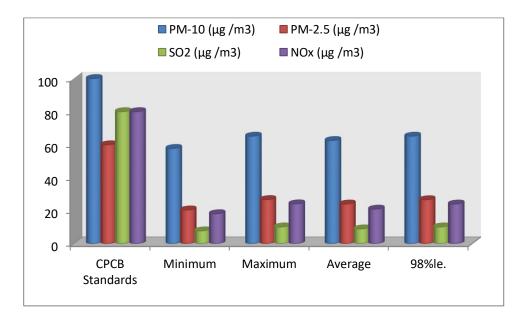




Details of Salient Features









NoiseEnvironment:

The Director General of Mines Safety in its circular No. DG (Tech)/18 of 1975, has prescribed the noise level in mining occupations (TLV) for workers, in an 8 hour shift period with unprotected ear as 90 dB(A) or less. There will be some noise sources in mines, which produce noise levels above 90 dB(A), however, the workers are not expected to be exposed continuously for 8 hours. In order to maintain this statutory requirement Noise monitoring has been carried out in and around the mining lease area.

Work zone noise level in the mining area shall increase due to blasting and excavation, transportation. The impacts due to the mining activities on the noise levels shall be negligible, if all the precautions for the elimination of the noise are taken. The mining activities will be undertaken during daytime only. The daytime equivalent noise levels, when all the machineries are in operation, shall be minimized as if machineries have been provided with noise control equipment. Noise monitoring is carried out on monthly basis at three locations in each month are shown in **Fig. 3**.

Identification of sampling locations

Noise at different noise generating sources has been identified based on the activities in the village area and ambient noise due to traffic.

The noise monitoring has been conducted for determination of ambient noise levels in the mining area and villages. The noise levels at each location were recorded for 24hours.

Instrument used for monitoring

Noise levels were measured using integrated sound level meter Model no.SL-HTC-1352. This instrument is capable of measuring the Sound Pressure Level (SPL), Leq.

Method of Monitoring

Sound Pressure Level (SPL) measurements were monitored at three locations. The readings were taken for every hour for 24 hours. The day noise levels have been monitored during 6 am to 10 pm and night levels during 10 pm to 6 am at three locations within 10-km radius of the study area.

Noise level monitoring was carried out continuously for 24 hours with one hour interval starting at 06.00 hrs to 06.00 hrs next day. Noise levels monitored during day and night at 3 locations are found to be below the stipulated standard of CPCB for Industrial area as 75dB(A) and 70dB(A) for day and nightrespectively.



Table 5

Noise Emission Monitoring Report

CD NO	LOCATION	Maath	Noise	e-dB(A)		
SR. NO.	LOCATION	Month	Day Time	Night Time		
Core Zone	•			·		
		January-2020	59.6	45.9		
1.	Samri-Gopatu/ Near Weigh bridge	February-2020	61.8	48.5		
		March-2020	60.8	47.3		
		January-2020	53.2	42.7		
2.	Rajendrapur/ Nr. Mining Area	February-2020	54.1	44.2		
		March-2020	56.1	43.9		
Buffer Zon	e					
	Tatijharia Village/Nr. Weigh Bridge	January-2020	61.7	48.6		
1.		February-2020	62.2	49.5		
	Weight Bridge	March-2020	62.8	48.5		
		January-2020	57.9	46.2		
2.	Piprapat/Nr. Mining Area	February-2020	58.3	47.1		
		March-2020	59.2	47.6		
CPCB Star	ndards					
Industrial Area 75 70						
Residential area 55						

Conclusion: - The Noise Monitoring Results at Samri Lease during this period (January-February-March-2020), it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standards.

Table 5.1

HEMM Spot Noise Level Monitoring

	Unit: dB(A) Leq										
SI. No.	Looption	January-2020		February-2020		March-2020					
	Location	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
1.	Samri-Gopatu/ Near Weigh bridge	56.2	71.5	56.8	73.2	57.2	72.7				
2.	Near Mining Area	64.5	72.3	65.2	75.6	64.4	73.8				



2.0 Water Quality:

The existing status of water quality for groundwater and surface water was assessed by collecting the water samples from underground wells from the village Samri, Kudag, Tatijhariya, Saraidih, Rajendrapur and surface water sample from Nallahs nearby Samri mines. The physico-chemical analysis of water samples collected during study period reported as average of three months given in **(Table 6)**. The overall water quality found to be below the stipulated standards of IS 10500-2012 for ground water & found to be fit for drinking purpose for tested parameters. Surface water quality is satisfactory as per IS: 10500-2012. Thus the impacts due to mining activities in each month have been found to beinsignificant.



<u>Table 6</u>

Report on Chemical Examination of Ground Water(February-2020)

Location:	GW1) Samari Weigh Bridge
Locution	Sample Source:-Borewell Water

TEST RESULTS

	(Page 1							
Sr. No.	Test Parameter	Measurement Unit	Test Method	•	0500 : 2012 - Specification)	Test Result		
51. 110.		measurement onit	Test Method	Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	rest nesult		
1.	pH value	-	IS 3025 (Part 11)	6.5 to 8.5	No relaxation	7.42 at 25°C		
2.	Turbidity	NTU	IS 3025 (Part 10)	1	5	0.3		
3.	Colour	Hazen units	IS 3025 (Part 4)	5	15	1		
4.	Odour	-	IS 3025 (Part 5)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable		
5.	Taste	-	IS 3025 (Part 8)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable		
6.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	1.0	No relaxation	0.32		
7.	Free residual chlorine	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 26)	Min. 0.2	1	< 0.1		
8.	Total dissolved solids	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 16)	500	2000	478		
9.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 60)	1.0	1.5	0.65		
10.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 27)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.005		
11.	Chloride (as Cl)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 32)	250	1000	107.12		
12.	Total Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 23)	200	600	165.36		
13.	Total hardness (as CaCO ₃)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 21)	200	600	193.09		
14.	Calcium (as Ca)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 40)	75	200	58.74		
15.	Magnesium (as Mg)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 46)	30	100	11.26		
16.	Sulphate (as SO ₄)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 24)	200	400	35.16		
17.	Nitrate (as NO ₃)	mg/l	APHA Method	45	No relaxation	< 2		
18.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	1.5	< 0.03		
19.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.1	0.3	< 0.05		
20.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/l	IS : 3025 (Part 48)	0.001	No relaxation	< 0.0005		
21.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/l	IS : 3025 (Part 41)	0.003	No relaxation	< 0.001		
22.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/l	IS : 3025 (Part 56)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001		
23.	Arsenic (as As)	mg/l	IS : 3025 (Part 37)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.01		
24.	Aluminium (as Al)	mg/l	IS : 15302	0.03	0.2	< 0.005		
25.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/l	IS : 3025 (Part 47)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001		
26.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	5	15	1.6		



					t 3)	
Sr.	Test Parameter	Measurement	Test Method	-	0500 : 2012 - Specification)	Test Result
No		Unit		Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	reet needin
27.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.02	No relaxation	< 0.01
28.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03
29.	Barium (as Ba)	mg/l	Annexure F of IS 13428	0.7	No relaxation	< 0.01
30.	Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 34)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.1
31.	Sulphide (as H ₂ S)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 29)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03
32.	Chloramines (as Cl ₂)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 26)	4.0	No relaxation	< 0.05
33.	Molybdenum (as Mo)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.07	No relaxation	< 0.001
34.	Silver (as Ag)	mg/l	Annexure J of IS 13428	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.001
35.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.03
36.	Boron (as B)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.5	2.4	< 0.1
37.	Mineral Oil	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 39)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.001
38.	Tri Halo Methane					
	a. Bromoform			0.1	No relaxation	Absent
	b. Dibromochloromethane	mg/l	APHA 6232	0.1	No relaxation	Absent
	c. Bromodichloromethane			0.06	No relaxation	Absent
	d.Chloroform			0.2	No relaxation	Absent
39.	Phenolic compounds (as C ₆ H₅OH)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 43) :1001	0.001	0.002	< 0.001
40.	Anionic detergents (as MBAS)	mg/l	IS 13428:2005 (Annex K)	0.2	1.0	< 0.01
41.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)	μg/l	USEPA : 550	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.03
42.	Total coliform	Per 100 ml	IS 15185	Absent	Absent	Absent
43.	Escherichia coli	Per 100 ml	IS 15185 : 2016	Absent	Absent	Absent
			-			

(Page 2 of 3)



TEST RESULTS

	Test Parameter	Measurement Unit	Test Method	(Page 3 of 3)	
Sr. No.				As per IS 10500 : 2012 (Drinking Water - Specification)	Test Result
44.	Pesticides residues				
	Alpha-HCH	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.01	< 0.01
	Beta HCH	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
	Delta- HCH	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
	Alachlor	μg/l	USEPA 508	20	< 0.03
	Aldrin / Dieldrin	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.03	< 0.03
	Atrazine	μg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03
	Butachlor	μg/l	USEPA 508	125	< 0.03
	Chlorpyrifos	μg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
	DDT and its Isomers	μg/l	USEPA 508	1	< 0.03
	Gamma - HCH (Lindane)	μg/l	USEPA 508	2	< 0.03
	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	μg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
	Endosulphan	μg/l	USEPA 508	0. 4	< 0.03
	Ethion	μg/l	USEPA 1657	3	< 0.03
	Isoproturon	μg/l	USEPA 1657	9	< 0.03
	Malathion	μg/l	USEPA 1657	190	< 0.03
	Methyl Parathion	μg/l	USEPA 1657	0. 3	< 0.03
	Monocrotophos	μg/l	USEPA 1657	1	< 0.03
	Phorate	μg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03

NOTES: Please see watermark "Original Test Report" to confirm the authenticity of this report. Results shall be referred to tested sample(s) and applicable to tested parameters only. Test report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior written approval of Anacon Labs. Liability of Anacon Labs is limited to invoiced amount only. Non-perishable and perishable sample(s) shall be disposed off after 30 days and 15 days respectively from the date of issue of Test Report, unless specified otherwise. #Permissible limit in absence of an alternate source for drinking water. MPN indicates most probable number. $\mbox{mg/l"}$ is equivalent to "ppm". $\mbox{mg/l"}$ is equivalent to "ppm". $\mbox{mg/l"}$ is notrelevant.

REMARKS: Based upon request of the party, sample was tested for above mentioned parameters only. Sample complies with IS:10500:2012, for test conducted, indicating that it is fit for drinking purpose with respect to tested parameters.



Details of Salient Features

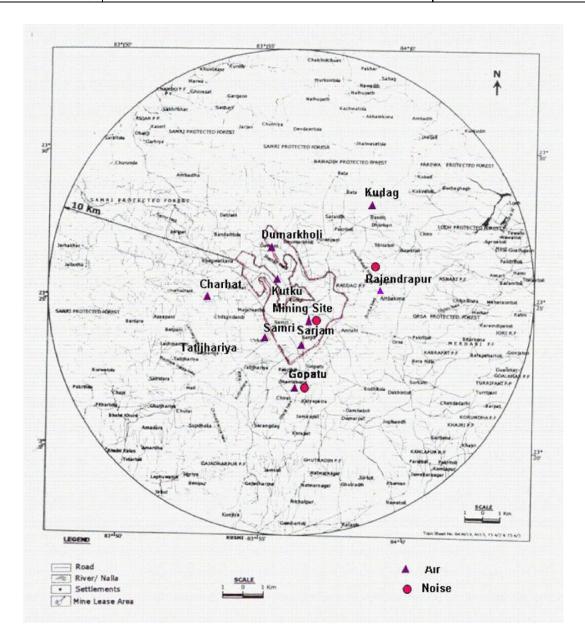


Fig3: Sampling Locations for Air, Noise



Details of Salient Features

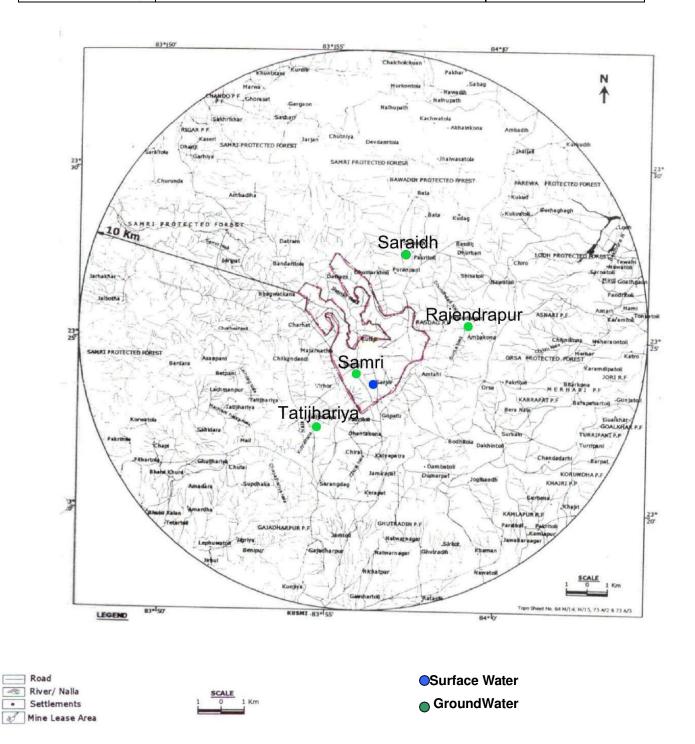


Fig 04: Sampling Locations for Water