Environmental Status Report For Kudag Bauxite Mine at

Post & Teh.: Samri, (Kusmi)

Dist: Balrampur-Ramanujganj(C.G.)

Duration: January-February-March-2020

Name of Industry



M/s. Hindalco Industries Limited.,

Name of Laboratory:-



QCI-NABET, MoEF & CC (GOI) ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, OHSAS 18001:2007

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Agent of Mines
Samri Mines Division
Hindalco Industries Ltd

Foreword

The protection of environment plays a crucial role in maintaining the local environment quality for any mining industry. Hence compliance of the statutory requirements becomes very important to conserve the ecological balance within and surrounding the mine area. Therefore, environment protection is becoming a prerequisite for sustainable development. In line with this requirement, the management of M/s Hindalco Industries Ltd. has adopted a corporate responsibility of environment protection.

In order to comply with the Environment protection act, to fulfill statutory requirement and to be in tune with Environmental Preservation and sustainable development, M/s Hindalco Industries Ltd. has retained ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD., Nagpur as Environment Consultants and for various Environmental issues related to their mines.

This report presents the Environmental Status for the period January-2020 to March-2020 as compliance to the statutory requirements.

The co-operation extended by the Staff and Management of M/s Hindalco Industries Ltd. during the work execution period is gratefully acknowledged.

For ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD.

Many

Place: Nagpur

Date: March, 2020

Authorized Signatory



Introduction

1.1 Introduction

Hindalco Industries Limited (Hindalco) is one among the flagship companies of the Aditya Birla Group of Industries and is one of the largest corporate groups in India. This group is a leading manufacturer of Aluminum in India, having integrated facilities encompassing bauxite, mining, refining and smelting to achieve Aluminum.

Various processing units of Hindalco are strategically located in different parts of the nation to achieve optimum benifits. Over the past few decades the group has grown multifold in its production capacities, product mix and diversification in mining. The Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board (CECB) granted permission for establishing the Bauxite Mine to Hindalco at block Tatijharia, Kudag and Samri mines inBalrampur District of Chhattisgarh State.

HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LTD., awarded the work to M/s ANACON LABORATORIES PVT. LTD. Nagpur(ALPL) for carrying out Environmental monitoring of parameters for assessing pollution levels and preparation of monthly reports (*January-February-March-2020*) as per the requirement of Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board (CECB) and Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) for Kudag mining lease in Balrampur District, Chhattisgarh State.

1.2 Background Information of KudagMine

Hindalco was granted Kudag Bauxite mining lease over an area of 377.116 hec. inKudag village, Post office-Dumarkholi, Tehsil-Samri (Kusmi) of Balrampur district, Chhattisgarh on 24/12/1996 for a period of 20 years. As per the Mines and Mineral (Development and Regulation) Amendment Act, 2015, Kudag lease has been extended up to another 30 years i.e 23/12/2046. The mining operations were started on 02/07/1997. The production capacity of Bauxite is 0.6 Lakh Tonnes Per Annum (LTPA).

13 Salient Features of Kudag BauxiteMine

The deposits occur in Kudag block, Post office Dumarkholi, Tehsil-Samri (Kusmi) of Balrampur district. This deposit has been identified as one of the resources to cater the raw material requirements of the Hindalco Alumina refinery at Renukoot, Uttar Pradesh. The salient features of the project are presented below in Table 1.



Details of Salient Features

Table: 1

Salient Features of Kudag Bauxite Mines

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Survey of India Toposheet No.	64 M /15
2.	Latitude	23° 26′ 02″N to 23° 29′ 00″N
3.	Longitude	83º 51' 00"E to 83º 59' 00"E
4.	Elevation	1145-m above Mean Sea Level
5.	Climatic Conditions (as per IMD, Ambikapur)	Annual maximum temperature : 30.3°C Annual minimum temperature : 17.7°C Average annual rainfall : 1401.1 mm
6.	Mining lease area	377.116 Hec.
7.	Method of mining	Open cast (Semi-Mechanized)
8.	Mode of transportation	Trucks
9.	Land use	Agricultural and Barren land
10.	Nearest Road	Samri to Kusmi (17 km)
11.	Nearest Airport	Ranchi Airport (151.09 Km)
12.	Nearest Town	Ambikapur (127 km, SW)

1.4 Environmental Monitoring

Regular monitoring of environmental parameters is of immense importance to assess the status of environment during mining operation. With the knowledge of baseline conditions, the monitoring program will serve as an indicator for any deterioration in environmental conditions due to mining operation of the project. Suitable mitigation steps will be taken in time to safeguard the environment based on monitoring reports. Monitoring is important in the control of pollution since the efficiency of control measures can only be determined by monitoring.

In order to find out the impact of mining activity on sensitive receptors, it is necessary to monitor Environmental Quality to know the level of concentrations of pollutants within and around the mining lease area. Accordingly Hindalco Industries through ALPL has been monitoring air, water and noise quality on monthly basis during these months (Table-2).



Details of Salient Features

1.5 AirEnvironment

1.5.1 Ambient Air QualityMonitoring:

Ambient Air Quality and Fugitive emission monitored at 8 following locations with reference to Kudag mine lease area shown in (Fig.-1).

<u>Table 2</u>
<u>Locations of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM)</u> (377.116 hec.)

Sr. No.	Core Zone	Sr. No.	Buffer Zone
1	Sairaidh Campus	5	Kutku Village
2	New Kudag/Nr.Weigh Bridge	6	Rajendrapur
3	Old Kudag/Mining Area	7	Tatijharia Village
4	SamriGopatu/Nr. Weigh Bridge	8	Virhorepat

The sampling stations are selected at the above mentioned locations, in downwind and upwind directions of the mining site. ALPL is carrying out regular monitoring for PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NO_x and Pb, Hg, As and Cr at above Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) locations. The dust fall rate was measured in the mining area and Khaskudag during January-February-March-2020. The AAQM sampling sites are selected considering seasonal variation in wind speed and wind direction.

Sampling Duration and Frequency

Ambient air quality monitoring was carried out for the parameters PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, SO_2 , NO_X and Pb, Hg, As and Cr from January-February-March-2020 as per CPCB norms.

Data is compared with the standards mentioned in the Gazette Notification of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) (Nov-18, 2009) and as per consent conditions mentioned in consent letter.



Details of Salient Features

1.6 Meteorology: Wind Pattern

The data of wind pattern collected during the study period (Jan-Feb-March-2020) indicates that the wind was blowing predominantly from (ENE and NNE) directions, during study period, for 2.08% wind was found to be calm. The details of wind pattern in the form of wind frequency distribution are presented in table-1. The graphical illustration and wind rose diagram is presented in Figures-1 & 2 respectively.

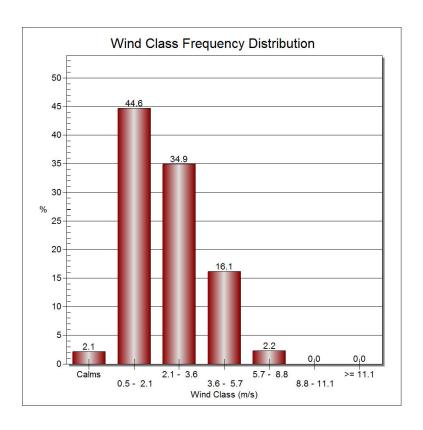
Table.1
Wind Frequency Distribution Data

Sr.No.	Directions / Wind Classes (m/s)	0.5 - 2.1	2.1 - 3.6	3.6 - 5.7	5.7 - 8.8	8.8 - 11.1	>= 11.1	Total				
1	348.75 - 11.25	0.002782	0.002782	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.006954				
2	11.25 - 33.75	0.030598	0.055633	0.006954	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.093185				
3	33.75 - 56.25	0.066759	0.034771	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.101530				
4	56.25 - 78.75	0.108484	0.019471	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.127955				
5	78.75 - 101.25	0.034771	0.008345	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.043115				
6	101.25 - 123.75	0.037552	0.013908	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.051460				
7	123.75 - 146.25	0.036161	0.020862	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.058414				
8	146.25 - 168.75	0.029207	0.008345	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.038943				
9	168.75 - 191.25	0.012517	0.015299	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.029207				
10	191.25 - 213.75	0.020862	0.013908	0.002782	0.002782	0.000000	0.000000	0.040334				
11	213.75 - 236.25	0.015299	0.040334	0.018081	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.075104				
12	236.25 - 258.75	0.025035	0.026426	0.011127	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.062587				
13	258.75 - 281.25	0.006954	0.015299	0.004172	0.002782	0.000000	0.000000	0.029207				
14	281.25 - 303.75	0.005563	0.016690	0.036161	0.002782	0.000000	0.000000	0.061196				
15	303.75 - 326.25	0.005563	0.029207	0.048679	0.001391	0.000000	0.000000	0.084840				
16	326.25 - 348.75	0.008345	0.027816	0.027816	0.011127	0.000000	0.000000	0.075104				
	Sub-Total	0.446453	0.349096	0.161335	0.022253	0.000000	0.000000	0.977778				
	Calms							0.020833				
	Missing/Incomplete							0.001389				
	Total							1.000000				

SUMMARY OF WIND PATTERN

Season	First Predominant Wind Direction	Second Predominant Wind Direction	Calm Condition
Jan-Feb-March-2020	ENE (12.79%)	NNE (10.15%)	2.08 %





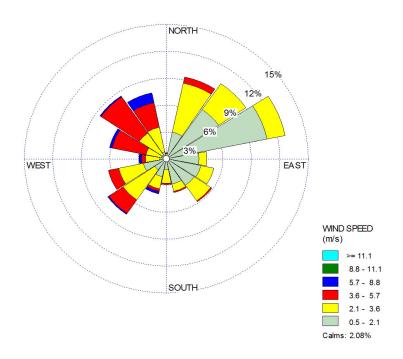


Figure.02: Wind Rose Diagram (Jan-Feb-March-2020)



Details of Salient Features

1.7 MONITORED PARAMETERS AND FREOUENCY OF SAMPLING

Methods and Instruments used for Sampling

The air samples were analyzed as per methods specified by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB).

The levels of Particulate Matter (PM_{10}), Particulate Matter ($PM_{2.5}$), Sulphur Dioxide (SO_2), Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_X), Pb, Hg, As and Cr were monitored for establishing the baseline status. PM_{10} was collected with the help of Respirable Particulate Sampler operating 24 hours by drawing air which passes through the cyclone at the rate of 1.0 -1.3 m³/min which collects the particles less than 10 μ m diameter over glass fiber filter paper. The dust deposited over the filter paper is measured as PM_{10} and the smaller particulates from 2.5 μ m are collected into the Membrane Filter Paper. The dust fall rate was measured using dust fall jar. The jar was exposed for one month in the mining area and Samri Chowk during pre and post monsoon period. The jar was filled with 2 lit of distilled water. The water in the jar is mixed with copper sulphate solution (0.02 N solutions) to prevent any growth of algae. The water level in the jar is constantly maintained in such a way that 2 lit of water is always retained. The measurement techniques used for various pollutants and other details are given in (Table3).

Earmarked samples were collected for Particulate Matter- PM_{10} , Particulate Matter- $PM_{2.5}$, SO_2 and NO_X for 24 hourly. Collected samples were sent to Laboratories for analysis.

<u>Table 3.0</u>

<u>Measurement Techniques for various pollutants</u>

SI. No.	Parameter	Technique	Technical Protocol	Minimum Reportable Value (µg/m³)
1.	Respirable Particulate Matter	Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	IS-5182 (Part-23)	5
2.	Particulate Matter 2.5	Respirable Dust Sampler (Gravimetric Method)	Gravimetric Method	5
3.	Sulphur Dioxide	Modified West and Gaeke	IS-5182 (Part – II)	4
4.	Oxide of Nitrogen	Jacob &Hochheiser Method	IS-5182 (Part – VI)	4
5.	Pb, As, Hg, Cr	Acid Digestion Method	EPA Method	0.1
6.	Dust Full	Gravimetric	IS-5182 (Part-I)	_



Details of Salient Features

Table 4

Statistical Analysis

Location	Month &	PM-10	PM-2.5	SO ₂	NO _x	Pb	Hg	As	Cr
0 7	Year	(μg /m ³)	(μg/m ³)	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g / m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	(ng/m ³)	(μg/m ³)
Core Zone						T		T	
	Jan-2020	60.7	23.2	9.1	24.2	0.021	ND	ND	ND
Sairaidh	Feb-2020	63.5	25.6	8.9	22.7	0.019	ND	ND	ND
Campus	Mar-2020	65.2	26.8	8.5	21.7	0.019	ND	ND	ND
New	Jan-2020	64.9	25.7	8.3	20.7	0.018	ND	ND	ND
Kudag/Nr.	Feb-2020	59.8	21.3	9.2	25.1	0.021	ND	ND	ND
Weigh Bridge	Mar-2020	61.8	22.5	9.6	23.5	0.015	ND	ND	ND
Old	Jan-2020	62.5	24.6	8.7	19.8	0.016	ND	ND	ND
Kudag/Mining	Feb-2020	65.2	23.7	9.5	21.8	0.018	ND	ND	ND
Area	Mar-2020	63.5	23.7	9.1	22.3	0.017	ND	ND	ND
Samri Gopatu/	Jan-2020	63.4	22.7	9.6	23.2	0.026	ND	ND	ND
Nr. Weigh	Feb-2020	61.2	26.1	8.3	19.5	0.022	ND	ND	ND
Bridge	Mar-2020	62.1	24.3	8.7	20.6	0.020	ND	ND	ND
CPCB Star	ndards	100 (24 hrs)	60 (24 hrs)	80 (24 hrs)	80 (24 hrs)	1.0 (24 hrs)		6.0 (annual)	
Minim	Minimum		21.3	8.3	19.5	0.015			
Maximum		65.2	26.8	9.6	25.1	0.026			
Avera	ge	62.8	24.2	9.0	22.1	0.019			
98%	le	65.2	26.6	9.6	24.9	0.025			

- The Average Concentration of PM₁₀ within the Core Zone of Kudag Lease is 62.8µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of PM_{2.5} with int he CoreZone of Kudag Leaseis24.2µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of SO₂ within the CoreZone of Kudag Lease is 9.0µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of NOxwithin the Core Zone of Kudag Lease is 22.1 μg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of Pb within the Core Zone of Kudag Lease is 0.019µg/m³.

Conclusion:

The Average Concentration within the Core Zone of Kudag Lease during this period (January-February-March-2020), it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standards.



Details of Salient Features

Location	Month &	PM-10	PM-2.5	SO ₂	NOx	Pb	Hg	As	Cr
Year		$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	(ng/m ³)	$(\mu g/m^3)$
Buffer Zone	1								
	Jan-2020	54.2	20.8	8.5	18.3	0.023	ND	ND	ND
Kutku Village	Feb-2020	59.5	23.7	8.5	20.6	0.019	ND	ND	ND
	Mar-2020	56.8	19.6	7.9	17.5	0.017	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	58.7	19.5	8.1	19.6	0.018	ND	ND	ND
Rajendrapur	Feb-2020	63.6	28.4	9.2	17.8	0.02	ND	ND	ND
	Mar-2020	58.3	21	8.3	18.2	0.021	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	62.2	24.8	8.7	22.2	0.024	ND	ND	ND
Tatijharia Village	Feb-2020	64.5	26.2	8.4	20.4	0.021	ND	ND	ND
v mage	Mar-2020	65.1	25.5	10.2	19.1	0.020	ND	ND	ND
	Jan-2020	57.8	20.5	8.8	19.3	0.021	ND	ND	ND
Virhorepat	Feb-2020	58.7	23.6	7.8	18.9	0.023	ND	ND	ND
	Mar-2020	64.3	23.4	9.5	20	0.018	ND	ND	ND
CPCB Sta	ndards	100	60	80	80	1.0		6.0	
CI CD Sta	iiiuuius	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)	(24 hrs)		(annual)	
Minimum		54.2	19.5	7.8	17.5	0.017			
Maxim	num	65.1	28.4	10.2	22.2	0.024			
Averag		60.3	23.1	8.7	19.3	0.020			
98% le	98% le		27.9	10.0	21.8	0.024			

- The Average Concentration of PM10 within the Buffer Zone of Kudag Lease is 60.3 µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of PM2.5 within the Buffer Zone of Kudag Lease is 23.1 µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of SO₂ within the Buffer Zone of KudagLease is 8.7µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of NOx within the Buffer Zone of KudagLease is 19.3µg/m³.
- The Average Concentration of Pb within the Buffer Zone of KudagLease is 0.020µg/m³.

Conclusion:

The Average Concentration within the Buffer Zone of Kudag Lease during this period (January-February-March-2020). It is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standards.



Details of Salient Features

Month-wise Summary of Statistical Analysis

Kudag Lease (Core Zone):-

3.1 Ambient AirQuality:

Ambient air quality has been generated as per NAAQS 2009 for the month of January-2020 to March-2020. PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, SO_2 & NO_X , The values obtained were then compared vis-a-vis the standards prescribed by CPCB for Industrial/ Rural / Residential uses.

3.2 <u>Presentation of Results</u>:

The summary of Ambient Air Quality monitoring results from January-2020 to March-2020are presented in detail in Table 4.0. 98th percentile; maximum and minimum values etc. have been computed from the collected raw data for all the AAQ monitoring station. The data has been compared with the standards prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)/NAAQS for residential andruralzone.

A. <u>ParticulateMatter-PM₁₀</u>:

The Minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- PM_{10} were recorded as $59.8\mu g/m^3$ and $65.2\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at New Kudag/Nr. Weigh Bridge location. The maximum concentration was also recorded at SairaidhCampus and Old Kudag/Mining Area. The average concentration of PM10 was $62.8\mu g/m^3$.

B. ParticulateMatter-PM_{2.5}:

The Minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- $PM_{2.5}$ were recorded as $21.3\mu g/m^3 \& 26.8\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at NewKudag/Mining Area. The maximum concentration was also recorded at SairaidhCampus. The average concentration of $PM_{2.5}$ was $24.2\mu g/m^3$.

C. Sulphur Dioxide(SO₂):

The minimum and maximum for SO_2 concentrations were recorded as $8.3\mu g/m^3$ and $9.6\mu g/m^3$ at respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at NewKudag and SamriGopatu location. The maximum concentration was also recorded at New Kudag and SamriGopatu location. The average concentration of SO_2 was $9.0\mu g/m^3$.



Details of Salient Features

D. Nitrogen Oxide(NO_x):

The minimum and maximum for NO_X concentrations were recorded as $19.5\mu g/m^3$ and $25.1\mu g/m^3$. The minimum concentration was recorded at Samri-Gopatu and the maximum concentration was recorded at New Kudag/Nr Weigh Bridge. The average concentration of NO_X was $22.1\mu g/m^3$.

E. Lead (Pb):

Maximum Lead detected in PM_{10} samples was $0.026\mu g/m^3$ at Samri-Gopatu/Nr. Weigh Bridge location and the minimum lead in PM_{10} sample was $0.015\mu g/m^3$ detected at NewKudaglocation.

No lead could be detected in $PM_{2.5}$ samples at any of the Ambient Air samples at any of the locations.

F. Mercury(Ha):

Mercury was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

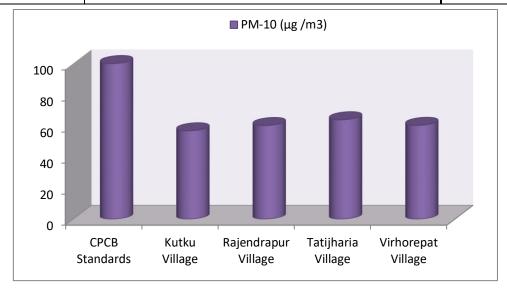
G. Arsenic (As):

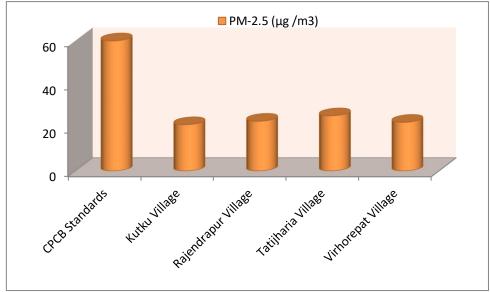
Arsenic was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

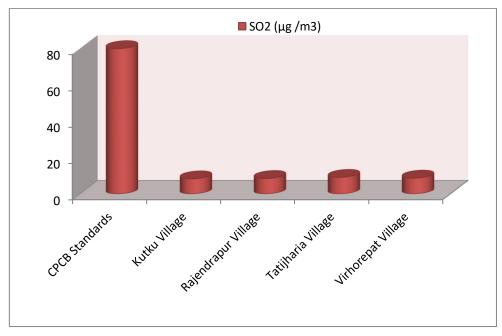
H. Chromium(Cr):

Chromium was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

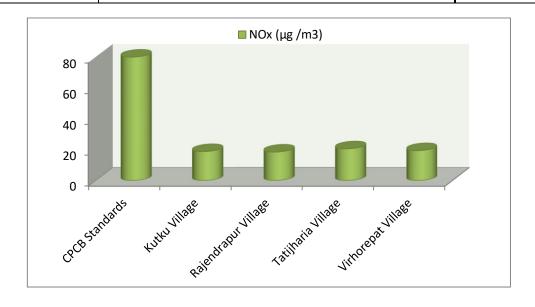


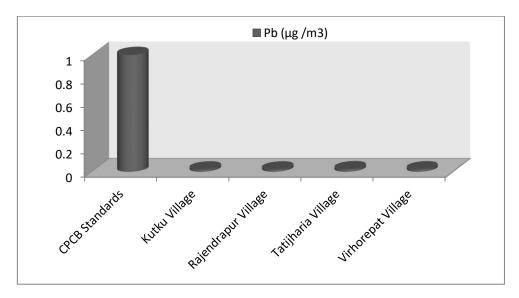


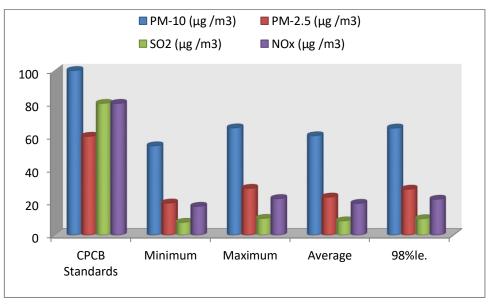














Details of Salient Features

Kudag Lease (Buffer Zone):-

3.3 Ambient AirQuality:

Ambient air quality has been generated as per NAAQS 2009 for the month of January-2020 to March-2020. PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂& NO_x, The values obtained were then compared vis-a-vis the standards prescribed by CPCB for Industrial/ Rural / Residential uses.

3.3.1 Presentation of Results:

The summary of Ambient Air Quality monitoring results from January-2020 to March-2020 are presented in detail in Table 4.0. 98th percentile; maximum and minimum values etc. have been computed from the collected raw data for all the AAQ monitoring station. The data has been compared with the standards prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)/NAAQS for residential and rural zone.

A. ParticulateMatter-PM₁₀:

The Minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- PM_{10} were recorded as $54.2\mu g/m^3$ and $65.1\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at Kutku Village. The maximum concentration was also recorded at Tatijhara village. The average concentration of PM10 was $60.3\mu g/m^3$.

B. ParticulateMatter-PM_{2.5}:

The Minimum and maximum concentrations for Particulate Matter- $PM_{2.5}$ were recorded as $19.5\mu g/m^3 \& 28.4\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at Rajendrapur location. The maximum concentration was also recorded at Rajendrapur location. The average concentration of $PM_{2.5}$ was $23.1\mu g/m^3$.

C. Sulphur Dioxide(SO₂):

The minimum and maximum for SO_2 concentrations were recorded as $7.8\mu g/m^3$ and $10.2\mu g/m^3$ at respectively. The minimum concentration was recorded at Virhorepat. The maximum concentration was also recorded at Tatijhara village. The average concentration of SO_2 was $8.7\mu g/m^3$.



Details of Salient Features

D. <u>Nitrogen Oxide(NO_X):</u>

The minimum and maximum for NO_xconcentrations were recorded as $17.5\mu g/m^3$ and $22.2\mu g/m^3$. The minimum concentration was recorded at Kutku Village location and the maximum concentration was recorded at Tatijharavillage. The average concentration of NO_xwas $19.3\mu g/m^3$.

E. Lead (Pb):

Maximum Lead detected in PM_{10} samples was $0.024\mu g/m^3$ at Tatijhara village location and the minimum lead in PM_{10} sample was $0.017\mu g/m^3$ detected at Kutku village location.

No lead could be detected in $PM_{2.5}$ samples at any of the Ambient Air samples at any of the locations.

F. Mercury(Ha):

Mercury was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

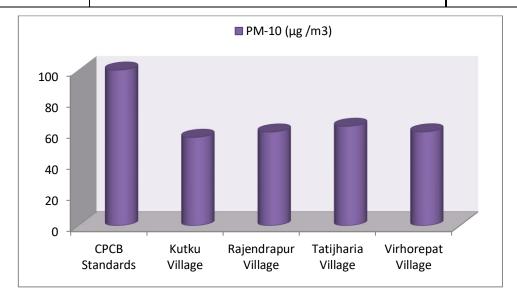
G. Arsenic (As):

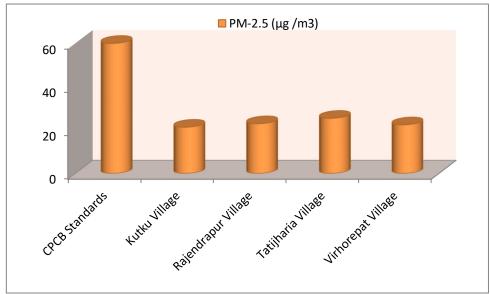
Arsenic was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

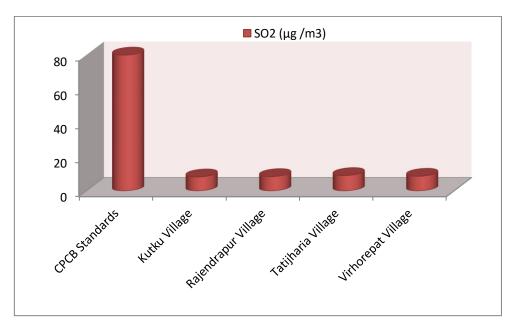
H. Chromium(Cr):

Chromium was not detected at any of the locations in PM_{10} samples as well as $PM_{2.5}$ Samples.

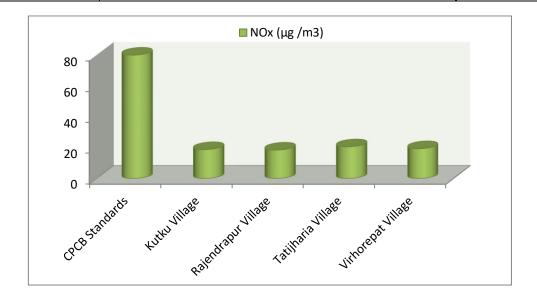


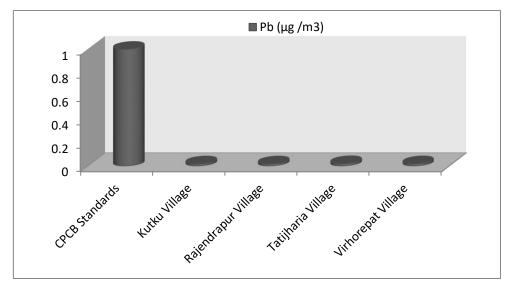


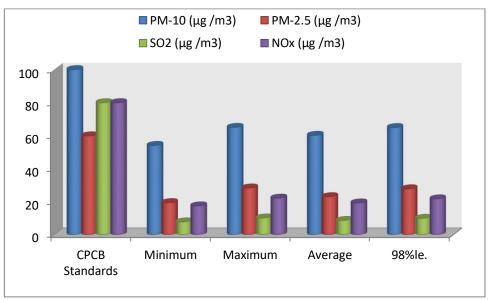














Details of Salient Features

18 Noise Environment

The Director General of Mines Safety in its circular No. DG (Tech)/18 of 1975, has prescribed the noise level in mining occupations (TLV) for workers, in an 8 hour shift period with unprotected ear as 90 dB(A) or less. There will be some noise sources in mines, which produce noise levels above 90 dB(A), however; the workers are not expected to be exposed continuously for 8 hours. In order to maintain this statutory requirement noise monitoring has been carried out in and around the mining lease area.

Work zone noise level in the mining area shall increase due to blasting excavation and transportation. The impacts due to the mining activities on the noise levels shall be negligible, if all the precautions for the elimination of the noise are taken. The mining activities will be undertaken during daytime only. The daytime equivalent noise levels, when all the machineries are in operation, shall be minimized as the machineries have been provided with control equipment. Noise monitoring carried out on monthly basis at mining site; Core Zone and Buffer Zone areas shown in **Fig. 3**.

Identification of sampling locations

Noise at different noise generating sources has been identified based on the activities in the village area and ambient noise due totraffic.

The noise monitoring has been conducted for determination of ambient noise levels in the mining area and villages. The noise levels at each location were recorded for 24 hours.

Instrument used for monitoring

Noise levels were measured using integrated sound level meter Model no. HTC-SL-1352. This instrument is capable of measuring the Sound Pressure Level (SPL), Leq.

Method of Monitoring

Sound Pressure Level (SPL) measurements were monitored at eight locations. The readings were taken for every hour for 24 hours. The day noise levels have been monitored during 6 am to 10 pm and night levels during 10 pm to 6 am at eight locations within 10-km radius of the study area.

Noise level monitoring was carried out continuously for 24 hours with one hour interval starting at 06.00 hrs to 06.00 hrs next day.



Details of Salient Features

Noise levels monitored during day and night at Four locations are found to be below in the Mining Area than the stipulated standard of CPCB for Industrial area as 75dB(A) and 70dB(A) for day and night respectively as given in **(Table 5)**.

Table 5
Noise Emission Monitoring Report

SR. NO.	LOCATION	Month	Noise	-dB(A)
SK. NO.	LOCATION	Wionth	Day Time	Night Time
Core Zone				
	N. IZ I (N. MY : I	January-2020	62.1	51.8
1.	New Kudag/Nr. Weigh Bridge	February-2020	62.8	53.2
	Bridge	March-2020	63.3	48.5
		January-2020	57.9	47.4
2.	Old Kudag/Mining Area	February-2020	59.3	48.6
		March-2020	58.6	47.9
Buffer Zon	e			
	Rajendrapur	January-2020	53.2	42.7
1.		February-2020	54.1	44.2
		March-2020	56.1	43.9
		January-2020	58.6	47.9
2.	Tatijharia Village	February-2020	62.2	49.5
		March-2020	62.8	48.5
CPCB Stan	dards			
Industrial .	Area		75	70
Residentia	l area		55	45

<u>Conclusion:</u> -The Noise Monitoring Results at Kudag Lease during this period (January-February-March-2020), it is within permissible limits as per CPCB Standards.

<u>Table 6</u>

HEMM Spot Noise Level Monitoring

Unit: dB(A) Leq

SI.	Logation	Januai	y-2020	Februar	y-2020	March-2	2020
No.	Location	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
1.	Nr. Weigh Bridge	60.2	73.5	61.8	72.6	62.5	74.3
2.	Mining Area	63.7	74.2	64.2	76.4	65.2	75.8



Details of Salient Features

2.0 Water QualityMonitoring

The existing status of water quality for ground water was assessed by collecting the water samples from underground wells from the mining area/old kudag.

The purpose of the study is to assess the water quality characteristics for critical parameters, evaluate the impacts on agricultural productivity, habitat conditions, recreational resources and aesthetics in the vicinity and identification of impact on water quality by this project and related activities.

The physico-chemical analysis of water samples collected during the study period is given in **(Table-8 and Fig.5)**. The overall water quality found to be below the stipulated standards of IS 10500-2012 for ground water & found to be fit for drinking purpose for tested parameters. Thus the impacts due to mining activities have been found to be insignificant.

The drinking water is supplied by the tankers from for-away sources. Hence, additional care now be taken to chlorinate the tankers before leaving the supply source.



Details of Salient Features

Table 8

Report on Chemical Examination of Ground Water Quality (February-2020)

Location:	GW1) Saraidih (Hindalco Campus)
Location	Sample Source:-Borewell Water

TEST RESULTS

				•	0500 : 2012 Specification)	
Sr. No.	Test Parameter	Measurement Unit	Test Method	Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	Test Result
1.	pH value	-	IS 3025 (Part 11)	6.5 to 8.5	No relaxation	7.16 at 25°C
2.	Turbidity	NTU	IS 3025 (Part 10)	1	5	0.6
3.	Colour	Hazen units	IS 3025 (Part 4)	5	15	1
4.	Odour	-	IS 3025 (Part 5)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
5.	Taste	-	IS 3025 (Part 8)	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
6.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	1.0	No relaxation	0.19
7.	Free residual chlorine	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 26)	Min. 0.2	1	< 0.1
8.	Total dissolved solids	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 16)	500	2000	472
9.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 60)	1.0	1.5	0.59
10.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 27)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.005
11.	Chloride (as Cl)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 32)	250	1000	73.26
12.	Total Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 23)	200	600	137.82
13.	Total hardness (as CaCO ₃)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 21)	200	600	179.42
14.	Calcium (as Ca)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 40)	75	200	51.76
15.	Magnesium (as Mg)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 46)	30	100	12.18
16.	Sulphate (as SO ₄)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 24)	200	400	28.32
17.	Nitrate (as NO ₃)	mg/l	APHA Method	45	No relaxation	12.46
18.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	1.5	< 0.03
19.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.1	0.3	< 0.05
20.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/l	IS: 3025 (Part 48)	0.001	No relaxation	< 0.0005
21.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/l	IS: 3025 (Part 41)	0.003	No relaxation	< 0.001
22.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/l	IS: 3025 (Part 56)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001
23.	Arsenic (as As)	mg/l	IS: 3025 (Part 37)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.01
24.	Aluminium (as Al)	mg/l	IS : 15302	0.03	0.2	< 0.005
25.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/l	IS: 3025 (Part 47)	0.01	No relaxation	< 0.001
26.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	5	15	1.7



Sr.	Test Parameter	Measurement	Test Method	•	0500 : 2012 r - Specification)	Test Result
No		Unit		Acceptable Limit	*Permissible Limit	
27.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.02	No relaxation	< 0.01
28.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03
29.	Barium (as Ba)	mg/l	Annexure F of IS 13428	0.7	No relaxation	< 0.01
30.	Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 34)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.1
31.	Sulphide (as H ₂ S)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 29)	0.05	No relaxation	< 0.03
32.	Chloramines (as Cl ₂)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 26)	4.0	No relaxation	< 0.05
33.	Molybdenum (as Mo)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.07	No relaxation	< 0.001
34.	Silver (as Ag)	mg/l	Annexure J of IS 13428	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.001
35.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.03
36.	Boron (as B)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 2)	0.5	2.4	< 0.1
37.	Mineral Oil	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 39)	0.5	No relaxation	< 0.001
38.	Tri Halo Methane					
	a. Bromoform			0.1	No relaxation	Absent
	b. Dibromochloromethane			0.1	No relaxation	Absent
	c. Bromodichloromethane	mg/l	APHA 6232	0.06	No relaxation	Absent
	d.Chloroform			0.2	No relaxation	Absent
39.	Phenolic compounds (as C ₆ H ₅ OH)	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 43) :1001	0.001	0.002	< 0.001
40.	Anionic detergents (as MBAS)	mg/l	IS 13428:2005 (Annex K)	0.2	1.0	< 0.01
41.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)	μg/l	USEPA : 550	0.1	No relaxation	< 0.03
42.	Total coliform	Per 100 ml	IS 15185	Absent	Absent	Absent
43.	Escherichia coli	Per 100 ml	IS 15185 : 2016	Absent	Absent	Absent



Details of Salient Features

Sr. No.	T I D	Measurement Unit	To a Made at	As per IS 10500 : 2012 (Drinking Water -	T
110.	Test Parameter	o	Test Method	Specification)	Test Result
44.	Pesticides residues				
i.	Alpha-HCH	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.01	< 0.01
ii.	Beta HCH	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
iii.	Delta- HCH	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.04	< 0.03
iv.	Alachlor	μg/l	USEPA 508	20	< 0.03
٧.	Aldrin /Dieldrin	μg/l	USEPA 508	0.03	< 0.03
vi.	Atrazine	μg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03
vii.	Butachlor	μg/l	USEPA 508	125	< 0.03
viii.	Chlorpyrifos	μg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
ix.	DDT and its Isomers	μg/l	USEPA 508	1	< 0.03
Χ.	Gamma - HCH (Lindane)	μg/l	USEPA 508	2	< 0.03
xi.	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	μg/l	USEPA 1657	30	< 0.03
xii.	Endosulphan	μg/l	USEPA 508	0. 4	< 0.03
xiii.	Ethion	μg/l	USEPA 1657	3	< 0.03
xiv.	Isoproturon	μg/l	USEPA 1657	9	< 0.03
XV.	Malathion	μg/l	USEPA 1657	190	< 0.03
xvi.	Methyl Parathion	μg/l	USEPA 1657	0. 3	< 0.03
xvii.	Monocrotophos	μg/l	USEPA 1657	1	< 0.03
xviii.	Phorate	μg/l	USEPA 1657	2	< 0.03

NOTES:

Please see watermark "Original Test Report" to confirm the authenticity of this report.

Results shall be referred to tested sample(s) and applicable to tested parameters only.

Test report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior written approval of Anacon Labs.

Liability of Anacon Labs is limited to invoiced amount only.

Non-perishable and perishable sample(s) shall be disposedoff after 30 days and 15 days respectively from the date of issue of Test Report, unless specified otherwise.

#Permissible limit in absence of an alternate source for drinking water.

MPN indicates most probable number.

mg/l" is equivalent to "ppb".

"'' indicates detection limit of instrument/method and shall be considered as 'absent'.

ND-Not detected

Result for test no. 7 is notrelevant.

REMARKS: Based upon request of the party, sample was tested for above mentioned parameters only. Sample complies with IS:10500:2012, for test conducted, indicating that it is fit for drinking purpose with respect to tested parameters.



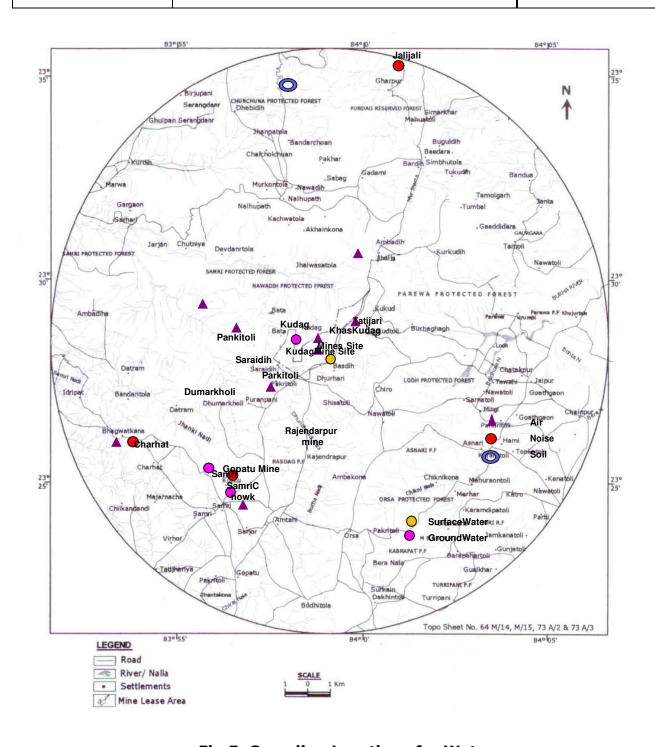


Fig 5: Sampling Locations for Water